

5-12 Art Curriculum

Grades 5-12 Visual Arts Curriculum Committee

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District Mission

The City of St. Charles School District will REACH, TEACH, and EMPOWER all students by providing a challenging, diverse, and innovative education.

District Vision

The City of St. Charles School District will be an educational leader recognized for high performance and academic excellence that prepares students to succeed in an ever-changing global society.

District Values

We, the City of St. Charles School District community of students, parents, staff, and patrons, value:

- High quality education for all students which includes:
 - Lifelong learning from early childhood through adult education
 - Rigorous learning experiences that challenge all students
 - Instruction that meets the needs of a diverse community
 - Respect for all
 - Real world, critical thinking and problem-solving skills to prepare students for the 21st Century
 - Developing caring, productive, and responsible citizens
 - Strong engagement of family and community
 - A safe, secure, and nurturing school environment
- Achievement through:
 - Celebration of individual success
 - Collaboration with parents and community stakeholders
 - Exploration, Innovation, and creativity
- High quality staff by:
 - Hiring and retaining highly qualified and invested employees
 - Providing professional development and collaboration focused on increasing student achievement
 - Empowering staff to use innovative resources and practices
- Informed decisions that are:
 - Student-centered
 - Focused on student achievement
 - Data Driven
 - Considerate of all points of view
 - Fiscally responsible

District Goals

For planning purposes, five overarching goals have been developed. These goals are statements of the key functions of the school district.

- 1. Student Performance
 - Develop and enhance the quality educational/instructional programs to improve student performance and enable students to meet their personal, academic, and career goals.
- 2. Highly qualified staff
 - Recruit, attract, develop, and retain highly qualified staff to carry out the District's mission, vision, goals, and objectives.
- 3. Facilities, Support, and Instructional Resource
 - Provide and maintain appropriate instructional resources, support services, and functional and safe facilities.
- 4. Parent and Community Involvement
 - Promote, facilitate and enhance parent, student, and community involvement in district educational programs.
- 5. Governance
 - Govern the district in an efficient and effective manner providing leadership and representation to benefit the students, staff, and patrons of the district.

School District Philosophical Foundations

Teachers in the School District of the City of St. Charles share in and ascribe to a philosophy that places children at the heart of the educational process. We feel that it is our professional responsibility to strive to be our best at all times and to maximize our efforts by ensuring that the following factors are present in our classrooms and our schools.

- 1. Learning is developed within the personal, physical, social, and intellectual contexts of the learner.
- 2. A strong educational program should provide developmental continuity.
- 3. The successful learner is motivated, strategic, knowledgeable, and interactive.
- 4. Children learn best when they have real purposes and can make connections to real life.
- 5. Effective learning is a combination of student exploration and teacher and mentor modeling.
- 6. Assessment is an ongoing and multidimensional process that is an integral part of instruction.
- 7. Making reading and writing connections across multiple sources and curricula facilitates meaning.
- 8. Literacy for the future means literacy in multiple technologies.
- 9. Education must respond to society's diverse population and serve all children.
- 10. Interactions among students, teachers, parents, and community form the network that supports learning.

Visual Art 5-12 Program Goals

Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.

Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).

Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.

Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.

Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.

5-12 Art Course Description

Visual Art 5

Fifth grade Visual Arts students will develop their skills at using a variety of media, techniques, and processes such as watercolor and printmaking. Students will communicate ideas on Fine Art subjects such as a landscape, Functional Art subjects such as an architectural style, and a Theme such as the United States. The Elements and Principles of Design will be explored as students discover ways to incorporate them into their artwork. Students will explore artistic perceptions such as describing the use of elements in an artwork, the connection of visual arts to other disciplines such as music, and artwork from historical or cultural contexts such as European paintings and architecture.

Visual Art 6

Sixth Grade Visual Arts will develop their skills at using a variety of media, techniques and processes such as clay and fibers. Students will communicate ideas on Fine Art subjects such as a portrait, Functional Art subjects such as illustrating text, and a Theme such as personal identity. The Elements and Principles of Deswell be explores as students discover ways to incorporate them into their artwork. Students will explore artistic perceptions such as different concepts of beauty, the connection of visual arts to other disciplines such as music, and artwork from historical or cultural contexts such as Africa and Asia.

Visual Art 7 and 8

This class will review & build on skills & concepts covered in Visual Art 7. Students draw, paint, sculpt in metal and clay, & create graphic designs in a variety of media. Students will focus on development in the areas of art making, history & criticism. Each unit is designed to give the opportunity to create an original work of art as they reflect on art & artists of the past & present.

INTRODUCTION TO ART 1

This course is a foundation for the advanced courses in the art department. Its purpose is to expose the stud ent to basic art concepts and processes. Units of study include Introduction to Art and Aesthetics, Line, Shap e, Form, Value and Color, Space, and Texture and Movement.

INTRODUCTION TO ART 2

This course is a continuation of Introduction to Art 1 and includes units of study in Composition and Design, Interpretation, Analysis and criticism, Two-Dimensional Media and Three Dimensional Media.

PHOTOGRAPHY

Students will study digital photography as an art form, as well as photojournalism. They will learn the technical skills necessary to successfully use DSLR cameras. Students will learn to produce photos that have proper exposure and composition.

CERAMICS/SCULPTURE

This course includes an exploration of basic sculptural and ceramic techniques, with an emphasis on design and sculptural composition. A wide variety of materials and techniques including plaster, wood, metal, clay and mixed media are included in study units relating to sculpture.

DRAWING/PAINTING

Experiences with various drawing and painting media such as pencil, conte, chalk, pen and ink, watercolor and acrylic are included in this course with an emphasis on technique. Subject matter includes figure, portraits, landscape and still life. Most projects will be realistic in style

CREATIVE GRAPHIC DESIGN

The field of graphic design ranges from animation to advertising, game design to illustration. Graphic designers produce ideas and experiences with images, text and graphics, and all of these topics will be covered in this course. Students will learn how to use design elements and composition in creating digital artwork with

programs and applications. Visual communication will be explored by studying the power of color, the impact of lettering, and the importance of design.

AP STUDIO ART

This is an intense one to two-

year program taken the junior and senior year for those who are serious in continuing their education in the f ield of art. The AP course will build a professional portfolio over the course of the program. Enhancing the qua lity of student work, developing a concentration based on a

visual interest, and increasing the breadth of experiences in visual art are the goals of the class. Class size wil I be limited to allow the teacher and students to work in close cooperation as college credit for AP Studio Art is based upon submission of a portfolio for evaluation.

5-12 Art Rationale

The rationale for Visual Arts in the St. Charles School District is to provide an intellectual, emotional, and historical understanding of art. By exposing students to different media, concepts and art history they will make formal and informal judgments about art and its importance in our society and afferent global cultures, in the tactile environment of the visual art class, the students build their visual/spatial abilities, learn problem-solving skills and discover how to express themselves visually. As art is creative and individualistic, students gain tolerance and respect for a diversity of expression among cultures and also for the variety of solution possible for given problems.

Scope and Sequence

K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	o to ArtIntr	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio	Photography	AP Art History I
I. Creative Expression/Production															
 A. Problem Solving 1. Choose a medium to best express an idea that emphasizes skill refinement and control. 		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	E	E	E	E		
2. Demonstrates proper use, control, and maintenance of tools and media.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	Е	R	R	Е	Е	R	
3. Recognize that the making of art requires thought, knowledge and research.		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	E	R	R	E	Е	R	E
4. Identify problems encountered while making art in a sequential order and develop possible solutions.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	R	E	E	R	
B. Forms/Media/Technique															
1. Drawing	IPP1A														
a. Use a variety of media and drawing techniques with control appropriate to age level.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	E	E	E		
b. Demonstrate craftsmanship in drawing through control of media and techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	E	E	Е		
2. Painting	IPP1B														
a. Use a variety of media and apply controlled painting and brush techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	E	E	R	R	Е		
b. Demonstrate craftsmanship in painting through control of media and techniques.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	Е	E	E		

3. Digital/Computer Art	IPP1C														
a. Demonstrate control of computers as an															
art media or tool for creating digital															
images.				R						E				Е	
4. Other Media	IPP1D														
a. Use a printmaking process.		R	R				E		R	E				Е	
b. Fiber		R	R	R	R		E				Е	E			
c. Mixed Media	IPP1D	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	R	
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	ainting IIP/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio	Photography	AP Art History I
d. Show an awareness of photography,			-												
video and/or computer as art media or															
tools.		R	R	R	R	R		R		Е			Е	Е	
e. Demonstrate control of photographic															
processes.														I	
5. Sculpture, Ceramics, Other Media	IPP2A														
a. Control media and sculptural techniques to construct three dimensional art works.		R	R	R	R	R	Е				R	E			
 b. Use additive, subtractive, modeling, and/or assemblage processes for sculpture. (relief, in-the-round) 		R	R	R	R	R	R				E	E			
C. Subject Matter and Themes in Artworks															
 Identify and/or create subject matter in fine art: 	IPP3A	R	R	R	R	R	E	Е	E	Е	Е	E	E	E	E
2. Identify and/or create functional art	IPP3B	R	R		R		Е			Е	Е	Е		Е	Е
3. Identify and/or create themes in art:	IPP3C	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е
II. Elements and Principles of Design															
A. Elements of Design															
1. Line	IIEP1A														

a. Identify and/or create different types and varieties of lines. (i.e., line direction, straight, curved, width, length, etc.)		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	R			E	Е	E
b. Identify and/or create different descriptive lines. (i.e., contour, outline, expressive, gesture, etc.)		R	E	R	R	R	R	E	E	R			E		E
c. Experiment with a variety of linear techniques. (i.e., hatching, cross-hatching, implied, etc.)		I	R		R	R	R	E	E	R			E		
d. Use line expressively to communicate ideas.						I	R	R	R				Е		
2. Shape	IIEP1B														
a. Identify shapes as two dimensional.		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
 b. Identify and/or use basic geometric, organic, and free form shapes. 		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	E	R	R	Е	Е	R	E
c. Identify and/or create complex, expressive, and/or symbolic shapes. (i.e. people, animals, machines etc.)		I	R	R	R	R	R	Е	E	E	R	Е	E		E
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop E = Expand/Advance	GLE REF.	5	6	7	8	Intro to Art I	World Art	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	reative Graphic C Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History I
d. Differentiate shapes through variations in color, value, texture, and/or line.			I			I	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
e. Use shape expressively to communicate ideas.						I	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е		
3. Form	IIEP1C														
a. Recognize the differences between two dimensional and three dimensional works.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	Е	Е	Е		E
 b. Identify and/or use basic geometric, organic, and free form forms. 		R	R	R	Е	R	R			R	E	Е	E	R	Е
c. Define the difference between an open and closed form.						I	R				E	Е			E
d. Identify and/or create the illusion of form.		I	R		R	Е	R	Е	Е	R			Е		Е

e. Use form expressively to communicate ideas.						I	I				R	Е	Е		
4. Texture	IIEP1D														
a. Be aware of how various textures feel.		R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	
b. Recognize and describe differences in textures that are actual and implied.		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	E	E	Е
c. Create and use actual and/or implied textures.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	R	Е	Е	Е	E	
d. Use texture expressively to communicate ideas.											I	R	Е		
5. Color	IIEP1E														
a. Identify and/or use primary, secondary, intermediate, and neutral colors.		R	R	R	R	R	R	E	E	Е	R	R	Е		Е
 Recognize and be able to mix two colors to create a third color. 		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	E	R	R	R	Е		
c. Recognize and/or use different color schemes. (i.e., warm, cool, analogous, triad, complementary, etc.)		R	Е	Е	Е	R	R	E	Е	Е	R	R	Е		E
d. Differentiate between and/or use color value and intensity.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	E	Е	R	R	Е		R
e. Use color expressively to communicate ideas.		I	R	R	R	I	R	R	R	R			Е	R	
K-12 Visual Art Scope and Sequence I = Introduce R = Review/Develop	GLE	-		_		Intro to Art I	ld ArtWor	Painting I/Drawing	Painting II/Drawing	Creative Graphic Design	Sculpture I/Ceramics	Sculpture II/Ceramics	AP Studio I	Photography	AP Art History I
E = Expand/Advance 6. Value	REF.	5	6	7	8										
a. Identify and/or use light and dark															
values.			Е		R	R	R	Е	Е				Е	Е	R
b. Identify and demonstrate color value.			R			R	R								
c. Use a range of values to create contrast, shadows, or illusion of form.		R	R	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е				Е	
d. Use value expressively to communicate ideas.							R	R	R	R			Е	 	
7. Space	IIEP1G						IX			IX				-	

a. Identify and/or use foreground, middle ground, and background to create illusion of space.		R	R		R	R	R	R	R					R	R
b. Recognize and use change of scale, placement on the page, and overlapping of shapes to create the illusion of depth on a picture plane.		R	R			R	R	R	R						R
c. Use systems of perspective to depict the illusion of depth. (i.e.,linear, atmospheric, etc.)		I	R	R	R		R	R	E					R	
d.Identify and/or use positive and negative shapes, space, or form.			R	R	R	I	R	R	R	R	Е	Е		R	R
e. Use space expressively to communicate ideas.										I	R	Е	E	R	
B. Principles of Design															
1. Balance	IIEP2A														
a. Identify and/or use different types of balance in compositions. (i.e., radial, symmetrical(formal), approximate(informal), asymmetrical, etc.)		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	E	R	R
b. Use arrangements of elements to achieve compositional balance.		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	R
c. Use balance expressively to communicate ideas.						Ι	Е	R	R	R	R	E	E	R	
2. Emphasis	IIEP2B														
a. Identify and/or use elements to create a center of interest.(focal point, contrast, convergence, isolation, location)		R	R	R		R	Е	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
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E = Expand/Advance	REF.	Э	6	1	8									_	
b. Use emphasis expressively to communicate ideas.						I	Е	R	R	R	R	Е	Е	Е	
3. Contrast	IIEP2C														

a. Identify and/or use elements and/or principles to create contrast in works of art. (color, value, balance, texture, size, line, shape)		R	R		R	R	E	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
b. Identify and/or use variation within elements or artwork to create contrast.			I			Ι	E	R	R		R	R	E	R	R
c. Use contrast expressively to communicate ideas.						I	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	
4. Rhythm/Repetition (pattern)	IIEP2D														
a. Identify and/or use repetition to achieve patterns and/or rhythms. (alternating, repeating, progressive, complex, and regular)		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R
b. Use a shape to develop an overall pattern.		R	R	R	R	R	Е	R	R	R	R	R	Е		
c. Use Rhythm expressively to support the communication of ideas.						I	E	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	
5. Unity	IIEP2E														
a. Identify and/or create unity in art through the elements and/or principles.		R	R			R	E	R	E	E	E	E	E	R	R
b. Use unity expressively to support the communication of ideas.							Е	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	
6. Proportion	IIEP2F														
a. Identify and/or use proportion in compositions. (scale, facial, figure)		R	R		R	R	Е	R	Е	R	R	R	Е	R	R
b. Use proportion expressively to support the communication of ideas.						I	Е	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	
*III. Criticism, Analysis, Evaluation, and Perceptions															
A. Aesthetics	IIIAP1A														
1. Discuss how perceptions in art relate to aesthetics and responses to artworks.		R	R	R	R	R	E	E	E	E	Е	Е	E	E	Е

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B. Art Criticism	IIIAP2A														
 Identify and/or describe the formal qualities in works of art 		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	E	E	R	E
2. Analyze the formal qualities in works of art					I	R	R	R	E	R	R	E	E	R	E
3. Interpret formal qualities and/or meaning in works of art (Expression, symbolism, personal reaction, message)		I	R	I	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	E	E	R	E
4. Evaluate/judge the formal qualities in works of art based on accepted aesthetic theories of art (Imitationalism, Emotionalism/Expressionism, Formalism, Functionalism)			Ι	R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	E	E	R	E
IV. Interdisciplinary Connections															
A. Connecting visual and performing arts	IVIC1A														
1. Explain connections between visual art and performing arts.		R	R	R		R	E	R	R				E		E
B. Connecting art and non-art subjects	IVIC2A														
 Explain the connections between Visual Art and Communication Arts, Math, Science, or Social Studies(social ideas, contemporary events). V. Cultural Heritage/History 		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	E	E	R	E	E	E	E
A. Historical Period or Culture	VHC1A														
1. Identify and discuss artworks from different cultures and/or locations											R	E			
a. United States		R		R	R		Е								Е
b. Europe		R		R		R	E								Е
c. Native American					R		E								E

d. Africa			R				Е								Е
e. Latino							E								E
f. Asia			R				Е								E
g. Pre-Columbian Americas (Aztec, Inca, Maya)			Ι		R		Е								E
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Identify and discuss artworks from different time periods and or/movements	VHC1A														
a. Prehistoric (cave art and others)							-						Е		E
b. Ancient/Classical (Egypt, Greece, Rome)			R			R	—						E		E
c. Medieval													Е		E
d. Renaissance and Baroque				Ι		R	I						Е		Е
e. Modern (Realism, Abstract, or Non- objective)		R	R	Е	R	E	R	E	E	E	E	E	E	R	E
f. Post-Modern and Contemporary				L.	R	Е	R	Е	E	Е	E	E	Е	R	Е
B. Characteristics of Artwork from different time periods and/or cultures	VHC1B														
1. Compare and contrast artworks from different time periods and/or cultures (time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, material/technology, ideas and beliefs of culture, function of art in culture/society)		R	R	R	R	R	E	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
2. Describe the evolution of an artist's body of work				Ι	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	E



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Drawing Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Colored pencils Markers Chalk pastels Oil Pastels Visual examples 	erasers, blending stumps	 Various traditional drawing media, technic the elements and principles of art and sub artists and designers as they seek to compart problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning engage people in a personal response. 	bject matters are municate ideas a	available for nd solve visual
Student art/archit ENDURING UNDERSTAND	tecture reference sources	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
breaking with trac Creativity and inn be developed. Engagement with	ers shape artistic investigations, following or ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. ovative thinking are essential life skills that can the arts can lead to understanding and lf, others, the natural world, and constructed	 How does knowing the contexts, histories us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from estable How do life experiences influence the ware How does learning about art impact how What can we learn from our responses to 	blished traditions y you relate to an we perceive the art?	?
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI	Τ?	
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	lards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1A, PP3A,	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communication		X	

PP3B	artworks created for various purposes (PP3)		
DESE GLE: EP1A, EP1C, EP1D, EP2C, EP2F	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)	Х	
NCAS: Re7.1, Re7.2, Re8.1, Re9.1	Responding: Perceive and analyze artistic work (NCAS: Re7); Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work (NCAS: Re8); Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work (NCAS: Re9)	х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 C: DESE GLE PP1A, PP3A, PP3B EP: DESE GLE EP1A, EP1C, EP1D, EP2C, EP2F PRC: NCAS RE7.1, RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional drawing media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 		 Still life Contour lines Illusion of form: cube, sphere, cylinder, cone Interpreting art/architecture Architecture and elements of architectural styles (e.g. type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp) Implied or simulated texture Texture contrast 	 Create a still life that shows the illusion of form (PP3A) Use contour lines (EP1A) Use an illusion of form: cube, sphere, cylinder, cone (EP1C) Interpret art/architecture (RE7.1, RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1) Create an original building based upon elements of architectural styles (e.g. type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp) (PP3B)

FACILITATING AC	Relative size (realistic scale) TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING	 Create texture or surface quality using any drawing media (PP1A) Use implied or simulated textures (EP1D) Use texture contrast (EP2C) Use relative size (realistic scale) (EP2F)
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/architecture Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a still life that shows the illusion of form using contour lines Make observations about the meaning or purpose of a building using a reference, such as 13 Buildings Children Should Know by Annette Roeder, and compare with a partner or the class Observe a building and discuss its suggested cultural associations Discuss how architects convey a building's purpose or mood Discuss two different buildings and the different criteria that might be used to evaluate them Create an original building design with implied texture, texture contrast, and relative size Learn about subject matters, drawing techniques, and design concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based 	1, 2, 3, 4

	setting <u>http://teachingforartis</u> to help with generating creating original art		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Social Studies: Artworks and architecture reflect the culture in which they were created	 Everyday objects Architecture in the community or from prior knowledge 		 What are some common objects that can be found in a home or at school, such as objects we might place on a table? How could these objects be grouped? How could they be chosen to express an idea or tell a story? How can architecture reflect the culture in which it was created? How can it be designed to function well for its intended occupants and purpose? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNE	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept? Class discussions Written responses 		Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4

НОМ	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?				
	Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience HOW V 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LI 	1, 2, 3, 4 EARNED?			
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4			



	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Painting Media, Techniques, and Processes
ST. CIANT	COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1- 2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:		BIG IDEA(S):		
 Painting paper Paint Brushes Tempera Paint Mixing trays Watercolor paint Visual examples 		 Various traditional painting media, techr the elements and principles of art and su artists and designers as they seek to com art problems. 	bject matters are	available for
breaking with tra	ners shape artistic investigations, following or ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. novative thinking are essential life skills that can	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, historie us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from esta 	blished traditions	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1B, PP3A	Creating: Select and apply 2-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes (PP3)		X	
DESE GLE: EP1E, EP1G, EP2A	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)		X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 C: DESE GLE PP1B, PP3A EP: DESE GLE EP1E, EP1G, EP2A 	

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 	 Landscape Asymmetrical (informal) balance Converging lines Illusion of space Horizon line Watercolor paint Color wheel Intermediate and neutral colors Tempera paint Hard edge painting 	 Create an original outdoor scene to show th illusion of space (PP3A) Use asymmetrical (informal) balance (EP2A) Use converging lines to create the illusion of space (EP1G) Use a single horizon line (EP1G) Apply layers of watercolor paint from lightes to darkest colors (PP1B) Identify the arrangement of colors on a colo wheel (EP1E) Mix a variety of hues to create new colors (PP1B) Use intermediate and neutral colors (EP1E) Using tempera paints produce a sharp, clear edge between areas of color (PP1B)
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about creating the illusion of space and utilizing and creating colors Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create an original outdoor scene using asymmetrical balance, converging lines to create the illusion of space, a single horizon line, and watercolor paint. Identify intermediate and neutral colors and the arrangement of colors on the color wheel. Using tempera paint mix a variety of hues to create new colors to use in an original painting using a sharp, clear edge between areas of color. Learn about subject matters, painting techniques, and design concepts during demonstrations as part of a TAB/Choice-Based setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art 	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Science: Spatial Perceptions	 Landscape Other ways of creating the illusion of space (e.g. overlapping, size changes, faded background) Primary colors Secondary colors 	 What types of landscapes have students seen? How does the size of your hand, held up in front of you, compare with objects in the distance? How would they compare if they were side by side? How can this concept be applied to roads that are painted going off into the distance? What can a color wheel tell us? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?

•	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept?		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Formative	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 2, 3, 4
•	Class discussions	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	Τς μανε νοτι έα	
		Possible Interven		
	TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
•	Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	 Additional practice, positive information into smalle 		2, 3, 4
	HOWW	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/Er		ARNED?
	INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
•	Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making	 Combine knowledge wi goals to generate a new Try a new approach to concept in a work of ar 	v art idea using the art	3, 4

breaking from tradition	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Printmaking Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1 class - 2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Styrofoam Subtracting tool (e.g. pencil) Markers Tempera Paint Brayers Visual examples 		 Various traditional printmaking media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 		
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? 		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI	T?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.		MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1D	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, a challenging visual art problems (PP1)	and processes to communicate ideas and solve	X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating
Objectives	

REFERENCES/STANDARDS • C: DESE GLE PP1D)					
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS						
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS					
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products				
 Traditional printmaking media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 	Subtractive printmakingPrinting platePrints	 Demonstrate a subtractive printmaking process (e.g. styrofoam, linoleum, wood, eraser) to produce multiple images (PP1D) 				
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)				
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about the process of reproducing images through printmaking. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating. 	 Press a drawing into a styrofoam printing plate. Use plate to print multiple images. Learn about printmaking skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	2, 3, 4				

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
• Math: Creating mathematical patterns	 Stamping Symmetry Patterns 		 If printing creates a mirror image of the plathow do words need to start on a plate in order to print legibly? Why might an artist want to create a series the same artwork? How could these new skills be combined win personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? 	
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?	
 ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept? Class discussions 		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Formative	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 2, 3, 4	
НОМ	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?	
	Possible Interver	tions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding Additional practice, point information into small 			2, 3, 4	

and answer any questions, give students		
opportunities to work through difficulties		
they may experience		
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LI	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea 	3, 4
• Give students space and time to experiment	• Try a new approach to using the art	
and take risks with their art-making	concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition	

STUT OF THE CITY	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes
A CHARTER AND A CHART AND A CH	COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paint brushes Kiln Papier-mâché materials 	 Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response. 		

 Construction pap Scissors Glue Tape Visual examples 	er			
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from estab How do life experiences influence the way How does learning about art impact how What can we learn from our responses to 	lished traditions / you relate to ar we perceive the art?	? t?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.		MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP2A	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP2)		X	
DESE GLE: AP1A	Responding: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1)		X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 C: DESE GLE PP2A PRC: DESE GLE AP1A

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 	 Form Sculpture in-the-round Scoring Slipping Slip Real texture Modeling Coils 	 Combine simple forms to create a complex/form (in-the-round) (PP2A) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits (PP2A) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil technique (PP2A) Discuss and develop answers to questions about art such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? (AP1A)
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a clay bust starting with a cylinder and molding/adding simple forms to create a complex, in-the-round object/form. Create an object (e.g. model for a building) using paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits. Learn about a ceramic artist (e.g. Maria 	2, 3, 4

 Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or 	OR SUMMATIVE? Summative	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4
HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STU ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	FORMATIVE	ED ? DOK TARGET
Martinez who used th form her pots) and re such as: What makes valuable, or good? Form a pot using the Learn about sculpture other 3D media skills during demonstration Teaching for Artistic I Choice-Based Setting generating ideas and art. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE C • History: Artifacts give us information about past civilizations (e.g. pottery) • Modeling with clay • Paper folding technic • Building with layered	espond to questions an artwork special, coil technique. e, ceramics, and and concepts ns as part of a Behavior (TAB)/ to help with creating original ONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS How is sculpture in-the-round different from relief sculpture? What are some different overall forms that a clay pot can be shaped into (e.g. straight, rounded)? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?

Class discussions	Formative				
Written responses	Summative				
нои	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA	ARNED?			
	Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
Provide additional examples,	Additional practice, possibly "chunking"	1, 2, 3, 4			
demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	information into smaller tasks				
	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4			



4	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes	
	COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks	
8			

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paint brushes Kiln Papier-mâché materials Construction paper Scissors Glue Tape Visual examples 	 Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments. 	 How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art? How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world? What can we learn from our responses to art?
Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP2A	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP2)	X	
DESE GLE: AP1A	Responding: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1)	Х	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	C: DESE GLE PP2A PRC: DESE GLE AP1A		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	STAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
processes, as well principles of art an used to communic art problems.	lia, techniques, and as the elements and d subject matters, can be ate ideas and solve visual ng and engages people in se.	 Form Sculpture in-the-round Scoring Slipping Slip Real texture Modeling Coils 	 Combine simple forms to create a complex/form (in-the-round) (PP2A) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits (PP2A) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil technique (PP2A) Discuss and develop answers to questions about art such as: What makes an artwork

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Create a clay bust starting with a cylinder and molding/adding simple forms to create a complex, in-the-round object/form. Create an object (e.g. model for a building) using paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits. Learn about a ceramic artist (e.g. Maria Martinez who used the coil technique to form her pots) and respond to questions such as: What makes an artwork special, valuable, or good? Form a pot using the coil technique. Learn about sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 History: Artifacts give us information about past civilizations (e.g. pottery) 	 Modeling with clay Pinch pot Paper folding techniques Building with layered materials 	 How is sculpture in-the-round different from relief sculpture? What are some different overall forms that a clay pot can be shaped into (e.g. straight,

			 rounded)? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate
			original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	Ν	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	ling of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
НОЖ	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE	ITS HAVE NOT LEA	RNED?
	Possible Interver	ntions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, point information into small 		1, 2, 3, 4
ном м	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	S HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/E	nrichments	

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4

Succi OF THE CITY	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Themes in Art Techniques and Processes
A State A Stat	COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 1 - 2 Weeks

 MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Materials for communicating an idea about a theme (e.g. drawing, painting) Visual examples Student reference sources 	 BIG IDEA(S): Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas about a theme. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response.
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art? How does learning about art impact how we perceive the world? What can we learn from our responses to art?

environments.					
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
DESE GLE: PP3C	Creating: Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks for various purposes (PP3)	Х			
DESE GLE: EP1	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1)	Х			
NCAS: Pr4, Pr5, Pr6, Cn10, Cn11 DESE GLE: AP2	 Presenting: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation (Pr4); Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation (Pr5); Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work (Pr6) Responding: Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary (AP2) Connecting: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art (Cn10); Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical content to deepen understanding (Cn11) 	X			

OBJECTIVES	OBJECTIVES Creating; Elements and Principles of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connecting	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 C: DESE GLE PP3C EP: DESE GLE EP1B PRC: DESE AP2A; NCAS PR4, PR5, PR6, CN10, CN11 	
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		

UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 	 Theme Communicating an idea Symbolic shapes Curator Art museum Contour lines, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance, contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view 	 Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the following themes: United States, Patriotism, World, Time (e.g. past, present, future) (PP3C) Use symbolic shapes (EP1B) Define the roles and responsibilities of a curator, explaining the skills and knowledge needed in preserving, maintaining, and presenting objects, artifacts, and artwork (Pr4.1) Develop a logical argument for safe and effective use of materials and techniques for preparing and presenting artwork (Pr5.1) Cite evidence about how an exhibition in a museum or other venue presents ideas and provides information about a specific concept or topic. (Pr6.1) Describe the use of the following in artworks: Contour lines, symbolic shapes, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance, contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view (AP2A) Apply formal and conceptual vocabularies of art and design to view surroundings in new ways through artmaking (Cn10.1)

FACILITATING ACTIV	/ITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	 Identify how art is used to inform or change beliefs, values, or behaviors of an individua or society (Cn11.1) ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Facilitate discussions and guide students through the process of creating artwork that communicates an idea about a theme Provide visual examples Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Discuss the process of presenting: Using a group of artwork (e.g. SLAM website, The Art of Freedom by Bob Raczka) discuss the roles and responsibilities of a curator Discuss the safe and effective use of materials and techniques for preparing and presenting artwork Discuss how an exhibition presents ideas and information about a specific concept or topic Practice the process of connecting: Using a variety of images as reference (e.g. the Art of Freedom by Bob Raczka) describe the use of the following in artworks: contour lines, symbolic shapes, illusion of form, implied/simulated textures, intermediate and neutral colors, asymmetrical balance, contrast/variety of textures, perspective: change in size, point of view 	1, 2, 3, 4

	 Practice viewing surroundings in a new way by applying art concepts. Create an original artwork that communicates an idea about the United States, Patriotism, the World, or Time (e.g. past, present, future) using symbolic shapes or other relevant art concepts Discuss an artwork that has informed or created change for an individual or society (e.g. American art that expresses patriotism) Learn about themes and communication skills and concepts during demonstrations as part of a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based Setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art. 	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Social studies: United States, Patriotism, the World, Time (past, present, future) 	Symbolic shapesMuseum	 How is artwork chosen to be grouped together in a museum or book? How have artists expressed their ideas about America? How can symbolic shapes be used to communicate an idea? How can artwork inform or create change for an individual or society? What ideas would the students likes to express about the theme? How can they get

			their ideas across in a visual way?
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Does the student's artwork show an understar concept? Class discussions Written responses	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
НОМ	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?
	Possible Interver	itions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	DOK TARGET
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	G TASK	
Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	Additional practice, po information into smalle	ssibly "chunking"	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin
Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	Additional practice, po	ssibly "chunking" er tasks	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4
Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	 Additional practice, po information into smalle 	ssibly "chunking" er tasks HAVE ALREADY LE	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4
Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience	Additional practice, po information into smalle VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	ssibly "chunking" er tasks • HAVE ALREADY LE hrichments	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Process of creating	
COURSE: Art 5	UNIT DURATION: 8-10 weeks; shorter if integrating into whole-class projects	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Materials being used for project if integrating into whole-class learning activity Variety of media if using TAB/Choice-Based Art setting Drawing (e.g. drawing pencils, colored pencils, markers, pastels, drawing paper) Painting (e.g. tempera paint, watercolor paint, brushes, painting paper) Printmaking (e.g. gel plates, tempera paint, brayers, stamps) Fiber Arts (e.g. string, yarn, fabric, looms) Collage (e.g. construction paper, scissors, glue) Sculpture (e.g. cardboard, pipe cleaners, wood, glue, tape) 	 A student involved in the creative process (NCAS): Imagines a mental image or concept Investigates and studies through exploration or examination Constructs a product by combining or arranging a series of elements Reflects and thinks deeply about his or her work Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems.
O Digital arts (e.g. chromebooks) ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
• Practicing the process of creating can help students gain skill at	 What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and

communicating ideas and solving visual art problems. The process innovative thinking? What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks? How does collaboration expand the creative process? includes these principles (NCAS): **O** Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from that can be developed. 0 Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, established traditions? How do artists determine what resources and following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations? art-making goals. How do artists work? How do artists and designers determine whether a 0 Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches. designers learn from trial and error? Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and freedom and responsibility while developing and creating equipment? Why is it important for safety and health to understand and follow correct procedures in handling materials, tools, and equipment? artworks. 0 People create and interact with objects, places, and design What responsibilities come with the freedom to create? that define, shape, enhance, and empower their lives. How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities? How do 0 Artist and designers develop excellence through practice artists and designers determine goals for designing or redesigning objects, and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and places, or systems? How do artists and designers create works of art or refining work over time. design that effectively communicate? What role does persistence play in revising, refining, and developing work? How do artists grow and become accomplished in art forms? How does collaboratively reflecting on a work help us experience it more completely? WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT? Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary **REFERENCE/STANDARD** STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING **STANDARD** STANDARD *i.e.* GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS NCAS: Cr1, Cr2, Cr3 Creating: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work (Cr1); Organize and develop artistic Х ideas and work (Cr2); Refine and complete artistic work (Cr3)

OBJECTIVES	Creating		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• C: NCAS Cr1.1, Cr1	2, Cr2.1, Cr2.2, Cr2.3, Cr3.1	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Artists and designed investigations, follow traditions in pursuid goals. Artists and designed forms, structures, media, and art-mail Artists and designed experimentation and responsibility while creating artworks. People create and in places, and designed enhance, and emptioned and through practice arthrough practice arthrough practice arthrough practice article article article arthrough practice article artis article article article article article article article arti	that can be developed. ers shape artistic owing or breaking with it of creative art-making ers experiment with materials, concepts, king approaches. ers balance and safety, freedom and e developing and interact with objects, that define, shape,	 Original idea Thumbnail sketch Traditional media (e.g. pencil, paint), techniques (e.g. stippling, blending), processes (e.g. stitching fabric, pulling a print), as well as the elements and principles of art (e.g. color, balance), and subject matters (e.g. still life, landscape) Artist statement 	 Combine ideas to generate an innovative idea for art-making (NCAS:Cr1.1) Identify and demonstrate diverse methods of artistic investigation (inquiry and exploration) to choose an approach for beginning a work of art (NCAS: Cr1.2) Experiment and develop skills in multiple art-making techniques and approaches through practice (NCAS: Cr2.1) Demonstrate quality craftsmanship through care for and use of materials, tools, and equipment (NCAS: Cr2.2) Identify, describe, and visually document places and/or objects of personal significance (NCAS: Cr2.3) Create artist statements using art vocabulary to describe personal choices in art-making (NCAS: Cr3.1)

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about the creative process Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Practice the process of creating in a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ choice-based setting <u>http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/</u> or whole-class activity with flexibilty on the choice spectrum <u>https://www.theartofed.com/2014/12/1</u> <u>9/where-are-you-on-the-choice-</u> <u>spectrum/</u> From a discussion, list, or inspiration board combine two or more ideas into an innovative idea to guide an artwork Discuss and practice methods for approaching a new work of art (e.g. research, thumbnail sketches) Explore and develop skills in multiple TAB studios (e.g. drawing, painting, fiber arts) Learn about and use care when using materials, tools, and equipment Use places and/or objects of personal significance in an artwork Create student generated and refined original works of art Reflect on original artwork, describing 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Students may choose to communicate ideas about other disciplines as part of their artistic goal (e.g. music, sports, current events or culture) 	 Places and/or subjects significance Prior experience with t creating 	he process of	 Where do ideas for creating art come from? How can skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? How does an artist decide on a medium, technique, process, element or principle, subject matter, or theme to help meet their artistic goals? How do artists reflect on their work? How car a reflection help inform the next artistic goal?
HC	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	ding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interver	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life	Combine knowledge with personal art	3, 4
experiences with their art	goals to generate a new art idea	
Give students space and time to experiment	• Try a new approach to using the art	
and take risks with their art-making	concept in a work of art, possibly	
	breaking from tradition	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Drawing Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Drawing paper	• Various traditional drawing media, techniques, and processes, as well as

 Drawing pencils, erasers, blending stumps Colored pencils Markers Chalk pastels Oil Pastels Visual examples Student portrait reference sources ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. 		 the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do life experiences influence the way you relate to art? 		nd solve visual ociations and of art forms help ?
 Engagement with the arts can lead to understanding and appreciation of self, others, the natural world, and constructed environments. How does learning about art impact how What can we learn from our responses to How does art preserve aspects of life? WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI 		o art?		
		ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1A, PP3A, PP3B	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1); Communicate ideas about subject matter and theme in artworks created for various purposes (PP3)		x	
DESE GLE: EP1A, EP1B, EP1G, EP2C, EP2F	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements and principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)		X	
NCAS: Re7.1, Re7.2, Re8.1, Re9.1			X	

NCAS: Cn11.1	Connecting: Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical content to deepen	
	understanding (Cn11)	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design; Presenting, Responding, Connecting		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 C: DESE GLE PP1A, PP3A, PP3B EP: DESE GLE EP1A, EP1B, EP1G, EP2C, EP2F PRC: NCAS RE7.1, RE7.2, RE8.1, RE9.1, Cn11.1 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERST	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
processes, as well as principles of art and used to communicat art problems.	subject matters, can be te ideas and solve visual g and engages people in	 Continuous line Contour line Positive and negative shapes Converging lines Interpreting art Realistic portrait Realistic proportion Abstract portrait Contrast Illustrate 	 Use pencil or marker to draw a continuous line that describes an object from observation (PP1A) Use contour lines to define a complex object (EP1A) Use positive and negative shapes in two- dimensional work (EP1G) Use converging lines (EP1A) Identify and interpret works of art or design that reveal how people live around the world and what they value (NCAS: Re7.1) Analyze ways that visual components and cultural associations suggested by images influence ideas, emotions, and actions (NCAS: Re7.2) Analyze how art reflects changing times,

		 traditions, resources, and cultural uses (NCAS: Cn11.1) Interpret art by distinguishing between relevant and non-relevant contextual information and analyzing subject matter, characteristics of form and structure, and use of media to identify ideas and mood conveyed (NCAS: Re8.1) Develop and apply relevant criteria to evaluate a work of art (NCAS: Re9.1) Create original artwork using the following subjects: realistic portrait, abstract portrait (PP3A) Use complex shapes such as people, animals, vehicles (EP1B) Create facial features in realistic proportion (EP2F) Use shape, line, and size contrast (EP2C) Illustrate text (PP3B)
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Demonstrate techniques and processes	Draw an object several times practicing	1, 2, 3, 4
Provide visual examples	the following: use a continuous line; use	
• Facilitate discussions about interpreting art	contour lines; draw only the negative	
• Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping	shapes in and around the object	
guide students through the process of	 Create a drawing with converging lines 	

creating	(e.g. one point perspective landscape	
creating		
	with road or building)	
	Make observations about the meaning	
	or purpose of an artwork using a	
	reference such as Here's Looking at Me	
	by Bob Raczka	
	 Discuss how images suggest cultural 	
	associations and what effect that may	
	have on a person's response to the	
	image	
	 Discuss how art reflects changing times, 	
	traditions, resources, and cultural uses	
	 Distinguish between relevant and non- 	
	relevant information that an artist may	
	have included to help convey an idea or	
	mood through their artwork	
	 Develop and apply relevant criteria to 	
	evaluate a work of art	
	Draw a realistically proportioned portrait	
	 Draw an abstract portrait (e.g. Picasso- 	
	inspired) using shape, line, and size	
	contrast	
	 Use expressive lettering to express the 	
	meaning of a word or illustrate an	
	excerpt of text from a favorite book or	
	poem	
	 Learn about subject matters, drawing 	
	techniques, and design concepts during	
	demonstrations as part of a Teaching for	
	Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ Choice-Based	
	setting	
	http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	to help with generatin creating original art PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	-	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Social Studies: Artworks reflect the culture in which they were created	 PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Line Outline Portrait (e.g. painting, photograph, selfie) Abstract art Illustrations 		 How does the size of your hand, held up in front of you, compare with objects in the distance? How would they compare if they were side by side? How can this concept be applied to roads that are painted going off into the distance? What characteristics of an artwork help contribute to our first impressions of it? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUE	-	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understa concept? Class discussions Written responses 	Class discussions		1, 2, 3, 4
НО	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE	NTS HAVE NOT LEAR	RNED?
	Possible Interve	ntions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	IG TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea 	3, 4
 Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Painting Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 1-2 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
Painting paper	 Various traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as 		
Paint Brushes	the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for		
Tempera Paint	artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual		

Mixing traysWatercolor paint		art problems.		
Visual examples				
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms hele us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? 		-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UN	IT?	
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1B	E GLE: PP1B Creating: Select and apply 2-D media, techniques, and processes to communicate ideas and solve challenging visual art problems (PP1)		Х	
DESE GLE: EP1E, EP1F	ESE GLE: EP1E, EP1F Elements and Principles: Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork (EP1)		X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 C: DESE GLE PP1B EP: DESE GLE EP1E, EP1F 			
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the				

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Traditional painting media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 	 Monochromatic color scheme Tints and shades Value scale 	 Using opaque paint, overlap brush strokes to create a smooth and even area of color (PP1B) Use monochromatic colors (EP1E) Demonstrate color value (tints and shades) (EP1F) Demonstrate a value scale (EP1F)
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about painting Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Demonstrate color value (tints and shades) with a value scale Create a painting using a monochromatic color scheme and compositional technique (e.g. rule of thirds, cropping) Learn about subject matters, painting techniques, and design concepts during demonstrations as part of a TAB/Choice-Based setting to help with generating ideas and creating original art 	2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

• HC ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC	 Pastel colors Cropping tool on a cam OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD 		 What can tints and shades do for a monochromatic painting? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? ED?
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understan concept? Class discussions 	ding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative	2, 3, 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interver		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, po information into smalle 		2, 3, 4
HOW W	/ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/Ei		ARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4



CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Printmaking and Fiber Arts Media, Techniques, and Processes
COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks

 Collagraph materials (e.g. cardboard, foam, yarn) Scissors Glue Gel plates Tempera Paint Paint trays or paper plates Brayers Fabric, felt String, thread Sewing pins, needles, pin cushions Weaving looms Yarn Weaving needles 	MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
• Beads	 Scissors Glue Gel plates Tempera Paint Paint trays or paper plates Brayers Fabric, felt String, thread Sewing pins, needles, pin cushions Weaving looms Yarn Weaving needles 	processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to

breaking with tra	s DINGS: hers shape artistic investigations, following or ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. hovative thinking are essential life skills that can WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, historia us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from esta 	blished traditions	
REFERENCE/STANDARD		ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP1D	Creating: Select and apply 2D media, techniques, challenging visual art problems (PP1)	and processes to communicate ideas and solve	X	
DESE GLE: EP1D, EP2A	Elements and Principles: Select and use elements communicating ideas through artwork (EP1, EP2)	and principles of art for their effect in	X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Elements and P	rinciples of Design	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 C: DESE GLE PP1E EP: DESE GLE EP1 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths	that give meaning to the		

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Traditional printmaking and fiber arts media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. FACILITATING ACTION	 Printmaking Printing plate Prints Weaving Loom Warp and weft Yarn/String/Thread Sewing Pattern Stitching (e.g. running, whip) Felting VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI 	 Demonstrate a printmaking process (e.g. monoprint, collagraph, string print) (PP1D) Manipulate fibers (e.g. threading needles, tying simple knots, sewing, wrapping, weaving, beading) (PP1D) Use real/actual texture (EP1D) Use symmetrical (formal) balance (EP2A)
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

	demonstrations as par Artistic Behavior (TAB) setting to help with ge creating original art	/Choice-Based	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Math: Creating mathematical patterns Social studies: Printmaking from other cultures, time periods (e.g. African Adinkra prints, Andy Warhol prints) 	 Stamping Symmetry Patterns Weaving 		 If printing creates a mirror image of the plate, how do words need to start on a plate in order to print legibly? Why might an artist want to create a series of the same artwork? How do we interact with printmaking in our everyday lives? How could a pattern be useful when sewing? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate original art ideas to create in a TAB studio?
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions 	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative	2, 3, 4,
HOV	N WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	ITS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?

	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, 	Additional practice, possibly "chunking"	2, 3, 4
demonstrations, check for understanding	information into smaller tasks	
and answer any questions, give students		
opportunities to work through difficulties		
they may experience		
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	AKNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Encourage students to connect life	Combine knowledge with personal art	3, 4
experiences with their art	goals to generate a new art idea	
Give students space and time to experiment	• Try a new approach to using the art	
and take risks with their art-making	concept in a work of art, possibly	
	breaking from tradition	



S CITA CS	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Sculpture, Ceramics, and Other 3D Media, Techniques, and Processes
	COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paint brushes Kiln Visual examples 		 Various traditional sculpture, ceramics, and other 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. The arts uniquely communicate meaning and cultural associations and engage people in a personal response. 		
 breaking with tra Creativity and inn be developed. Engagement with 	ners shape artistic investigations, following or ditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. novative thinking are essential life skills that can the arts can lead to understanding and elf, others, the natural world, and constructed	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does knowing the contexts, histories us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from estat How do life experiences influence the wa How does learning about art impact how What can we learn from our responses to 	blished traditions y you relate to an we perceive the art?	? t?
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
DESE GLE: PP2A, PP3C	Creating: Select and apply 3-D media, techniques, challenging visual art problems (PP2); Communica artworks for various purposes (PP3)	•	x	
NCAS: Pr4.1, Pr5.1, Pr6.1, Cn10.1 DESE GLE: AP1A, AP2A,	Presenting: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic v refine artistic techniques and work for presentation presentation of artistic work (NCAS: Pr6)		x	

IC2A, HC1A, HC1B	Responding: Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary (AP2); Compare and contrast artworks from different historical time periods and/or cultures (HC1)	
	Connecting: Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks (AP1); Explain the connections between Visual Arts and Social Studies (IC2); Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art (NCAS: Cn10)	

OBJECTIVES	Creating; Presenting, Responding, Connecting				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 C: DESE GLE PP2A, PP3C PRC: NCAS Pr4, Pr5, Pr6, Cn10; DESE GLE AP1, AP2, IC2, HC1 				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTAND?		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Traditional 3D media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters, can be used to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. Art conveys meaning and engages people in a personal response. 		 Relief sculpture Scoring Slipping Slip Modeling Symbolism in art Culture 	 Identify works of art from: Ancient Greece, Rome, Egypt, Pre-Columbian Americas; Africa; Asia (HC1A) Identify and explain symbolism or message communicated in an artwork (AP2A) Explain how responses (feelings or ideas) to artworks from various cultures are based on both personal experience and group beliefs (AP1A) Explain how artworks reflect the cultures in 		

	 which they were created (IC2A) Compare and contrast two artworks on: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural content (HC1B) Generate a collection of ideas reflecting current interests and concerns that could be investigated in art-making (NCAS: Cn10.1) Create a relief artwork by joining two or more surfaces (e.g. natural or manufactured clays, paper pulp, cardboard, found materials) (PP2A) Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the following themes: Functions of art in culture (e.g. celebrate rites of passage, teach history and/or religion, decorate useful objects); Personal identity (PP3C) Analyze similarities and differences associated with preserving and presenting two-dimensional, three-dimensional, and digital artwork (NCAS: Pr4.1) Individually or collaboratively, develop a visual plan for displaving works of art.
	digital artwork (NCAS: Pr4.1)
FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES A	Assess, explain, and provide evidence of how museums or other venues reflect history and values of a community (NCAS: Pr6.1)

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about interpreting art/sculptural forms and developing a theme in art. Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping guide students through the process of creating 	 Practice the process of responding and connecting to art: Discuss symbolic images and relief artwork from another culture (e.g. symbols from Ancient Greece; relief sculpture from Ankgor Wat in Cambodia). Explain why someone from one culture might have a different response to artwork from another culture Create a relief sculpture expressing personal identity (e.g. interests, personality traits, future plans) Compare and contrast personal work with artwork from another culture Create a useful object with clay (e.g. bowl, box, tray) Practice the process of presenting art Students determine how to arrange the finished clay projects in the art room for an in-class presentation (e.g. divide by subject matter such as personal interests, personality traits, plans for the future). Discuss how the presentation would be similar or different if the artwork was 2D or digital 	1,2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION • History: Artifacts give us information about past civilizations (e.g. ancient symbols, relief sculpture)	 Discuss how art mureflect history and community (e.g. SL History Museum, s Learn about sculpture, other 3D media, skills a during demonstrations Teaching for Artistic Be Choice-Based setting to generating ideas and crart. PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI Scoring/slipping Modeling with clay 	values of a AM, Missouri tudent exhibit) ceramics, and nd concepts as part of a havior (TAB)/ o help with reating original	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS How is relief sculpture different from sculpture in-the-round? How do artists express their personal identity (e.g. interests, personality traits, life events)? How could these new skills be combined with personal art goals, helping to generate
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	original art ideas to create in a TAB studio? ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understand concept? Class discussions Written responses 	nding of the assessed skill or	Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?					
Possible Interventions					
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, possibly "chunking" information into smaller tasks 	1, 2, 3, 4			
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LI Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4			



THE CITY CS	CONTENT AREA: Visual Art	UNIT TITLE: Process of creating	
1846 * *	COURSE: Art 6	UNIT DURATION: 8-10 weeks; shorter if integrating into whole-class projects	
1846			

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Materials being used for project if integrating into whole-class learning activity Variety of media if using TAB/Choice-Based Art setting Drawing (e.g. drawing pencils, colored pencils, markers, pastels, drawing paper) Painting (e.g. tempera paint, watercolor paint, brushes, painting paper) Printmaking (e.g. gel plates, tempera paint, brayers, stamps) Fiber Arts (e.g. string, yarn, fabric, looms) Collage (e.g. construction paper, scissors, glue) Sculpture (e.g. cardboard, pipe cleaners, wood, glue, tape) Digital arts (e.g. chromebooks) 	 A student involved in the creative process (NCAS): Imagines a mental image or concept Investigates and studies through exploration or examination Constructs a product by combining or arranging a series of elements Reflects and thinks deeply about his or her work Various traditional media, techniques, and processes, as well as the elements and principles of art and subject matters are available for artists and designers as they seek to communicate ideas and solve visual art problems. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Practicing the process of creating can help students gain skill at communicating ideas and solving visual art problems. The process includes these principles (NCAS): Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches. Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, 	 What conditions, attitudes, and behaviors support creativity and innovative thinking? What factors prevent or encourage people to take creative risks? How does collaboration expand the creative process? How does knowing the contexts, histories, and traditions of art forms help us create works of art and design? Why do artists follow or break from established traditions? How do artists determine what resources and criteria are needed to formulate artistic investigations? How do artists work? How do artists and designers determine whether a particular direction in their work is effective? How do artists and designers learn from trial and error? How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and 		

artworks. O People cr that defir O Artist and and const	and responsibility while developing and creating eate and interact with objects, places, and design e, shape, enhance, and empower their lives. designers develop excellence through practice ructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and vork over time.	 equipment? Why is it important for safet follow correct procedures in handling ma What responsibilities come with the free How do objects, places, and design shape artists and designers determine goals for places, or systems? How do artists and de design that effectively communicate? What role does persistence play in revisin work? How do artists grow and become a does collaboratively reflecting on a work completely? 	terials, tools, and dom to create? lives and comm designing or redu esigners create w ng, refining, and c accomplished in a	l equipment? unities? How do esigning objects, orks of art or leveloping art forms? How
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNI	T?	
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	rds that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
NCAS: Cr1, Cr2, Cr3	Creating: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas ideas and work (Cr2); Refine and complete artistic		X	

OBJECTIVES	Creating			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS • C: NCAS Cr1.1, Cr		1.2, Cr2.1, Cr2.2, Cr2.3, Cr3.1		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS				
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?		BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products	

topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 Creativity and innovative thinking are essential life skills that can be developed. Artists and designers shape artistic investigations, following or breaking with traditions in pursuit of creative art-making goals. Artists and designers experiment with forms, structures, materials, concepts, media, and art-making approaches. Artists and designers balance experimentation and safety, freedom and responsibility while developing and creating artworks. People create and interact with objects, places, and designers develop excellence through practice and constructive critique, reflecting on, revising, and refining work 	 Original idea Thumbnail sketch Traditional media (e.g. pencil, paint), techniques (e.g. stippling, blending), processes (e.g. stitching fabric, pulling a print), as well as the elements and principles of art (e.g. color, balance), and subject matters (e.g. portrait) Artist statement 	 Combine concepts collaboratively to generate innovative ideas for creating art (NCAS:Cr1.1) Formulate an artistic investigation of personally relevant content for creating art (NCAS: Cr1.2) Demonstrate openness in trying new ideas, materials, methods, and approaches in making works of art and design (NCAS: Cr2.1) Explain environmental implications of conservation, care, and clean-up of art materials, tools, and equipment (NCAS: Cr2.2) Design or redesign objects, places, or systems that meet the identified needs of diverse users (NCAS: Cr2.3) Reflect on whether personal artwork conveys the intended meaning and revise accordingly (NCAS: Cr3.1)
over time.		
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Demonstrate techniques and processes Provide visual examples Facilitate discussions about the creative process 	 Practice the process of creating in a Teaching for Artistic Behavior (TAB)/ choice-based setting <u>http://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/</u> 	2, 3, 4

Facilitate TAB/Choice-based art, helping	or whole-class activity with flexibilty on	
guide students through the process of	the choice spectrum	
creating	https://www.theartofed.com/2014/12/1	
	9/where-are-you-on-the-choice-	
	<u>spectrum/</u>	
	• From a discussion, list, or inspiration	
	board combine two or more concepts	
	into an innovative idea to guide an	
	artwork	
	• Discuss and practice methods for	
	approaching a new work of art (e.g.,	
	research, thumbnail sketches)	
	 Explore and develop skills in multiple 	
	TAB studios (e.g., drawing, painting, fiber	
	arts)	
	 Learn about and use care when using 	
	materials, tools, and equipment	
	 Design or redesign objects, places, or 	
	systems that meet the identified needs	
	of diverse users	
	 Create student generated and refined 	
	original works of art	
	 Reflect on whether personal artwork 	
	conveys the intended meaning and	
	revise accordingly	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Students may choose to communicate ideas	Places and/or subjects of personal	• Where do ideas for creating art come from?
about other disciplines as part of their	significance	 How can skills be combined with personal ar

events or culture)	creating		 create in a TAB studio? How does an artist decide on a medium, technique, process, element or principle, subject matter, or theme to help meet their artistic goals? How do artists reflect on their work? How can a reflection help inform the next artistic goal?
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	ENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Does the student's artwork show an understanding of the assessed skill or concept? Class discussions Written responses 		Summative Formative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
НОИ	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interven		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING) TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide additional examples, demonstrations, check for understanding and answer any questions, give students opportunities to work through difficulties they may experience 	 Additional practice, positive information into smalle 		1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Encourage students to connect life experiences with their art Give students space and time to experiment and take risks with their art-making 	 Combine knowledge with personal art goals to generate a new art idea Try a new approach to using the art concept in a work of art, possibly breaking from tradition 	3, 4		



Content Area: Visual Art		
Course: Art 7		

Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

Unit Title: Drawing Techniques and Processes

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Drawing Paper Drawing Pencils, Erasers, Sharpeners Colored Pencils Markers Multiple tip-width drawing pens 	 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of drawing as they create works of art and reflect upon them. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Understanding and using media/techniques in drawing that allow the students to express a variety of topics and subjects. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in drawing. 	 What media and technique do I need to master to create effective looking figures, scenes, and subjects in drawing? What elements and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of a drawing? 		

 Understanding artists and/or cultures known for drawing and the artwork. Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own drawings as well as that of others. What artists are known for and can influe drawing? How effective was I in the creation of my 				k it the area of
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cont	ent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standar	rds that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
GLE: PP1A, PP3A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			
GLE: EP1A, EP1D, EP2A, EP2B,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			
GLE: AP2A	P2A Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.			
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is conne math, science, and social studies.	cted to performing arts, communication arts,		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate of historical and cultural context, and how it reflect		Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1A: Use a variety of media to create simulated texture.

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create an Artwork depicting the Human Figure and a Still Life.		
	GLE: EP1A: Use Rhythmic Lines		
	GLE: EP1D: Use simulate	d texture	
	GLE: EP2A: Use Radial Ba	lance	
	GLE: EP2B: Use Center of	f Interest (emphasis)	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that simulated texture is an important component in their drawings. Students will understand that the human figure is meaningful their drawings. Students will understand that the Still Life is an important subject their drawings. 		 Students will know various approaches to drawing (such as Whole-to-part, basic perspective/point of view) Students will know how to create simulated texture. Students will know the Still Life as a observable construct and as subject matter. Students will know basic proportions of the Human Figure. Students will know selected medium/media. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation in an appropriate medium that incorporates Rhythmic Lines. Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting the human form in reasonable proportion and detail that incorporates simulated texture. Student will be able to create a drawing that shows radial balance.
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIN	G AND LEARNING

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the human figure and the still life in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the drawing of a still life and a human figure. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Create a finished/developed drawing (ie a scene) incorporating a full bodied human figure in reasonable proportion and detail. Create a still life drawing from observation. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Math spatial concepts related to perspective drawing 	 Elements and Principles of Design General drawing approaches 	 How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?			
Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L 	1,2,3, and 4		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was	•

	taught.	
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	The student: • Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. • Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation in an appropriate medium. • Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting the human form in reasonable proportion and detail. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: • Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: • <td< th=""><th> Create a finished/developed drawing (ie a scene) incorporating a full bodied human figure in reasonable proportion and detail. Create a still life drawing from observation. </th></td<>	 Create a finished/developed drawing (ie a scene) incorporating a full bodied human figure in reasonable proportion and detail. Create a still life drawing from observation.
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1A: Identify and use Rhythmic Lines		
<i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i> GLE: EP1D: Identify and use simulated texture GLE: EP2A: Identify and use Radial Balance			
	GLE: EP2B: Identify and u	use Center of Interest (emphasis)	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (such as line and texture) is an important component in any drawing. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design (such as radial balance and emphasis) is an important component in any drawings. 		 Students will know and apply the elements of rhythmic line and simulated texture as they apply to drawing(s). Students will be know and apply the principles of radial balance and emphasis (center of interest) in drawing(s). 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create developed drawing(s) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating rhythmic line and simulated texture. Students will be able to create developed drawing(S) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating the human figure) demonstrating the still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating the radial balancing of subjects and strong areas of emphasis. Students will be able to identify the appropriate elements and principles of design

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	IG TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of rhythm line, simulated texture, emphasis, and radial balance in drawing. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply rhythm line, simulated texture, emphasis, and radial balance in drawing Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussion and/or presentations illustrate the elements texture. Participate in discussion and/or presentations illustrate the principle radial balance. Create finished/development incorporating the element incorporating the element incorporating the principle radial simulated text them. Create finished/development incorporating the principle radial balance and radial balance and	to record and s of line and ons, activities, to record and s of emphasis and oped drawings nents of rhythmic kture and identify oped drawings ciples of emphasis	1,2,3 and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	NNECTIONS	
 Understanding the foundation concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. 	 General knowledge of principles of design 	the elements and	
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUE	DENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections		Summative	1,2,3, and 4

 Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT 		ative tive tive NOT LEARNED?
	Possible Interventions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of e instruction Students will take advantage of t opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE AL	READY LEARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichment	5
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in artwork and their reflections. 	-,

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 The student: Students will create developed drawing(s) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating rhythmic line and simulated texture. Students will be able to create developed drawing(S) (including a still life and work incorporating the human figure) demonstrating the radial balancing of subjects and strong areas of emphasis. Students will be able to identify the appropriate elements and principles of design The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the elements of line and texture. Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the principles of emphasis and radial balance. Create finished/developed drawings incorporating the elements of rhythmic line and simulated texture. Create finished/developed drawings incorporating the principles of emphasis and radial balance.
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas	
	and processes.	
4.5		
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States 		
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
	rstand that methodically effectiveness of their	• Students will know the following components of an art critique:	• Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze,

Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and Europe: Artists and artwork focusing of Realism and including the human figure (suggested: the Italian Renaissance and the American Regionalists) Modern/ contemporary non- objective work (suggested: Op- Art work) 	TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
 Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and Europe: Artists and artwork focusing of Realism and including the human figure (suggested: the Italian Renaissance and the American Regionalists) Modern/ contemporary non- objective work (suggested: Op- 			
 Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential Students will understand that the new knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential The pretation (themes, purposes) Judgment (as an example of realism and/or non-objective). 	Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential	 Interpretation (themes, purposes) Judgment (as an example of realism and/or non-objective). Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and Europe: Artists and artwork focusing of Realism and including the human figure (suggested: the Italian Renaissance and the American Regionalists) Modern/ contemporary non-objective work (suggested: Op- 	 Students will be Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic and non-objective) from Europe and the United States in their
	own drawings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of	 Description (subjects, and the elements of texture and line) Analysis (radial balance, center 	interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork.

			4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous painting Present and/or provide examples of a variety of artwork (realistic and non-objective) from Europe and the United States). Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Participate in a group (describe, analyze, int judgment). Participate in discussi and/or presentations identify a variety of al and non-objective) fre United States). Produce a written Art analyze, interpret, an their own work or that PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO Artists, Artwork, and from other classes or experiences. 	terpret, and ons, activities, to record and rtwork (realistic om Europe and the c Critique (describe, d judgment) of at of another. DNNECTIONS Cultures known	1,2,3 and 4
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STU	DENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC	 DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?					
	Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEAR				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 The student: Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic and non-objective) from Europe and the United States in their sketchbooks. 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of artwork (realistic and non- objective) from Europe and the United States). Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



Content Area: Visual Art	Unit Title: Other Media Techniques and Mixed Media
Course: Art 7	Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Various papers appropriate for mixed media Heavy tag and colored paper for sets. brushes, water cups, paper towels as appropriate Pastels, markers, crayons, and colored pencils. Glue and binding materials Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device and projector/screen Internet enabled student devices/chromebooks 	 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical comparisons within the world of mixed media, electronic arts and graphic design as they create examples of such work and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

 Understanding and using mixed media/techniques that allow the students to create traditional artwork, graphic design product, and electronic art. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design Understanding artists and artwork and be able to compare and contrast them Understanding the relationship of illustration and text in graphic design. 		What elements and principles of design would help me the most in the		
	Standards, Concepts, Con	tent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD			MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
GLE: PP3C, PP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			
GLE: EP1A, EP1B, EP2D Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			X	
GLE: AP1A Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.			Х	
GLE: IC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.			
GLE: HC1A, HC1B	GLE: HC1A, HC1B Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP3C: Create an Artwork that communicates group identity.				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP1C: Create an artwork using general software.				
	EP1A: Use rhythmic lines	P1A: Use rhythmic lines			
	EP1B: Use rhythmic shapes				
	EP2D: Use regular rhythm	EP2D: Use regular rhythm			
	EP1E Use analogous color	EP1E Use analogous colors			
	EP1D: Use simulated text	ure			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERST	RSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 be used to communigroup. Students will undersimized and explored work that focuses o Focused use Combining ufform art his 	e of elements unexpected subjects tory.	 Students will know examples of artwork that communicates group identity: Logos National insignia/flags Family symbols, etc. Students will know techniques and various media and how to effectively combine them in terms of: Line, texture, shape and color 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout Students will create a work focusing on group identity, such as a logo. Students will be able to create effective mixed media artwork(s) that focuses on, but is not limited to, the following elements and principles of design: 		
 Students will unders be created using ele 	stand that artwork can	 rhythm/pattern. Students will know subject matter drawn 	 line, texture, shape and color rhythm/pattern. 		
software.		• Students will know subject matter drawn from the following types of artwork:	 Students will be able to create a work that 		

	 Abstract Realism Non-Objective.: Students will know techniques to create work using a computer. 	 focused on subject matter from various art historical sources. Students will be able to create an artwork using a computer (stop motion)
	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of group identity in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in mixed media work. Provide examples or facilitate investigation of subject matter from abstract, non-objective, and realistic sources. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in computer based artwork. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Create a group identity artwork (such as a logo) Create an effective mixed media artwork focusing on the elements and a principles of design Create an artwork using varied historical sources. Create an artwork using a computer. 	1,2,3, and 4
 INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Animation Historical subject source matter Technology 	 PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Elements and Principles of Design Computer use ability Interactions with graphic design 	 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?

ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills 		Summative Summative	1,2,3, and 4
Class discussions		Formative	
		Formative	
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	FS HAVE NOT LEAF	NED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advants instruction Students will take advants opportunity to re-do preserved opportunity 	ntage of the	
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 instruction Students will take advarage opportunity to re-do proportunity to reflections 	ntage of the ojects or	4=Extended Thinking)
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	instructionStudents will take advanopportunity to re-do pr	ntage of the ojects or	4=Extended Thinking)
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 instruction Students will take advarage opportunity to re-do proportunity to reflections 	ntage of the ojects or HAVE ALREADY LE	4=Extended Thinking)
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 instruction Students will take advanopportunity to re-do prreflections L WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS 	ntage of the ojects or HAVE ALREADY LE richments	1,2,3, and 4

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1A: identify and use rhythmic lines				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP1B: identify and use rhythmic shapes EP2D: identify and use regular rhythm				
	EP1E identify and use analogous colors				
	EP1D: identify and use simulated texture				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products		
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		ACADEMIC VOCABULARY			
• Students will understand that the		 Students will know the elements of line, shape, color, and texture in mixed media 	• Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and		
considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (line, shape, color, and		work.	layout.		
	portant component in	• Students will know the principle of	 Students will be able to identify and create 		
mixed media work.		rhythm as it applies to mixed media	mixed media artwork that focus on:		
Students will under	stand that organizing	work.	\circ Line, shape, color, and texture		

elements through application of the Principles of Design (rhythm) is an important component in a mixed media		• Students will be able to create mixed media artwork with regular rhythm in the lines and shapes and be able to identify them.
work.		
FACILITATING ACTI	VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of Line, shape, color, and simulated texture. Present and/or provide examples of the use of regular rhythm Demonstration skills and techniques to apply Line, shape, color, and texture. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the elements of Line, shape, color, and simulated texture and the principle of rhythm. Create finished/developed multimedia work incorporating the elements of line, shape, color, and simulated texture as well as the principle of rhythm. Identify and describe the elements of line, shape, color, and simulated texture as well as the principle of rhythm. 	1,2,3 and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	
 Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum 	 General knowledge of the elements and principles of design 	
 Human emotional reaction to color. 		
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET

		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advan instruction Students will take advan opportunity to re-do pro reflections 	tage of the	1,2,3, and 4
HOW WI	ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS H Possible Extensions/Enr		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States HC1B: Compare and Contrast Artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, And cultural context. IC2A: Discuss the relationship between illustration and written text. 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	STAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
• Students will understand how to compare and contrast two works of art.		 Students will know how to compare and contrast artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, 	 Students will be able compare and contrast artworks using a Venn diagram(or other graphic organizer) in terms of:
 Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential component of artistic growth. 		 theme, characteristics, cultural context. realism, abstraction, and non-objective 	 time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural context. realism, abstraction, and non- objective
	rstand the relationship on and written text.	 Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and 	 Students will be able select and justify an example of realism, abstraction, and non- objective artwork from the US and Europe.

	 Europe: Artists and artwork focusing on Realism, Abstraction, and Non- Objective Painting (suggested: the Impressionists/Post Impressionists (pointillism), Op- Art movement, Early American Abstraction (O'Keefe), Abstract Expressionism, etc). Students will know how to engage illustrations and written text. 	 Students will be able write about or discuss the relationship between the illustrations and the written text in an example of graphic design (such as a logo)
	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead strategies for comparing 	• Complete a Venn diagram or other	1,2,3 and 4

 about the relationship of text and illustration in a graphic design work. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	 of artwork (realistic, ab objective) from Europe States) in terms of time matter, theme, charact context. Write a description of t between the illustration a graphic design examp PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI 	and the United e, place, subject eristics, cultural he relationship ns and the text in ple.	
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	History and geography of the US and selected European StatesArtists, Artwork, and Cu from other classes or pe experiences.Biographies of artists and those affiliatedexperiences.		ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Compare and Contrast Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, etc. Inquiry into examples of realism, abstraction, 	and non-objective artwork	Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interven		RNED?
	STUDENT LEARNING		DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW N	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	LEARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

STANDARD:			
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS	
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•	
3.0	The student:	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content		
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•	
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 		
	 Performs basic processes, such as: O 		
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.		
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or		
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content		

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

Sure OF THE CITY	Content Area: Visual Art	Unit Title: Painting Techniques and Processes
	Course: Art 7	Unit Duration: 4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):	
 Heavy Paper appropriate for painting Paint brushes, water cups, paper towels Tempera and watercolor media Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device and projector/screen 	 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of painting as they create works of art and reflect upon them. 	
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:	
 Understanding and using media/techniques in painting that allow the students to express a variety of topics and subjects. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in painting. Understanding artists and/or cultures known for painting and the artwork. Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own paintings as well as that of others. 	 What media and technique do I need to master to create a variety of textures in my paintings? How could I best work with the theme of Nature in a painting? What elements and principles of design, in particular what color schemes, would help me the most in the creation of a painting? What artists are known for and can influence my own work in the field of painting? How effective was I and were others in the creation of paintings? 	
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?	
Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP1B, PP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
GLE: EP1E	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1B: Use a variety of brushstrokes to create various textures.		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create and ar	twork that communicates the theme of Nature.	
	GLE: EP1E: Use analogou	s colors	
	GLE: EP1D: Use simulated	d texture	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that using a variety of brushstrokes will result various textures in their paintings Students will understand that the theme of nature is a widely used theme in painting and can be creatively applied to their own work 		 Students will know various approaches to painting, including such techniques as painterly, pointillist, and hard edged. Students will know how to use brush techniques to create various textures (rough, smooth, soft, feathered, etc.) in a painting. Students will know the theme of Nature as an important theme in their work. Students will know selected medium/media/materials (tempera, watercolor, brush types, etc). 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate various brush techniques that result in a variety of textures. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate color schemes (in particular analogous) Students will be able to create a developed artwork focusing of the theme of Nature.
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the theme of nature in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the brushwork (such as hard-edged, pointillist, and painterly/soft-edged) and use of media to create various textures Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice (guided practice) sketch developed work. Create an effective pain paintings, that incorpor brush techniques that read of textures sniff color scenate a painting focusi of Nature. 	ting, or series of ate various esult in a variety hemes (including gous)	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. 	 Elements and Principles General painting approa 	iches	 How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN	FORMATIVE OR	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		SUMMATIVE?	4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills 		Summative Summative	1,2,3, and 4
Class discussions		Formative	
		Formative	
НОМ	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?

	Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

STANDARD:				
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•		
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.			
3.0	The student:	•		
	•			
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content			
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•		
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 			
	 Performs basic processes, such as: O 			
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.			

1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1E: Identify and use analogous colors			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1D: Identify and use simulated texture			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
		WHAT SHOULD STODENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (color/color schemes (analogous colors) and simulated texture) are an important component in any painting. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design is an important component in any painting. 		 Students will know the elements of color (analogous colors) and texture as they apply to their painting(s). Students will consider the principles of design in their painting(s) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create a developed painting that demonstrates an analogous color scheme and be able to identify it and the colors that make it up Students will be able to create a painting with various simulated textures and be able to identify them. 	
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of simulated texture and analogous color 		 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and 	1,2,3 and 4	

 schemes in paintings. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply simulated texture and analogous colors in painting. Participate in guided practice. 	 illustrate the elements of (analogous colors) and s textures in painting Create finished/develop incorporating the elements (analogous) and simula 	imulated ped paintings ents of color ted texture.	
	 Identify and describe th analogous colors and sir in painting. 		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	
 Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success. Science: the visible color spectrum Human emotional reaction to color. 	 General knowledge of the principles of design 		
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?				
	Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4			
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

STANDARD:				
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•		
3.0	The student:	• .		
	•			
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content			
2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: 	•		
	 O Performs basic processes, such as: O 			
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.			
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or			

	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3 Art H	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS • i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS •	 GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States 			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own paintings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. 		 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description (subjects, and the elements of texture and color) Analysis Interpretation (themes, purposes) 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) 	

 Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States and European is an essential component of artistic growth. 	 Judgment (as an example of realism, abstract, and/or non-objective). Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States and Europe: Artists and artwork focusing on Realism, Abstraction, and Non-Objective Painting (suggested: the Impressionists/Post Impressionists (pointillism), Op-Art movement, Early American Abstraction (O'Keefe), Abstract Expressionism, etc). 	of their own work or that of another. • Students will be able to Identify a variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States in their sketchbooks.
FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous painting Present and/or provide examples of a 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, 	1,2,3 and 4

 variety of artwork (realistic, abstract, and non-objective) from Europe and the United States). Participate in guided practice. 	 and/or presentation of artwork (realistic, objective) from Euro States). Produce a written Aranalyze, interpret, and their own work or th 	abstract, and non- pe and the United t Critique (describe, nd judgment) of	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE C		
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and from other classes o experiences. 	r personal cultural	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUD Possible Interv		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARN	ING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
ном и	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

STANDARD:			
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS	
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•	
3.0	The student:	•	
	•		
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content		
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•	
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: o 		
	• Performs basic processes, such as:		
	0		
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.		
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or		
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content		

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

I,	Content Area: Visual Art Course: Art 7	Unit Title: 3D Techniques and Media Unit Duration: 4 Weeks		
 MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Heavy Paper appropriate for layered paper sculpture. brushes, water cups, paper towels as appropriate Glue, paste appropriate for layered paper. Color paper for finishing. Pigment(s) appropriate for finishing. Artbooks/textbooks A film depicting a variety of sets (suggested: stop motion animation film) Internet enabled device and projector/screen 		 BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and perceptions about the world of sculpture and 3D work in general as they create works of art and reflect upon them. 		
allow the solution of Design in the solution of Design in the solution of Design in the solution of Reflecting in the solution of the solution	RSTANDINGS: nding and using media/techniques in sculpture that students to express a variety of artwork. nding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles in sculpture. nding the difficult question: what is art? upon the effectiveness of the student's own sculptures that of others.	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What media and technique do I need to master to create an in-the round layered paper sculpture? What elements, in particular positive and negative space, and principles of design would help me the most in the creation of a sculpture? What is art? How effective was I and were others in the creation of 3D work? 		

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?			
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD				
GLE: PP2A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х		
GLE: EP1G, EP1C	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х		
GLE: AP1A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х		
GLE: IC1A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х		
Not Covered	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP2A: Create an in-the-round layered paper sculpture.		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP1C: Use high and low r	elief in sculpture	
	EP1G: Use positive and n	egative forms in three dimensional work.	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand that the paper medium has a great deal to offer in the area of sculpture. Students will understand the ins and outs of completing in-the-round sculpture. 		 Students will know various approaches to paper sculpture (including layering, paper-pulping, and papier mache) Students will know how to select and apply a suitable technique to create small sculptures in paper. Students will know sculpture-in-theround, maquette, layering, papier-mache, positive and negative forms, high and low-relief. Students know how sets are constructed and used in film and theatre. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished sculpture through the use of sketching and planning in their sketchbooks Students will be able to create an effective layered paper sculpture that is in-the- round and incorporates 3-dimensional positive and negative forms. Students will be able to add items exhibiting high and low relief. Students will be able to create a paper set that could be used for stop-motion animation.
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIN	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of in-the- round sculpture and/or examples of architecture. Demonstration of approaches to planning sculpture (maquette) Demonstration of skills and techniques suitable for the creation of paper sculpture. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Rough drafts, idea formation and planning 	 Create appropriate practice sketches for developed Create a developed paper sculpture in the round of positive and negative for Create a paper set suitation Create a film depicting variation View a film depicting variation Elements and Principles 	sculpture. er-based containing both orms. ble for stop- rious sets. INECTIONS	 1,2,3, and 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS How can I make my work better through
ideas when completing tasks.	Different approaches to	•	organized self reflection?
ArchitectureFilm, animation, and dramatic arts	 (carving, casting, model Architecture 	ing)	
	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	INTS HAVE LEARNE	D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
Written ReflectionsSketchbook entries, sketches, and drills		Summative	
Class discussions		Formative	
		Formative	
НОМ	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	IS HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?

Possible Interventions				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?		
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
3.0	The student:	•
	• The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: Positive, negative form, in-the-round, relief, maquette Performs basic processes, such as: Papier mache, layered paper, assemblage. 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1C: Differentiate between high and low relief in sculpture			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP1G: Identify and use positive and negative forms in three dimensional work.			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (positive and negative forms) are an important component a sculpture. Students will understand and be able to differentiate between high and low relief in sculpture. 		 Students will know and be apple to use positive and negative forms in their sculpture. Students the know the difference between high and low relief in their sculpture. Students will consider the principles of design in their sculpture 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished work through the use of sketching and design. Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating positive and negative forms and be able to identify them. Students will be able differentiate between high and low relief in their sculpture(s) 	
TEACHER INSTRUC	HONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
of positive/negative	vide examples of the use e forms in sculpture. vide examples of the use sculpture.	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the element of form (positive and negative). 	1,2,3 and 4	

 Demonstration skills and techniques to apply positive and negative forms in sculpture. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create finished/developed sculpture incorporating positive and negative form. Identify and describe the high and low relief in their work 			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS		
• Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success	General knowledge of the elements and principles of design			
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4	
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING		TASK	DOK TARGET	

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW W	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Positive and negative form, high and low relief. 	
	 Performs basic processes, such as: O 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 GLE: AP1A: Discuss and Develop answers to questions about art: what is art? What should art look like? IC1A: Explain how art is used in designing/constructing sets in film and theatre 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans;	•	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
found in many unexpected forms and that "What is art?" is not always an easy question. • Traditio casting,		 Students will engage in a selection of 3D work and recognize the level of its artistic qualities, including: Traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) 	 Students will be able discuss and justify the artistic qualities of various 3 dimensional work in terms of: does it look real? Is it beautiful? Is it expressive? What exactly is art?
 Students will understand that art is used in the designing and constructing of sets in film and theatre. Set designs and Sets 		• Architecture	 Students will be able to identify sets used in an example of film and/or theatre and explain

	 Students will know a selection of sets used in film and/or theatre and how art skills are used in their construction. 	how art skills are used to construct them
FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead/facilitate a presentation of traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) that focuses on what makes it art. Present and/or provide examples or architecture that clearly embodies expression. Discuss is it art? Present a short film featuring a variety of sets (suggested: stop motion animation) and facilitate discussion concerning how art is used in their construction. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in the discussions, activities, and/or presentations to engage in the question "What is art?" in the following areas: Traditional sculpture (carving, casting, modeling, and assemblage) Architecture Set designs and Sets Identify a variety of sets and explain how art skills are used in the design and construction of them. 	1,2,3 and 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Film and theatre architecture 	 PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON Artists, Artwork, and C from other classes or pre- experiences. 	ultures known	
НС	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO)N	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Products: What is art? Art as used in sets and set design Sketchbook entries and sketches/notes Teacher and student led discussions 		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
		Formative	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	 Students will take adva instruction Students will take adva 		1,2,3, and 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or		
	reflections		
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?	
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4	
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their		
	artwork and their reflections.		

SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	
3.0	:	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	
	Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:	
	Performs basic processes, such as:	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	

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.l,	Content Area: Visual Art Course: Art 8 NAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	Unit Title: Drawing Processes and Techniques Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks BIG IDEA(S):		
Colored PencilsIndia Ink, Pens and		• Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections that will enable them to create drawings and reflect upon them.		
 Multiple tip-width drawing pens/nibs ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Understanding and using media/techniques (including linear perspective and value change) in drawing that allows the student to express a realistic, surreal work and the illusion of form. Understanding appropriate use of the Elements and Principles of Design in drawing. Understanding artists and/or subject matter/themes that can inspire or assist in drawing. Understand and reflect upon the effectiveness of the student's own drawings as well as that of others. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What media and technique do I need to master to create effective realistic and surreal landscapes that incorporating tonal changes? What elements and principles of design would help me the most when engaging line quality, linear perspective, and tonal change in drawing? What suitable subject matter/themes can I apply to my drawings? How effective was I in the creation of my drawing? 		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?		
REFERENCE/STANDARD		ards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING STANDARD STANDARD		

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
GLE: PP1A, PP3A	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
GLE: EP1A, EP1C, EP1G, EP1B,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
Not Covered	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	X	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1A: Create even, continuous, and graduated tones using pencil and/or colored pencil.			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: PP3A: Create an Original Artwork depicting a realistic and an abstracted landscape			
	GLE: EP1A: Use a varied	line quality		
	GLE: EP1C: Use a range of	f value to create the illusion of form.		
	GLE: EP1F: Use a range of	fvalues		
	GLE: EP2B: Use 1 point li	near perspective to create the illusion of form		
	GLE: EP2F: Use Scale rela	tionships.		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERST	STAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?			
	ncepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. ACADEMIC VOCABULARY		Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that change in tone (both continuous as well as graduated) is an important component in their drawings. Students will understand how to use 1 point linear perspective and tonal change to create the illusion of form. Students will understand that realistic and abstract landscapes can be important themes for their drawings. 		 Students will know how to create graduated and continuous tonal changes in pencil Students will know create the illusion of form using: Tonal changes including highlights, mid-ranges, deep shade as well as case shadows 1 point linear perspective and related vocabulary (vanishing point, eye level, perspective lines, etc) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Students will create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Students will create a 1 point linear 	

FACILITATING AC	 Students will know abstract and realistic landscapes in terms of type and manipulation of foreground, middle ground and background (scale relationships) Students will know selected medium/media (pencil, colored pencil, wet/dry media, india ink). 	 perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change. NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of the abstract and realistic landscapes in artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in drawing: Continuous tonal change Graduated tonal change 1 point linear perspective. Tonal change to enhance to look of 3 dimensions Participate in guided practice. 	 Prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Create a 1 point linear perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

 Rough drafts idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Math spatial concepts related to perspective drawing Maps Photography supporting the illusion of form 	 Elements and Principles General drawing approa 	iches	How can I make my work better through organized self reflection? ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
ном	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN		(NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 		1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:		
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS	
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•	
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.		
3.0	 The student: Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to create the illusion of form Students will create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Students will create a 1 point linear perspective drawing depicting a realistic landscape Students will be able to create a developed artwork depicting an abstracted (surreal) landscape focusing on continuous tonal change. 	 Create an effective Still Life drawing from observation that incorporates even and continual tonal changes in pencil to creat the illusion of form Create a linear perspective drawing that incorporates graduated tonal change in pencil. Create a 1 point linear perspective drawing that 	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content		
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•	
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 		

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 GLE: EP1A: Identify and use varied line quality GLE: EP1C: Identify and use a range of value to create the illusion of form. GLE: EP1F: Identify and use a range of values GLE: EP2B: Identify and use 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form GLE: EP2F: Identify and use Scale relationships. 			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	BE ABLE TO DO? <i>Skills; Products</i>	
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (line, value, and the illusion of form) is an important component in any drawing. Students will know the importance of scale relationships (proportion) when created drawings with the illusion of form. 		 Students will know the elements of design: Line (quality) Value (ranges to create the illusion of form) Shape/form (1 point linear perspective) Students will be know the principles of Design: Proportion (scale/size relationships: foreground, middle ground, background) 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create and identify varied line quality. Students will be able to create and identify a 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Students will be able to create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Students will be able to create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background. 	

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking
		4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and/or provide examples of the use of line, value, shape/form (1 point linear perspective) in developed work. Demonstration skills and techniques to apply: Line (quality) Value (ranges to create the illusion of form) Shape/form (1 point linear perspective) 	 Create and identify varied line quality. Create and identify 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background 	1,2,3 and 4
 Proportion (scale/size relationships: foreground, middle ground, background) Participate in guided practice. 		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	
• Understanding the foundation concepts of any academic discipline is essential to success.	 General knowledge of the elements and principles of design V DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEAF 	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	I FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE	(1-Pocall 2-Skill/Concept 2-Strategic Thinking

 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA Possible Interventions	KNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
	STODENT LEARNING TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW/	reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	
nowy	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their 	3,4

artwork and their reflections	
artwork and their reflections.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 The student: Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will create and identify varied line quality. Students will be able to create and identify a 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form Students will be able to create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Students will be able to create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background. 	 Create and identify varied line quality. Create and identify 1 point linear perspective to create the illusion of form. Create and identify a range of values to enhance the illusion of form. Create and identify proportional scale relationships between foreground, middle ground and background
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: O 	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork from the United States 				
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERS	UNDERSTAND? KNOW? BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	5 5	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		

 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own drawings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. Students will understand that the a selection of architectural development in the United States can provide rich subject matter for a realistic landscape Students will understand that a selection of surreal artwork from the United States can provide inspiration for a abstract landscape 	 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description Analysis Interpretation Judgment Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States: Architecture (as subject matter) Development of the skyscraper from early modern to post modern. Painting American Surrealism 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an basic Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety US architectural examples (skyscrapers) in their sketchbooks to be used as subjects/inspirations in their drawing Students will be able to identify examples of American Surrealism in their sketchbooks.
FACILITATING ACTIV	VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

 Present/lead or facilitate an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Present and/or facilitate the exploration of examples of a variety of artwork skyscrapers developed from early modern period to post modern in the United States to be used as subject matter in drawing. Present and/or facilitate the exploration of 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of skyscrapers and abstract landscapes produced in the United States. 		1,2,3 and 4	
 examples of a variety of abstract landscapes (such as American Surrealism) in the United States to Participate in guided practice. 	 Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. 			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS		
 Development of the US city Historical connections during the 20s and 30s. 	 Artists, Artwork, Architecture s known from other classes or personal cultural experiences. HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED 		ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET	
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, architecture and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative	1,2,3, and 4	
		Formative		
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED?				
Possible Interventions				

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4			
HOW V	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	 The student: Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an basic Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety US architectural examples (skyscrapers) in their sketchbooks to be used as subjects/inspirations in their drawing 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and identify a variety of skyscrapers and abstract landscapes produced in the United States. Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another.
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	
	• Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as:	
	Performs basic processes, such as:	
	0	

	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

Lay 190 th	Content Area: Visual Art Course: Art 8	Unit Title: Other Media Techniques and Mixed Media Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks		
MATERIALS / INST	RUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
Various pa	pers appropriate for mixed media	• Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate		
• brushes, w	ater cups, paper towels as appropriate	elements and principles; and historical comparisons within the world of		
Markers, c	olored pencils, watercolor, India Ink, holders, nibs of	Fiber-based media, mixed media, electronic arts and graphic design as		
various wi	dths	they create examples of such work and reflect upon them.		
Glue and b	inding materials (sewing bindings and/or magazine style			
binding)				
Heavy paper and Paper for sketchbook pages.				
Artbooks/textbooks				
 Internet enabled device and projector/screen 				
 Internet enabled student devices/chromebooks 				

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students to create electronic art. • Understanding th of Design • Understanding ar contrast them. U and US current ar	NINGS: ixed media and related techniques that allow the e graphic design related art, fiber based art, and e appropriate use of the Elements and Principles tists and artwork and be able to compare and nderstand connections between artwork, music ad historical events. e relationship of illustration and text in graphic	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What media and technique can I combine art and graphic design? What elements and principles of design we creation of mixed media and electronic art What artists and artwork from America ins can I draw between art, music and events i How effective was I in the creation of mixe artwork? 	ould help me th ? pire me, and w in the US?	e most in the hat connections
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
GLE: PP1C, PP1D	Product and Performance: Artists communicate applying media techniques and processes, sul		Х	
GLE: EP1A, EP2A	GLE: EP1A, EP2A Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			
GLE: IC1A, IC2A	GLE: IC1A, IC2A Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.			
GLE: HC1B	GLE: HC1B Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	GLE: PP1D: Create an Ar GLE: EP1A: Use Varied Li	P1C: Create an Artwork using software P1D: Create an Artwork using Fibre Arts P1A: Use Varied Line Quality C2A: Connecting Artwork to Events in the United States. WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 START HERE Students will understand that fiber-based techniques can be effectively used to create art. Students will understand media can be mixed and explored to create unexpected work. Students will understand that artwork can be created using electronic media and software. 		 Students will know examples of artwork that that is fiber based (any of the following: Weaving, knotting Paper making Batik Book arts and binding Students will know techniques and various media and how to effectively combine them in terms of: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Students will know techniques to create work using a computer. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout Students will create a work focusing the fiber Arts (such as book arts and bindery). Students will be able to create mixed media artwork(s) that focuses on, but is not limited to, the following:: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Students will be able to create an artwork using a computer 		

FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
		4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples or facilitate explanation of fiber arts and multi-media artwork. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application of fiber arts and mixed media work. Provide examples or facilitate investigation of subject matter from current events, historical sources as well as poetry/music. Demonstration of skills and techniques in the appropriate for application in computer based artwork. Participate in guided practice. 	 Create appropriate practice and planning (guided practice) sketches for developed work. Participate successfully in all presentations investigating subject matter: Line Quality Music and/or Poetry Current and Historical events in the United States Create a developed fiber-based artwork (book -arts based or other). Create an artwork focusing on line quality and informal balance (with an historical connection) such as calligraphy or other. Create an artwork or series of artworks using varied current and/or historical sources. 	1,2,3, and 4

	 Create an artwork using 	a computer.	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Rough drafts, idea formation and planning ideas when completing tasks. Historical subject source matter Technology 	 Elements and Principles Computer use ability Interactions with graph 	ic design	 How can I make my work better through organized self reflection?
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
НОМ	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	IS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	i TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take adva instruction Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr reflections 	ntage of the	1,2,3, and 4

HOW W	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Elements and Principles of Design					
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	EP1A: Identify and Use Varied Line Quality					
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	EP2A: Identify and Use In	EP2A: Identify and Use Informal Balance				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?			
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products			
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (varied line quality) are an important component in mixed media work. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design (Informal Balance) is an important component in a mixed media work. 		 Students will know the elements of line and line quality in art work. Students will know the principle of Informal balance as it applies to mixed media work. 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to identify, describe and create mixed media artwork that focus on line quality. Students will be able to identify, describe, and create mixed media artwork with informal balance. 			
	FACILITATING ACTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING					
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			

 Present and/or provide examples of the use of character of line in current/historical artwork. Present and/or provide examples of the use of informal balance Demonstration skills and techniques to apply Line, shape, color, and texture. Participate in guided practice. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Understanding the foundational concepts of any academic discipline is essential to	 Participate in discussion and/or presentations to illustrate the elements of quality and the principle balance Create finished/develop work incorporating the and line quality as well a of informal balance. Identify and describe the line and character of and texture as well as the principles of design 	e elements of d simulated d simulated d simulated d simulated d simulated	1,2,3 and 4
success.			
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNE	D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4

HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA Possible Interventions	RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L Possible Extensions/Enrichments	EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 HC1B: Compare and Contrast Artworks in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, cultural context. IC1A: Connect music/poetry and art. IC2A: Connect artwork to Events in the United States. WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 and contrast two w Students will under connection betwee visual art forms. Students will under 	stand that there is a n written, performed and stand that events and he US) are reflected in	 Students will know how to compare/contrast two artworks in terms of : Time and place Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function 	 Students will be able compare and contrast artworks using a Venn diagram(or other graphic organizer) in terms of: time, place, subject matter, theme, characteristics, materials, ideals/belief, and function Students will be able discuss the connections of their own visual art and sources from music and/or poetry.
		 Students will know how to discuss the connections between visual art and music/poetry. Students will know that art often reflects and/or direct events within a culture. 	• Students will be able discuss the concept of art both directing and reflecting the events and ideas within a culture (the US) such as in its editorial cartoons, and/or other events based work.

FACILITATING ACTIV	ITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead strategies for comparing and contrasting artworks using a graphic organizer such as a Venn diagram. Present and/or provide examples of artwork from in terms of time, place, artist, subject matter, theme, characteristics, materials, ideals and belief, and function. Present examples of and facilitate discussion about the relationship of visual art and music/poetry in a graphic design work. Present and/or provide examples of artwork that clearly reflects events and ideas in US history and current events. Participate in guided practice. 	 Students use a graphic organizer or other strategy to compare/contrast two artworks in terms of : Time and place Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function Students will participate in discussions and/or reflections examining the connections of their own visual art and sources from music and/or poetry. Students will write a reflection or participate in a discussion examining the concept of art directing and reflecting the events and ideas within a culture (the US) such as in its editorial cartoons, and/or other events based 	1,2,3 and 4

 INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION History and geography of the US Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON Artists, Artwork, and Cu from other classes or pe experiences. OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE 	ltures known rsonal cultural	FD2
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Compare and Contrast Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork, etc. Participation in discussions and presentations. 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	instruction		1,2,3, and 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or				
	reflections				
HOW V	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?				
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

	Content Area: Visual Art Course: Art 8	Unit Title: Painting Techniques and Processes Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks		
MATERIALS / INST	TRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Heavy Paper appropriate for painting Paint brushes, water cups, paper towels Tempera and watercolor media Artbooks/textbooks Internet enabled device(s) and projector/screen drying Rack 		 Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and historical connections within the world of painting as they create works of art and reflect upon them. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Understanding and using painting techniques and media that allow the students to express a variety of topics and subjects. Understanding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles 		 What media and technique do I need to master mix a vari shades, and other colors in my paintings? How can I use complementary colors (creating strong continued) 		

of Design (color, value, movement, and shape) in painting.

- Understanding a selection of US artists(and work) known for painting.
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own paintings as well as that of others.

value? How can I use a variety of shapes? How can I use Rhythm?

- What US Painters can influence my own work?
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of paintings?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
GLE: PP1B	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
GLE: EP1E, EP1F, EP2C, EP2D, EP1B	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
GLE: AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
GLE: HC1A	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP1B: Create a variety of colors, tints, and shades mixing pigments GLE: EP1E and 2C: Use complementary colors and contrast GLE: EP1F: Vary the Value GLE: EP2D: Use Progressive Rhythm GLE: EP1B: Use Varied Shapes			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	BE ABLE TO DO? <i>Skills; Products</i>	
 Students will understand how to mix colors, tints and shades (varying the value) in painting Students will understand how to use complementary colors in painting and the resulting strong contrasts. Students will understand how to use a variety of shapes for both variety and rhythm 		 Students will know how to mix pigments effectively to vary the value into tints and shades and apply this to other colors as well. Students will know how achieve strong contrast through complements. Students will know how to use a variety of shapes Organic Geometric Free-form Students know how to achieve progressive rhythm. Students will know selected medium/media/materials (tempera, 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to create an effective painting, or series of paintings, that incorporate incorporates varied value (including tints and shades), as well as other mixed colors. Students will create a painting that includes complementary colors. Students will be able to include the principle of progressive rhythm and variety of shape in their paintings. 	

	watercolor, brush types, etc	c).		
FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHOD	DS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking	
			4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples or facilitate exploration of 	Create appropriate practice	and planning	1,2,3, and 4	
the use of:	(guided practice) sketches f	for		
 variety of shape 	developed work.			
\circ varied value (tints and shades)	Create an effective painting	, or series of		
 progressive rhythm 	paintings, that incorporate:	:		
 Color complements (high contrast) 	 variety of shape 			
Demonstration of skills and techniques in	\circ varied value (tints a	and shades)		
the effective mixing of pigment to create	 progressive rhythm 			
tints, shades and other colors.	 Color complements 	; (high		
Participate in guided practice.	contrast)			
	• Create a painting focusing on effective			
	mixing of pigment to create tints, shades and other colors.			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNEC	CTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
Rough drafts, idea formation and planning	• Elements and Principles of E	Design	How can I make my work better through	
ideas when completing tasks.	General painting approache		organized self reflection?	
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	S HAVE LEARNE	D?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET	
		OR	(1. Descrill 2. Chill/Conserve 2. Churcheric Thirding	
	S	UMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking	
			4=Extended Thinking)	
Project Assessments	Su	ummative	1,2,3, and 4	
Written Reflections				

 Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Summative Formative Formative V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT Possible Interventions	LEARNED?			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY Teacher will provide further in-class practice	• Students will take advantage of extra	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, and 4			
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 				
HOW V	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts. 	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4			

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design

REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1E and 2C: Identify use complementary colors and high contrast			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP1F: Identify and use varied value			
	GLE: EP2D: Identify use g	progressive rhythm		
	GLE: EP1B: Identify and u	ise varied shapes		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (color, value, shape) are an important component in painting. Students will understand that organizing elements through application of the Principles of Design (Variety and Progressive Rhythm) is an important component in painting. 		 Students will know the elements of: Color (complementary) Value (tints and shades) Shape (variety) Students will know the principles of design in their painting: Progressive rhythm variety IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished product through the use of sketching and layout. Students will be able to identify and use the following elements: Color (complementary) Value (tints and shades) Shape (variety) Students will be able to identify and use the following principles: Progressive rhythm variety 	
TEACHER INSTRUC		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	

 Present and/or provide examples of the use 	Participate in discussion		1,2,3 and 4
of the following elements in paintings:	and/or presentations to record,		
 Color (complementary) 	illustrate and identify the elements of:		
\circ Value (tints and shades)	 Color (complem 	nentary)	
 Shape (variety) 	\circ Value (tints and	shades)	
 Present and/or provide examples of the use 	 Shape (variety) 		
of the following principles in paintings:	 Participate in discussion 	s, activities,	
 Progressive rhythm 	and/or presentations to	illustrate and	
 variety 	identify the principle of:		
• Participate in guided practice.	 Progressive rhy 	thm	
	 variety 		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		
Understanding the foundational concepts of	General knowledge of the second	ne elements and	
any academic discipline is essential to	principles of design		
success.			
• Science: the visible color spectrum			
• Human emotional reaction to color.			
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR	
		SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
			4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
Written Reflections			
 Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills 		Summative	
Class discussions		Formative	
		Formative	

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4	
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED? Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 GLE: AP2A: Informal/Formal Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment)
	 GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork/events from the United States

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that methodically reflecting upon the effectiveness of their own paintings and that of others through an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) is an essential component of artistic growth. Students will understand that the knowledge of art and artists from the United States a is an essential component of artistic growth. 	 Students will know the following components of an art critique: Description (subjects, and the elements of color, value, shape) Analysis (variety, shape) Interpretation (themes, purposes) Judgment (as an example expressionistic, formalism). Students will know a selection of artwork from the United States: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. Modern/Post Modern Trends 	 Students will be able participate in a large or small group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous artwork. Students will be able to write an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Students will be able to Identify a variety of artists and artwork from the United States. Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Modern/Post Modern Trend 	

FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Present and lead an Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of a famous painting Present and/or provide examples or facilitate exploration of the United States: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. Modern/Post Modern Trends 	 Participate in a group Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment). Produce a written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) of their own work or that of another. Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record a variety of artwork: Regionalists (such as Thomas Hart Benton) Armory Show in NYC and Shifts to abstraction, surrealism and expressionism. Post-war non-objective work such as Pollock and Krasner. Pop Art such as Lichtenstein, Warhol. 	1,2,3 and 4

	 Modern/Post M 	lodern Trends	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		
 History and geography of the US and selected European States Biographies of artists and those affiliated with them. 	 Artists, Artwork, and Cultures known from other classes or personal cultural experiences. 		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	INTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Written Art Critique (describe, analyze, interpret, and judgment) Sketchbook entries of artists, artwork and critique items Teacher led Group Critique and discussion 		Summative Formative Formative	1,2,3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interven		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	i TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantion Students will take advantion Students will take advantion opportunity to re-do printe 	ntage of the	1,2,3, and 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

THE OF THE CASE OF	Content Area: Visual Art Course: Art 8	Unit Title: 3 D Techniques and Media Unit Duration: 4-5 Weeks
 Low Fire C water cups 	RUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: lay, Under-Glazes, Glazes, Kiln s, paper towels, Plastic Bags, Ware- boards as	 BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand various process and technique; appropriate elements and principles; and perceptions about the world of sculpture
 Tooling Sh Tagboard Artbooks/t 	(or other clay tools!), craft sticks, etc. eet Metal	and 3D work in general as they create works of art and reflect upon them.
ENDURING UNDER		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
students to	ding and using sculptural technique that allow the o express a variety of artwork. ding the appropriate use of the Elements and Principles	 What technique do I need to create modeled work in clay and metal? What elements, texture, and principles of design of balance would help me the most in the creation of a sculpture?

- Understanding the themes of Environment, Passage of time and the role of Functional work.
- What is Functional art? How could I express the passage of time and environment in my work.
- How effective was I and were others in the creation of 3D work?
- Reflecting upon the effectiveness of the student's own sculptures as well as that of others.

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?					
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					
GLE: PP2A, PP3B, PP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х			
РРЗВ	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.				
GLE: EP1D,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	Х			
EP2A	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).				
HC1A, HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Product and Performance		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: PP2A: Create a modeled artwork. Create an artwork that includes carving. GLE: PP3B: Create a Functional Artwork. GLE: PP3C: Use one of the following themes in an artwork: environment and passage of time GLE: EP1D: Use Invented Texture GLE: EP2A: Use informal Balance		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
 carving are an important functional object in Students will under modeling in a varie Students will under 	that give meaning to the fer across situations. Testand that modeling and prtant part of creating a clay. Testand the use of ty of media Testand that the themes of assage of time can be	 KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know various approaches for modeling in clay: Simple modeling Coil and slab building (additive) carving(subtractive) Students will know related vocabulary and concepts for ceramics Wedging, scoring, skipping, etc. Glazes, underglazes, etc Plastic, leatherhard, greenware, and routines for effective clay construction. Students will know a selection of functional sculpture types Students will know the themes of 	 BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Students will be able to prepare for finished sculpture through the use of sketching and planning in their sketchbooks Students will be able to create an effective functional, modeled ceramic sculpture. Students will be able create a modeled metalwork under the theme of passage of time and/or environment that incorporates invented texture and is balanced. Students will be able discuss processes and related vocabulary

FACILITATING ACT	 environment and passage of time and related subject matter Students know modeling in metal and related vocabulary Chasing, repousse Convex, concave Informal balance Invented texture 	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples or facilitate explanation of functional artwork in clay. Provide examples or facilitate explanation of modeled metalwork (repousse/chasing). Demonstration of approaches and routines working in clay and metal. Demonstration of skills, vocabulary, and techniques for hand building in clay. Participate in guided practice. 	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations of related processes and vocabulary items for developed sculpture. Create a developed and effective functional, modeled ceramic sculpture Create a modeled metalwork under the theme of passage of time and/or environment which includes invented texture. Participate effectively in all demonstrations and studio routives. 	1,2,3, and 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Rough drafts, idea formation and planning	Elements and Principles of Design	How can I make my work better through

ideas when completing tasks.	 Different approaches to scu (carving, casting, modeling) 		organized self reflection?
НС	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	S HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC		FORMATIVE OR UMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills Class discussions 	Su Fo	immative immative ormative ormative	1,2,3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS H		RNED?
	Possible Interventions	5	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TA	SK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantag instruction Students will take advantag opportunity to re-do project reflections 	e of the	1,2,3, and 4
HOW W	/ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAV	E ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrich		

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDARD:				
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•		
3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.			
3.0	The student:	•		
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content			
2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O Performs basic processes, such as: 	•		
	O However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.			
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content			

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 2	Applying the Elements and Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: EP1D: Identify and use Invented Texture			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: EP2A: Identify and use informal Balance			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Elements of Design (invented texture) are an important component a sculpture. Students will understand that the considered selection and use of the Principles of Design (Balance) are an important component a sculpture. 		 Students will know and be able to use invented texture in sculpture. Students will know and be able to use the principle of balance in sculpture. Informal Formal radial 	 Students will be able to prepare for finished work through the use of sketching and design. Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating invented texture and be able to identify it Students will create a developed sculpture incorporating the principle of balance and be able to identify it 	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
of invented texture	vide examples of the use in sculpture. vide examples of balance	 Participate in discussions, activities, and/or presentations to record and illustrate the element of invented 	1,2,3 and 4	

			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
	Possible Interventi	ons	
ном	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	S HAVE NOT LEAR	RNED?
		Formative	
		i oi mative	
 Class discussions 		Formative	
 Written Reflections Sketchbook entries, sketches, and drills 		Summative	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
		2	
		SUMMATIVE?	4=Extended Thinking)
		OR	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
НС	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
success			
any academic discipline is essential to	principles of design		
Understanding the foundational concepts of	General knowledge of th	e elements and	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONI	NECTIONS	
	and the principle of bala		
	 Identify the element of i 		
	texture and the principle	of balance.	
	incorporating the element	•	
• Participate in guided practice.	texture and the principleCreate finished/develope		

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4
номи	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDARD:				
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS		
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•		
3.0	The student:	•		
	•			
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content			
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•		
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 			
	 Performs basic processes, such as: O 			
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.			
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or			
-	omissions regarding the 3.0 content			

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

OBJECTIVE # 3	Art History, Perceptions, and Connections		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	GLE: HC1A: Identifying a variety of artwork/events from the United States		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	GLE: HC1B: Compare and Contrast works of Art		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans	• •	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Students will understand artwork from the United States that incorporates: Modeling Functionality Students will understand comparing and 		 Students will engage in a selection of 3D work from the United States and recognize the level of its artistic qualities, including but not limited to: Native American functional artwork (effigy and other) including the Mississippian 	 Students will be able identify and discuss sculpture created in the United States. Students will be able to effectively compare and contrast two functional sculptures.
contrasting works of art deepens the understanding of such work.		 Culture. Repousse work (including Liberty 	

	Leading the People)	
ΓΑCILITATING ΑCTIV	 Students will know how to compare/contrast functional sculpture by: Time and place Artist Subject matter and theme Characteristics Materials Ideals and belief Function 	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

• Present and lead/facilitate a presentation of	Compare/contrast funct	ional sculpture	
approaches to compare/contrast functional by:			
sculpture by:	 Time and place 		
 Time and place 	 Artist 		
 Artist 	 Subject matter a 	and theme	
 Subject matter and theme 	 Characteristics 		
 Characteristics 	 Materials 		
 Materials 	 Ideals and belie 	f	
 Ideals and belief 	 Function 		
• Function			
 Participate in guided practice. 			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	
Historical Connections to processes	 Artists, Artwork, and Cu 	lltures known	
	from other classes or pe		
	experiences.		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR	
		SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
			4=Extended Thinking)
Written Products		Summative	1,2,3, and 4
 Sketchbook entries and sketches/notes 	 Sketchbook entries and sketches/notes 		
Teacher and student led discussions		Formative	
		Formative	
		1 of mative	
Ном	WWILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAR	NED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, and 4		
HOW \	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

STANDA	RD:	
SCORE	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TASKS
4.0	In addition to score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	•
3.0	The student:	•
	•	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of 3.0 content	
2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Recognizes or recalls specific terminology, such as: O 	
	 Performs basic processes, such as: 0 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or	
	omissions regarding the 3.0 content	

1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of	
	the more complex ideas and processes.	
LND	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

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CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Color	
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Paper Oil Pastels Chalk Pastels Prismacolor Pencils Paint		 BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand and be able to apply concepts to produce a work of art that shows color schemes and tone accurately. Students will be able to produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 			
 Paint ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will be able to use color to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: Color wheel, primary, secondary, intermediate, monochromatic, analogous, triadic, complementary, warm/cool, split complement, double complement, intensity, shades, tints. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How will I use color in my artwork to exprese How does color affect artwork? What colors schemes are available in art? What do artists try to achieve by using cert How is color connected to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the meaning of the schemes are available in art to the schemes are available in art to	ain color schen		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING	

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Color		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. • Students will be able to use color to expressively communicate ideas		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Color wheel, primary, secondary, intermediate, monochromatic, analogous, triadic, complementary, warm/cool, split complement, double complement, intensity, shades, tints	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Use color in artwork to expressively communicate ideas Use color to connect to the meaning of the art work Use color schemes correctly in a work of art
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and in art Demonstrate skills and 	-	 Create artwork demonstrating how color expressively communicates ideas Use different types of color schemes in artwork 	1, 2, 3, and 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
MathHistory			•
- History			
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written ReflectionsClass discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction 		1,2,3, & 4
• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books	 Students will take advar opportunity to re-do pro 	•	
	reflections		

Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

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CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Line
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will be able to produce a work of art that shows line variation accurately. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. Students will use a variety of line to express larger human emotions.
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will be able to use line to expressively communicate ideas Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: Outline, contour, Expressive/Abstract, hatching/cross, organic/geometric, implied: closure, line of sight, edge 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How do you use line to expressively communicate ideas? How will students use outline, contour, hatching/cross hatching, organic/geometric, and implied lines?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?					
Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary					
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	x			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X			
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х			
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Line				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C 				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	<i>E/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i> • IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F				
	• III.AP1A, III.AP2A				
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A			
	• V.HC1A, V.HC2	18			
	1	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths the	• •	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products		
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		ACADEMIC VOCABULARY			
•	ely communicate ideas	• Students will know outline, contour,	Use line in drawing		
Outline, contour, Exp		Expressive/Abstract, hatching/cross,	Use lines to express ideas		
hatching/cross, organ implied: closure, line		organic/geometric, implied: closure, line of sight, edge	 Recognize different types and personalities of lines in artwork 		
	<u> </u>	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIO	DNAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Provide examples and	d explanation of lines	Create artwork demonstrating line in an	1, 2, 3, and 4		
in art		expressive manner			
Demonstrate skills an		Use different type of lines in artwork			
INTERDISCIPLINARY	CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS		

• Math			•
НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Intervent	tions	NED? DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advanting instruction Students will take advantion opportunity to re-do provide to reflections 	ntage of the	
 and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	instructionStudents will take advaropportunity to re-do pressioned and the statement of the stateme	ntage of the ojects or HAVE ALREADY LE	1,2,3, & 4

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	 Students will demonstrate more 	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

NET OF THE CITY	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Shape and Form
1×EST, 1946	COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

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MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will be able produce artwork that accurately depicts a 3D form and/or a 2D composition displaying geometric and organic shapes. Students will be able to produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency.
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will be able to understand the difference between 2D shapes and 3D forms. Students will be able to distinguish between geometric and organic shapes and forms. Students will understand the difference between closed and open forms. 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How do I demonstrate 2D shapes? How do I demonstrate 3D forms? What are the differences between 2D and 3D artwork? What are the differences between geometric and organic shapes? What is the difference between open and closed 3D forms? What is the difference between relief and sculpture in the round?
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?
Standards, Concepts, Cor	itent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IPP3C			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Shape		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. • Students demonstrate an understanding of the differences between 2D shape and 3D forms.		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY • Three-dimensional, relief sculpture, sculpture in the round, open/closed, 2D	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products • Create a sculpture (relief or sculpture in the round) that uses a variety of geometric and organic shapes as well as closed and open forms.
 Students demonstrate the difference between organic and geometric shapes and forms. 			
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and shapes and 3D forms Demonstrate skills and 	in art	 Create artwork demonstrating 2D shapes and 3D forms Use different type of shapes and forms 	1, 2, 3, and 4

	in artwork		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	ONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math			•
Geometry			
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUE	DENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written ReflectionsClass discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE	NTS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interve	ntions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNIN	IG TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples.	 Students will take adv instruction 	antage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	• Students will take adv	antage of the	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do p reflections	projects or	

Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4		

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	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Space
ł	COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Paint Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will understand the principles that guide the concept of space in art in order to create a work of art that exhibits a sense of spacial depth through the use of atmospheric and linear perspective. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Students will be able to use space to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: positive and negative and atmospheric perspective. Students will be able to use overlapping, value, color, scale, and detailing to create a sense of spatial depth. 	 How do you use atmospheric perspective, overlapping, placement, scale, value, color intensity, and detailing to create a sense of depth? 		

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X			
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х			
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Space
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, III.AP1A, III.AP2 IV.1C1A, IV.1C2 V.HC1A, V.HC1 	2A	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
UNDERSTAI Concepts; essential truths tha	t give meaning to the	KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products
 Use of space to give a depth Use of atmospheric per relationship to color a sense of depth How to use overlappin detailing to create a sense of sense of sense a sense of sens	nn illusion of spatial erspective in and value to create a ng, placement, scale,	 ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Atmospheric Perspective Overlapping Placement Detailing Color and value intensity Vanishing point Positive space Negative space 	 Create a landscape that uses atmospheric perspective, overlapping, placement, detailing, scale, color and value intensity to create a work of art Use space to express a concept
		IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIO	INAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and in art Demonstrate skills and 		 Create a work of art demonstrating an accurate use of atmospheric perspective and space concepts overlapping, placement, scale, 	1, 2, 3, and 4

	detailing, and value/col	or intensity	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math	-		•
HO	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	N	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written Reflections		Summative	
Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice	• Students will take advan	tage of extra	1,2,3, & 4
and examples. instruction			
• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	Students will take advan	-	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do pro reflections	ojects or	

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Texture
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils Oil Pastels Chalk Pastels Prismacolor Pencils Paint 	 Students will be able to produce a work of art that shows simulated or actual texture accurately. Students will be able to produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 		

Mix Media, Fabrie	C					
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will be able to understand the difference between implied and actual texture. 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How do I demonstrate implied texture? How do I demonstrate actual texture? 				
						WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?
Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary						
REFERENCE/STANDARD			MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		х			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		X			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.					
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.					
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	TEXTURE			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		2A	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. • Students demonstrate an understanding of the differences between implied (simulated) and actual texture		KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY • How to create simulated texture and actual texture from various media	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Create simulated and implied textures in 2D media Creating actual texture on a sculpture or combination of 2 and 3D artwork	
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING	
	DNAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples and implied and actual tex Demonstrate skills and 	xture in art	 Create artwork demonstrating implied texture Create artwork demonstrating actual texture 	1, 2, 3, and 4	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	Use different types of texture	
	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
НО	N DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEAR	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions	Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEA Possible Interventions STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or 	1,2,3, & 4

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Value
COURSE: Intro to Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	 Students will produce a work that shows accurate value depiction. Students will produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. 		
 Students will be able to use line to expressively communicate ideas. Students will be able to recognize and recall terminology: scale, shadow, light and chiaroscuro 	 How do you use accurately use value in artwork? How will you use value to depict a 3D form? What are the different formats used to create value? 		
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?			
Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Value		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3B, IPP3C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IIEP1A, IIEP1B,	IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
	• III.AP1A, III.AP	2A	
	• IV.1C1A, IV.1C	2A	
	• V.HC1A, V.HC1	LB	
	I	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths tha		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
• Use value to depict 3	D forms.	• Scale	Use value in drawing
• Use value appropriately in artwork.		ShadowLightChiaroscuro	 Use value to show shadows and highlights
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	IING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide examples and	explanation of value	Create artwork demonstrating how	1, 2, 3, and 4
in art • Demonstrate skills an	d techniques	value depicts 3D formsUse different type of value in artwork	
INTERDISCIPLINARY	-	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS

• Math		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEAR	RNED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE	(1-Bocall 2-Skill/Concont 2-Stratogic Thinking
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LI	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY Possible Extensions/Enrichments	LEARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	 Students will demonstrate more 	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Assemblage
COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Paper-mache Plaster / Plaster strips Clay / Clay tools Found materials Cardboard, Paper Wire Glaze 	 Students will demonstrate additive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Artwork in the round Relief (high and low) Form and Texture (Elements) Principles of Design 'Architecture' of an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing) Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 	 How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art? How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art? How is 3D art assembled and constructed? How do we analyze and interpret artwork?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X			
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х			
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Assemblage			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B 			
	I	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Artwork in the round Relief (high and low) Form and Texture (Elements) Principles of Design 'Architecture' of an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing) Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 		 Day of the Dead Richard Notkin (teapots) Johnson Tsang (Surrealist sculptor) Carrie Reichardt Andy Goldsworthy (Natural materials) Judy Chicago Kinetic Sculpture (Calder) 	Create sculpture through assemblage techniques with a variety of materials. For example: Hand-building (coil and slab) Paper-mache Plaster Found materials construction Wheel Throwing Cardboard, Paper construction Wire sculpture Glazing Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.	
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	

 Teacher will discuss examples of art and artists. Teacher will give practical demonstration of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	 Students will create 3D artwork such as: Coil-built vessels Slab-built sculpture (tea pots, whimsical mugs) Paper-mache calacas or pinatas Composite thrown forms Functional work Mosaic Mobils 		1,2,3,4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Science: chemical properties of clay,	Elements of Art		•
balance, tensile strength of materials			
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Coil-built vessels		Summative &	1,2,3, & 4
 Slab-built sculpture (tea pots, whimsical m Paper-mache calacas or pinatas Composite thrown forms Functional work Mosaic Mobils 	ugs)	Formative	
HO	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAP	NED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET

 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or 	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, & 4
	reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L <i>Possible Extensions/Enrichments</i>	EARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Assemblage Topic: Clay, Wood, Metal, Recycled Material, Fabric	, Wire, and more
Score	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what	Sample Tasks
4.0 Score 3.0	 was taught. Without assistance 3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success. The student: Will utilize the assembly process effectively using multiple sculpture and clay media (clay/ceramics, wire, papier-mâché, or wood). Effective execution of the assembly process: exhibits good craftsmanship, material is used appropriately (e.g., clay does not have air bubbles, plaster is not clumpy, papier-mâché properly adheres assembled parts together etc.), sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance. Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for the particular material (e.g., in regard to papier-mâché the student builds an armature, applies additional material such as masking tape and newspaper, and finally the last layer of paste and glue to unify the material) Exhibits understanding of wheel throwing using the concepts of centering, pulling clay walls, and compositing pieces together 	 Create a creative cup through slab/coil hand- building process inspired by the art field of product design. Create an architectural model inspired by reusable/sustainable resources using found objects or basal wood. Reference Frank Gehry and Antoni Gaudi Research a culture and create a papier-mâché sculpture based on the research Create a large scale soft sculpture using fabric inspired by sculptor Claes Oldenburg Create a mix media found object sculpture inspired by Robert Rauschenberg Create a non-objective relief sculpture based on artist Vassily Kandinsky and Frank Stella Create a mosaic based on artist Antoni Gaudi and Nicki De Saint Phalle
Score 2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. 	 Assemble a mobile (using wire) inspired by sculptor Alexander Calder Create a Day of the Dead Calaca inspired by Hispanic art and culture Create a teapot through assemblage in the style of Richard Notkin Create a surreal sculpture in the style of Johnson Tsang

	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	 Create an artwork using found objects in the style of Carrie Reichardt Create an artwork with natural materials in the style of Andy Goldsworthy Create a part or whole installation work based on social issues in the style of Judy Chicago
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	 With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content 	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Principles of Design	
		Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and	Movement.
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In a	addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The s	student:	
3.0	•	• Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of	
		art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety.	
	The s	student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score			
2.0	stude	ent, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	
	ideas	s and processes.	
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has	
		applied them simplistically.	
	•	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	•	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,	

		balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With h	elp, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas	
1.0	and pr	ocesses.	
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even v	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Expressive Communication	
		Topic: Conceptualism	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
		ddition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The st	tudent:	
3.0	•	Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied.	
	•	Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion.	
	•	Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner.	
	•	Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work.	
	The st	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the		
2.0		nt, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	
	ideas and processes.		
		The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has	
	•	applied them simplistically.	
		apprice mem simplistically.	

	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.		
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas		
1.0	and processes.		
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.		

		Strand: Craftsmanship	
		Topic: Aesthetics	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0			Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	ore The student:		
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	Ther	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,	
2.0	howe	ver, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and	
	proce	processes.	

	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Art Criticism				
	Topic: Critique				
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II				
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks			
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.				
Score 3.0					
Score 2.0	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and				

	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 		
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.		
• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.			
	• The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.		
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content		
core	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and		
.0	processes.		
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content		
Score).0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.		



HE CIT ON	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Carving
	COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks
and a		

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Soapstone Plaster Clay Soap Wood Glazing	 BIG IDEA(S): Students will demonstrate subtractive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	and classmates. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

 Principles of des Relief Sculpture Sculpture in the Subtractive tech Finishing technic 	round niques		gh 3-D art? tive techniques	?
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that	will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas the applying media techniques and processes, subject mat	0	x	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas thromart elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture an unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and patter	d space) and principles (balance,	x	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to an experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpartwork through art criticism.		X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to math, science, and social studies.	performing arts, communication arts,	x	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the h		x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Assemblage		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		P1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP IEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.2	1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, 1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans;		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Principles of design Relief Sculpture Sculpture in the round Subtractive techniques Finishing techniques (i.e. sanding and smoothing) 		 Art History: Relief: Greek, Mesopotamian, Hindu, Native American New Zealand, Africa, South America(Wood carving) 	Create sculpture through carving and subtractive techniques with a variety of materials. For example: Soapstone Plaster Clay Soap Wood Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
artists.	ss examples of art and practical demonstration	Students will create 3D artwork such as:Non Objective sculpture	1,2,3,4

 of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	 Woodcut printmaking African masks Totems Storytelling through response 		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COM	INECTIONS	
 Science: properties of materials Social Studies: Greek, Mesopotamian, Hindu, Native American, New Zealand, Africa, South America 	Elements of Art		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDI	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Non Objective sculpture Woodcut printmaking African masks Totems Storytelling through relief/carving 		Summative, & Formative	1,2,3, & 4
	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples.	 Students will take adva instruction 	ntage of extra	1,2,3, & 4

 Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Carving Topic: Clay, Wood, Plaster, or Soap Stone				
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture	I & II			
Score 4.0					
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.				
Score 3.0	 The student: Will utilize the carving process effectively using multiple sculpture and clay media (clay/ceramics, soap, plaster, soapstone, foam blocks, or wood). Effective execution of the carving process: exhibits good craftsmanship, material is used appropriately (e.g., soapstone is carved, filed, sanded, and polished to reveal natural shine etc.), sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance. 	 Create a non-objective sculpture using soapstone Create a sculpture based on indigenous art from New Zealand, Africa, and South America using wood Create a vase that displays low, medium, and high relief using clay Cast Plaster of Paris and carve a sculpture (realistic, abstract, or non-objective) 			

	• Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for the particular material (e.g., in regard to soapstone, chisel large pieces off, carve soapstone, file using a filing tool, and lastly sand to reveal	
	the natural shine of the material)	
C	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and	•
2.0	processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or	
	omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and	
	techniques but has applied them simplistically.	
	······································	
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• Alt work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	• The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some	
	important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	important aspects that keep the project from being funy realized.	
	15 Dertial travelades of the 2.0 centert but major amore an emissions reserved in the 2.0 centert	
Score	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the	
1.0	more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0	2. ch init help, he and building of blan demonstrated	

	Strand: Principles of Design		
	Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and Movement.		
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II		
Score	Score In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Sample Tasks		
4.0	Without assistance.		

	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.
Score	The s	tudent:
3.0	•	Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of
		art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety.
	The s	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content
Score	There	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the
2.0	stude	nt, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex
		and processes.
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has
		applied them simplistically.
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,
	-	balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is
		used) needs improvement.
		The second full second of the shire time has been been been a second s
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that
		keep the project from being fully realized.
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score		elp, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas
1.0	and pr 0.5	ocesses. With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
C	***	
Score 0.0	Even w	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.
V•V		

		Strand: Expressive Communication			
		Topic: Conceptualism			
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II			
Score 4.0	In a	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.			
	3.5	5.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.			
Score 3.0		Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or			

	theme studied.	
	• Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion.	
	• Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner.	
	• Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work.	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the	
2.0	student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	
	ideas and processes.	
	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,	
	balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that	
	keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Craftsmanship	
Topic: Aesthetics		
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. ,	Sample Tasks

	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.
Score	The s	tudent:
3.0	•	Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product.
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without
l		falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure
		parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing
ľ		soapstone, etc.).
l	•	Completing the full process for all materials and media used.
ľ	•	Completing projects.
ľ	The s	tudent exhibits no major errors or omissions.
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content
Score	There	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,
2.0	howev	ver, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and
	proce	sses.
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,
		balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that
		keep the project from being fully realized.
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score 1.0	With h process	elp, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and ses.
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
Score 0.0	Even w	ith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.

Strand: Art Criticism	
Topic: Critique	

		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.		Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	The s	 Will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge learned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work of others. 	
	•	 Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided template. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
2.0	How proce	 ever, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and esses. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	•	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	proces		
Score	0.5 Even	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0	Liven		



0	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Casting
0	COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	DNAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):			
 Plaster & Plaste Wax Glaze 	r Strips	 Students will demonstrate subtractive sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the-round and relief Students will communicate ideas visually through 3-dimensional art. Students will be able to discuss and analyze the artwork of other artists and classmates. 			
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
 Principles of design Relief sculpture or sculpture in the round Slip casting Wax Casting Casting with plaster strips How do we analyze and i 			igh 3-D art? techniques?		
	Standards Concents Cor	itent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
		iterit, Skills, Floudets, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD				SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate	ideas through artworks by selecting and	x		
ІРР2А, ІРРЗА, ІРРЗВ,	IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.				
IPP3C					
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying				
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, te	exture and space) and principles (balance,			
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	IEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).				

IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Casting			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS		P1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C, IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B		
	<u> </u>	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Principles of design Relief or in the round Slip casting Wax Casting Plaster strips 		 Modern/Post-modern Art Henry Moore Jasper Johns Bruce Nauman George Segal Abstract/ nonobjective 	Create sculpture through casting techniques with a variety of materials. For example: Mold Making Casting hands, and face Model of a monument Relief casting Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.	
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	IING AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
artists.	ess examples of art and practical demonstration de practice time.	 Students will create 3D artwork such as: Creating molds Casting their hands, or their face Model of a monument 	1,2,3,4	

 Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	Casting a relief sculpture	9	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNE	CTIONS	
 Science: properties of materials Communication Arts: analyzing and discussing artwork as a means of communication 	Elements of Art		•
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENT	S HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Mold Making Casting hands, and face Model of a monument Relief casting 	F	ormative, &	1,2,3, & 4
HO	N WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS		(NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING T		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advanta instruction Students will take advanta opportunity to re-do proje reflections 	ge of the	1,2,3, & 4

ном и	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARG				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4		

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Casting	
	Topic: Creating Casts and Molds	
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	S Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	• Cast hands and face. Possible
Score 3.0	The student: Will utilize the casting process and produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and symbolic imagery	paint casts using symbols that are important to students
	• Effective execution of the casting process: exhibits good craftsmanship material is used appropriately (e.g., plaster, tape, clay, papier-mâché, etc.) sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance.	 Johns or Bruce Nauman Study the masters and create a cast that is inspired by an artist the student has researched
	• Exhibits understanding of the different stages of construction for the particular material	found objects) to cast hands and face to
~	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	express a social statement or discuss identity
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the	through visuals

	 more complex ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	 Cast figures using packing tape and create installations using figures to discuss larger concepts relevant to their community and the larger world
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Principles of Design	
		Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm and M	lovement.
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In a	addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	•	 student: Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety. student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score	Ther	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the	
2.0	stude	ent, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex	

	 ideas and processes. The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Expressive Communication	
	Topic: Conceptualism	
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied. Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion. Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept using the elements and principles of art in a complex manner. Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work. 	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	

Score 2.0	stude	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the ent, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex and processes.	
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.		
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even v	with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Craftsmanship	
		Topic: Aesthetics	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Score 4.0	In a	addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score	The s	student:	
3.0	•	• Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product.	
	•	Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure	
		parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing soapstone, etc.).	

	• Completing the full process for all materials and media used.			
	• Completing projects.			
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.			
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content			
Score	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student,			
2.0	however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and			
	processes.			
	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has			
	applied them simplistically.			
	• Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.			
	• The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering,			
	balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used)			
	needs improvement.			
	•			
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that			
	keep the project from being fully realized.			
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content			
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and			
1.0	processes.			
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content			
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.			
0.0				

	Strand: Art Criticism					
	Topic: Critique					
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II					
Score	Score In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Sample Task					
4.0	Without assistance.		Class critique of peer artworkCritique of professional			
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	artwork			
Score						
3.0	•	Will participate, analyze, find meaning and make acute observations based on the knowledge				
		learned and form opinions that help in the improvement of his/her own work as well as the work				
		of others.				

	•	Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided template.
	•	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content
Score	Ther	e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:
2.0	How	ever, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and
	proce	
	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.
	•	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content
Score	With b	help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and
1.0	proces	
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content
Score	Even v	vith help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.
0.0		



١.	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Modeling
Sanna a	COURSE: Sculpture & Ceramics	UNIT DURATION: 2-5 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper-mache Plaster / Plaster strips Clay / Clay tools/glaze 	 Students will demonstrate modeling sculpture skills Students will understand sculptural concepts include art-in-the- 		

 Cardboard, Pape Wire Glaze)r	 round and relief Students will communicate ideas vis art. Students will be able to discuss and artists and classmates. 		
 ENDURING UNDERST Artwork in the ro Relief (high and Form and Texture Principles of Destination 'Architecture' of Form and function Craft and Art Installation Art 	und low) e (Elements) sign an assemblage (armature, layering, finishing)	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does an audience view a 3-dimensional work of art? How can artist communicate visually through 3-D art? How is 3D art assembled and constructed? How do we analyze and interpret artwork? 		
	AT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF T	HIS UNIT?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STAND ARD i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	lards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDAR D	SUPPORTIN G STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communic applying media techniques and processes, su		x	

III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	X	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Modeling			
REFERENCES/STAND ARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F, III.AP1A, III.AP2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A, V.1C1A, V.1C1A, V.HC1A, V.HC1B			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Principles of design Relief Sculpture Sculpture in the round Throwing on the wheel Centering, Pulling, Finishing techniques 		 Avant-garde sculptures François Auguste René Rodin (Thinker) Other cultures' influence on ceramics (i.e. China) Contemporary ceramicists and their work 	Create sculpture through modeling techniques with a variety of materials. For example: Clay Wheel Throwing Glazing Plaster / Plaster strips Cardboard, Paper Wire Complete artwork with finishing techniques such as smoothing, sanding, sealing, painting or glazing.	
F	FACILITATING ACTIVIT	IES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TE	ACHING AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will discu	ss examples of art and	Students will create 3D artwork such as:	1,2,3,4	

 artists. Teacher will give practical demonstration of skills. Teacher will provide practice time. Teacher will provide feedback for student growth. 	 Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mug Bust relief (self portrait) Creating game pieces (i. Functional Sculpture Coil-built vessels 	•	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONN	ECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Science: properties of materials	Elements of Art		•
HOW	DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENT	S HAVE LEA	RNED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIP		ORMATIVE OR UMMATIVE ?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mugs, Teapots Bust relief (self portrait) Creating game pieces (i.e. chess) Functional Sculpture Coil-built vessels 		ummative & ormative	1,2,3, & 4
HOW WIL	L WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE NOT L	EARNED?
	Possible Intervention	าร	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING T	ASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantation Students will take advantation Students will take advantation opportunity to re-do projetion 	age of the	1,2,3, & 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?					
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4			

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

		Strand: Modeling	
		Topic: Clay, Plaster, and Papier-mâché	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	-
Scor e 4.0			Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	Create an expressive bust using
Scor e 3.0	•	 Will utilize the modeling process and produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and symbolic imagery Effective execution of the modeling process: exhibits good craftsmanship, material is used appropriately (e.g., slip and score, blending, reshaping and reimagining material using clay, plaster, papier-mâché), sculpture is stable and engineered with the consideration of balance. 	 clay Study gothic architecture and art and create a gargoyle using papier- mâché Create a vase based on Greek vessels and art Wheel throwing: create artifacts that serve a functional purpose such as Pots, Bowls, Vases, Mugs, Teapots Create a slab box with a variety of
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		relief images. Possible themes to
Scor e 2.0	as th	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content e are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes be student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding nore complex ideas and processes.	explore include: identity and storytellingModel wire and other material to

	•	The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically.	create a mobile based on artist Alexander Calder
	•	Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material.	 Model a shoe out of clay Model a house or architectural space out of clay
	•	The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement.	 Functional Sculpture Creating game pieces (i.e. chess)
		The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5	Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0		help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more lex ideas and processes.	
	0.5	With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content]
Score 0.0	Even	with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Principles of Design		
		Topic: Balance, Variety/Contrast, Emphasis/Dominance, and Rhythm a	nd Movement.	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II		
Scor e 4.0			Sample Tasks	
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.		
Scor e 3.0	The : ●	 Student: Will understand and be able to produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of art: emphasis, contrast, balance, unity, movement, rhythm, proportion, and variety. 		
	The	student exhibits no major errors or omissions.		
	2.5	No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content		
Scor e 2.0	as th	re are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes ne student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the e complex ideas and processes.		

	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized. 	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Expressive Communication Topic: Conceptualism	
	Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what	t was Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Scor e 3.0	 The student: Will be able to define, identify, and apply cultural concepts as it applies to the art project or theme studied. Student can produce a work of art that evokes emotion or utilizes visual cues to communicate a concept intended to evoke emotion. Student can use higher-order thinking to tell a story or communicate a concept us the elements and principles of art in a complex manner. Student can identify and interpret conceptual and expressive art work. 	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
•	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Scor	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and process	es as

e 2.0	the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but has applied them simplistically. 	
	 Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. 	
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which the material is used) needs improvement. 	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

		Strand: Craftsmanship	
		Topic: Aesthetics	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.		Sample Tasks
	3.5	In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Scor e 3.0	-	 student: Will produce an aesthetically pleasing work of art that displays care and concern for the product. Appropriate use of the material (e.g., clean brush strokes that do not distract from the art work when painting unless intended for expressive purposes, items glued on without falling apart when using collage, when working with clay using slip and score to insure parts are adhered together, creating smooth surfaces using plaster, sanding and polishing soapstone, etc.). 	

	 Completing the full process for all materials and media used. 	
	Completing projects.	
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Scor	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as	
e 2.0	the student, however, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more	
	complex ideas and processes.	
	 The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but 	
	has applied them simplistically.	
	 Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. 	
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to 	
	engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which	
	the material is used) needs improvement.	
	The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects	
	that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0		

		Strand: Art Criticism	
		Topic: Critique	
		Level: Ceramics and Sculpture I and II	
Scor e 4.0		ences and applications that go beyond what was Vithout assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-dept	th inferences and applications with partial success.	
Scor e 3.0		ing and make acute observations based on the ns that help in the improvement of his/her own work	

	 Student critiques his or her own art and others work using a teacher provided 	
	template.	
	 The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Scor	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as	
e 2.0	the student: However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more	
	complex ideas and processes.	
	• The student knows much of the basic proficiency concepts and techniques but	
	has applied them simplistically.	
	 Art work exhibits basic practice of using the material. 	
	 The student has constructed a work of art with some consideration to 	
	engineering, balance, and the material, but craftsmanship (the manner by which	
	the material is used) needs improvement.	
	 The work follows most of the objectives but has omitted some important aspects 	
	that keep the project from being fully realized.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more	
1.0	complex ideas and processes.	
	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	
0.0		



 CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts
 UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition

 COURSE: Ceramics and Sculpture 1 & 2
 UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

Master the use of	INGS: naterials and media to produce works of art. drawing or painting media to render form and pth while displaying a strong use of line quality	 Students will be able organize and arrange using a variety of the principles of design a ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strowork of art? How do I effectively use the principles of design? 	nd composition	al concepts.
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Cor	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate	ideas through artworks by selecting and	х	
ІРРЗА, ІРРЗС	applying media techniques and processes, su	bject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by select art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principle unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		exture and space) and principles (balance,	x	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	IIEP2F Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.			

IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
shows an accurate principles of design • Use compositional	fer across situations. h subject matter that and evocative use of the layout concepts such as	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern	 Skills; Products Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: 	
overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping.		ground and background (figure/ground • Unity foreground and background		
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 		 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4	

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS			
Math	Elements of Design		•			
	HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?					
ASSESSMENT DESCRIP	ΤΙΟΝ	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	2, 3, 4			
нс	DW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Intervent		NED?			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 instruction Students will take advart opportunity to re-do progret reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS 	ntage of the ojects or HAVE ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/En		DOK TARGET			

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

	Content Area: Visual Arts Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)	UNIT TITLE: Breadth UNIT DURATION: 1 Year
-	/ INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: ercolor/Mix-Media Paper	 BIG IDEA(S): Students will create 12 artworks (8 art works for 3D) that show a range of
 Paint Mult Ink Tack Plast Texti Came 	iles	ideas and approaches to art making that display a concrete understanding of the elements and principles of design and a variety of concepts and media
	INDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
conc quali • Desig form mov	ve slides of a series of works organized around the visual ept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and ity of execution of work. gn Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, , space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and ement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony unity) are utilized successfully; there is strong evidence of the	 How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts? How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used ? Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship? Does your work exhibit technical competence and skill with a variety of media?

 criteria are met of Creativity-The wo and the process o simply quite origin Craftsmanship-Tir finished and is we 	rk is conceptually innovative, the materials used f creating the work are inventive, or the work is	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary	·	
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Breadth				
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS					
UNDER	STAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
•	s that give meaning to the osfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 based on the artis Art is driven by the inspirations Application of deservations A respect for craft 	tral concept or theme st's interest ne artist's interests and sign elements and tsmanship and an nedia (clean execution and	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application 	 Suggested lessons: Abstractions from urban environment Design related to psychological, historical, or narrative events Works showing color theory such as Fauvism, expressionism, or color-field painting Redesign an everyday object with humor Self-portrait as a favorite industrial product Fabric design with symbolic imagery Redesign a current product image or logo Lettering and type design Poster design with literary or conceptual associations—travel, national identity, sports, endangered animals CD or album design Seedpods and forms evolving from them Design a deck of cards Graphic designs for school theater productions, yearbooks, and so on Composition based on art historical research Fashion and costume design Digital altering or layering of photographic images 		

FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	 Exploration of line properties; for example, graffiti, Japanese calligraphy Environmental design Story or poem illustration
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art from various artists who have created a body of related work Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create a distressed artwork using fast orange Create artwork based on translucent surfaces like textile artist Rosie James Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies sowing or string in some capacity Create artwork using a variety of paper surfaces such as newspaper, pages from a book, pattern paper, and more Create an artwork that applies various watercolor techniques Create artwork that utilizes printmaking techniques such as relief or screen printing 	1, 2, 3, and 4
	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups 	 Elements and Principles of Art 	•

НО	N DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAV	E LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	C	1ATIVE DR 1ATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions Class critiques 	Summa Summa Format Format	ive	1, 2, 3, and 4
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE I	NOT LEAF	RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	Possible Interventions		DOK TARGET
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	Possible Interventions STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 STUDENT LEARNING TASK Students will take advantage of e instruction Students will take advantage of t opportunity to re-do projects or 	he READY LE	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking) 1,2,3, & 4

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



or ST. Chu	Content Area: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Concentration
Contract of the second	Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)	UNIT DURATION: 1 Year

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Watercolor/Mix-Media Paper Paint Brushes Paints: watercolor, printing ink, india ink, acrylic, gouache etc. Multi-surface paper (newspaper, tracing paper, patterned paper) Ink Tacky Glue Plaster Textiles Camera Computers 	 Students will create 12 artworks that show a sustained, deep, multiperspective investigation of a student selected topic 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Twelve slides of a series of works organized around the visual concept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and quality of execution of work. Design Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, form, space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and movement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony 	 How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts? How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used ? Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship? Do the 12 artworks in your concentration relate to each other in an 		

 artist's plan or orgenerative plan orgenerative plan or orgenerative plan or orgenerative plan or orgenerative plan or orgenerative plan orgenerative	rk is conceptually innovative, the materials used f creating the work are inventive, or the work is		
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	x	

historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Concentration		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	•		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths the topic; ideas that transfer		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 How to create a body connects to a central based on the artist's i Art is driven by the an inspirations Application of design principles A respect for craftsme effective use of media display of artwork) 	concept or theme interest rtist's interests and elements and	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to analyze their own to decipher the connection between all of the artworks represented in their area of concentration 	 Suggested lessons: Design and execute a children's book Design a series of identity products for imaginary business (logo, letterhead, signs, boxes) Artwork based on current events and images Series of works starting with representational interpretations and evolving into abstraction Exploration of pattern and designs found in nature and/or culture Abstractions developed from cells and other microscopic images A personal or family history communicated through symbols or imagery A series of fabric designs, apparel designs, or weavings on a theme Use of multiple modules to create compositions that reflect narrative or psychological events

FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHOD	 Series of landscapes that use color and composition to intensify artistic expression A body of work inspired by art and artist from the past
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	
 Provide examples and explanation of art from various artists who have created a body of related work Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create a distressed artwork orange Create artwork based on tra- surfaces like textile artist Ro Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies string in some capacity Create artwork using a varie surfaces such as newspaper, a book, pattern paper, and r Create an artwork that appli watercolor techniques 	using fast 1, 2, 3, and 4 nslucent sie James sowing or ty of paper pages from nore
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNEC	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map 	• Elements and Principles of A OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON F	ORMATIVE DOK TARGET OR

	SUMM	ATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments	Summat	ive	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written Reflections			
Class discussions	Summat	ive	
Class critiques	Formati	ve	
	Formati	ve	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE N		NED?
	Possible Interventions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice	• Students will take advantage of ex	ktra	1,2,3, & 4
and examples.	instruction		
• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	 Students will take advantage of the 	ie	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or		
	reflections		
HOW W	/ILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALR	EADY LEA	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	• Students will demonstrate more		3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in	heir	

|--|

Content Area: Visual Arts Course: AP Studio Art (2D Design, Drawing, and 3D Design)	UNIT TITLE: Quality UNIT DURATION: 1 Year
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Watercolor/Mix-Media Paper Paint Brushes Paints: watercolor, printing ink, india ink, acrylic, gouache etc. Multi-surface paper (newspaper, tracing paper, patterned paper) Ink Tacky Glue Plaster Textiles Camera Computers 	 Students will create and submit 5 art works of high quality (12 digital images of 4 art works with up to 3 different views of each) that demonstrate mastery of design in concept, composition, and execution
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Twelve slides of a series of works organized around the visual concept (some may be details). Look for quality of ideas and quality of execution of work. Design Quality-The elements of art (line, color, texture, shape, form, space, and value) and principles of design (rhythm and movement, balance, proportion, variety and emphasis, harmony and unity) are utilized successfully; there is strong evidence of the artist's plan or organization of thought, and the basic assignment criteria are met or exceeded. Creativity-The work is conceptually innovative, the materials used and the process of creating the work are inventive, or the work is simply quite original. Craftsmanship-Time and care are taken to create a piece that feels 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: How does your work uniquely utilize design concepts? How is the body of work distinctly original in terms of the concept, process, or materials used ? Are you displaying an extraordinary or proficient level of craftsmanship? Does your photograph have good image quality?

	ell made — it doesn't seem t d together in a hurry."	to the viewer that the			
	WHAT SHOULD STUD	ENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO A	T THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	S	tandards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocab	ulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.			MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	Product and Performance	: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by	/ selecting and	X	
IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.				
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).			X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.			Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connecti math, science, and socia	ons: Visual art is connected to performing arts, o al studies.	communication arts,	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B		ntext: Visually literate citizens understand the rontext, and how it reflects the human experience		Х	
OBJECTIVE # 1	Quality			L	L
	1	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDER	STAND?	KNOW?	BE A	BLE TO DO?	

Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products
topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	
 How to create a body of work that connects to a central concept or theme based on the artist's interest Art is driven by the artist's interests and inspirations Application of design elements and principles A respect for craftsmanship and an effective use of media (clean execution and display of artwork) 	 Students will know how to use a variety of media and become experts in utilizing a few Students will know the Elements and Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to analyze their own to decipher the connection between all of the artworks represented in their area of concentration 	 Suggested lessons: Design and execute a children's book Design a series of identity products for imaginary business (logo, letterhead, signs, boxes) Artwork based on current events and images Series of works starting with representational interpretations and evolving into abstraction Exploration of pattern and designs found in nature and/or culture Abstractions developed from cells and other microscopic images A personal or family history communicated through symbols or imagery A series of fabric designs, apparel designs, or weavings on a theme Use of multiple modules to create compositions that reflect narrative or psychological events Series of landscapes that use color and composition to intensify artistic expression A body of work inspired by art and artist from the past Abstractions from urban environment Design related to psychological, historical, or narrative events Works showing color theory such as Fauvism,

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	Seedpods and forms evolving from them Seedpods and forms evolving from them Design a deck of cards Graphic designs for school theater productions, yearbooks, and so on Composition based on art historical research Fashion and costume design Digital altering or layering of photographic images Exploration of line properties; for example, graffiti, Japanese calligraphy Environmental design Story or poem illustration TRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
	 Self-portrait as a favorite industrial product Fabric design with symbolic imagery Redesign a current product image or logo Lettering and type design Poster design with literary or conceptual associations—travel, national identity, sports, endangered animals CD or album design Seedpods and forms evolving from them

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	 Create artwork using maps Create artwork that applies sowing or string in some capacity Create artwork using a variety of paper surfaces such as newspaper, pages from a book, pattern paper, and more Create an artwork that applies various watercolor techniques PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS 		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map 	Elements and Principles of Art		•	
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions Class critiques 	Written ReflectionsClass discussions		1, 2, 3, and 4	
HOV	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEARNED? Possible Interventions			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING T		TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

Content Area: Visual Arts Course: World Art	UNIT TITLE: African Art UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks		
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
• Textiles	• Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts		
 Ink (India and printing) 	within various African cultures and create work based on this		
• Paper	understanding.		
 Paper mache/Paper/glue 			
Plaster			
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		

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 Use of textiles in various African cultures Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in African art Principles of Design and application in African art How do I apply African processes and concerespecting the context and culture of this g How are the Principles of Design used in African art made to 		epts to my own roup? rican art? European art?		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND	BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skill	s, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that v	vill be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas throu art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and patter	d space) and principles (balance,	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to p math, science, and social studies.	performing arts, communication arts,	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens un historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the hu		Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	African Art			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C			
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F			
	III.AP1A, III.AP2A	III.AP1A, III.AP2A		
	IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A			
	V.HC1A, V.HC1B			
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths the topic; ideas that transfer		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Use of textiles and so African cultures Symbolism/Storytelli images in African cult The differences in cult various regions of Afri Principles of Design a African art 	ng of objects and tures Iture between the rica and application in	 Students will know various African cultural symbols used in printing textile Students will know the tribal connections to African art Students will understand storytelling associated with various art from African cultures Students will know the spiritual use of art in African cultures 	 Create an artwork based on textiles from African art Use African imagery to convey meaning Be able to analyse African art Differentiate between various African cultures across the continent 	
		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		STODENT LEARNING TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	

 Provide examples and explanation of art from various African cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	 Create a textile based o (weaving, batik, and pri Create a sculpture or ma African art Create a painting that e influences of African scu textiles PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON Elements of Art 	nting) ask based on xhibits ulptures and NECTIONS	1, 2, 3, and 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS •
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Written Reflections		1, 2, 3, and 4
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Intervent		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNING		TASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY I	LEARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	Possible Extensions/Enrichments STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

	Content Area: Visual Arts Course: World Art	UNIT TITLE: Asian Art UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks
 Printm Paint Ink 	Lino/Woodcut alty brushes (calligraphy and landscape)	 BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various Asian cultures and create work based on this understanding.

o Dying o Printing c				
 ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Symbolism/Storytelling and importance of nature of objects and images in various Asian cultures Printmaking and painting process from Asian art Principles of Design and application in Asian art 		 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of art from different Asian cultures? How do I apply printmaking processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in Asian art? How are textiles used in art? How does nature influence Asian art made to European art? 		
		ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate applying media techniques and processes, su		Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate in art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, t unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetic experience and cultural values. Viewers analy artwork through art criticism.		Х	

IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Asian Art		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Printmaking as used by the Asian cultures. Landscapes as they applied to Asian art. Use of Textiles in Asian art.		 KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know printmaking techniques Students will recognize and use textiles in their artwork. Students will know the Principles of 	BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Preform printmaking techniques Use landscape to convey meaning Be able to analyse Asian art
	FACILITATING ACT	 Design and their application Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Asian artwork IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHING 	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide examples and	d explanation of art	Create landscapes	1, 2, 3, and 4

•	from various Asian culturesDemonstrate skills and techniquesINTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONSocial Studies: understanding the cultures of different groupsGeography: identify locations on a mapMusic: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices	 Printmaking Textile application PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON Elements of Art Principles of Designs 	INECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
	НО	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	N	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
•	 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
	HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
		Possible Interven	tions	
	TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. Students will take adva Students will take adva 		-	1,2,3, & 4	

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LI	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

OF THE		
	Content Area: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: European Art
	Course: World Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):		
 Paper Drawing Pencils Sharpie Paint Charcoal Cante Prismacolor Pencils 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various European cultures and create work based on this understanding. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
 The historical context of the Renaissance movement and Spirituality How the Patron system worked during the Renaissance era 	• What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of art and architecture from different European cultures?		

 Architecture and art in various European cultures The use of 2-point linear perspective Principles of Design and application in European art WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA 		 How do I apply European and Renaissance concepts to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in European art? TAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?		
	Standards, Concepts, Content, S			
<i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	REFERENCE/STANDARD STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS Image: GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	EP1F, EP2B,art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		Х	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	III.AP1A, III.AP2A Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		Х	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	IV.1C1A, IV.1C2AInterdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	A, V.HC1B Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	European Art

REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C 						
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2E	3, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F				
• III.AP1A, III.AP2A							
• IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A							
	 V.HC1A, V.HC1 	В					
	1	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS					
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths the	at give meaning to the	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products				
topic; ideas that transfer	across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY					
• Use of spirituality in F	Renaissance art	Atmospheric Perspective	Use one or two-point perspective and				
• Use of perspective in	Renaissance art	Overlapping	atmospheric perspective to create a				
• The functions of the p	oatron system in the	Placement	cityspace				
Renaissance era		Detailing	 Use space to express a concept 				
• The evolution of archi	itechture in the	Color and value intensity					
Renaissance era		Octogonal lines					
• The use of linear pers	pective in	Vanishing point					
Renaissance art	nd application in	Positive space					
 Principles of Design and European art 	nu application in	Negative spaceOne-Point Perspective					
Luiopean art	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET				
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,				
			4=Extended Thinking)				

 Provide examples and explanation of art from various European cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques 	 Create a cityscape demonstrating an accurate use of linear and atmospheric perspective and space concepts overlapping, placement, scale, detailing, and value/color intensity 		1, 2, 3, and 4	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONN	ECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of the Renaissance era Math: perspective 	• Elements of Art		•	
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	TS HAVE LEARN	ED?	
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	:	Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4	
НОМ	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?	
	Possible Interventio	ns		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY STUDENT LEARNI		ASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

	Content Area: Visual Arts Course: World Art		UNIT TITLE: Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Columbian UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Printmaking Paper Mache Clay Bark Painting Mosaic Tiles		BIG	 IDEA(S): Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of art within various Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Colombian cultures and create work based on this understanding.
PaintGlaze			

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
• Symbolism/Story Latino/Hispanic c	edia used in various Latino/Hispanic cultures telling of objects and images in various ultures gn and application in Latino/Hispanic/Pre-	 What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Latino/Hispanic cultures? How do I apply Latino/Hispanic processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in Latino/Hispanic art? 			
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?		
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		X		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		X		
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		x		
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		x		
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		Х		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Latino/Hispanic/Pre-Colombian					
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e.</i> GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS						
 i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A V.HC1A, V.HC1B 						
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERSTA	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?			
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products			
• Cultural, historical, a significance of artifac	•	 Students will know printmaking, sculpture, bark painting, murals, 	Printmaking techniquesPainting			
Latino/Hispanic cultuLatino/Hispanic proc		mosaics, and installation.Students will know the Principles of	Sculpting techniquesCreate murals			
my own art while res	pecting the context	Design and their application	Construct Mosaics			
and culture of this group?Principles of Design		 Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Latino/Hispanic artwork 	 Build installations Use Latino/Hispanic imagery to convey meaning Be able to analyze Latino/Hispanic art 			
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHIN	NG AND LEARNING			
TEACHER INSTRUCTION	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			

 Provide examples and explanation of art from various Latino/Hispanic cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	 Create prints Create murals Create mosaics Create sculptures Create installations Create bark painting PRIOR KNOWLEDGE COI Elements of Art 	NNECTIONS	1, 2, 3, and 4 INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD		
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
НОМ	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN Possible Interven		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1,2,3, & 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4

Content Area: Visual Arts Course: World Art	UNIT TITLE: Middle Eastern UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Clay Clay tools Glaze Mosaic materials	 BIG IDEA(S): Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of art and artifacts within various Middle Eastern/Islamic cultures and create work based on this understanding.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- Use of ceramics in various Middle Eastern cultures
- Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various Middle Eastern cultures
- Principles of Design and application in Middle Eastern art

- What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Middle Eastern cultures?
- How do I apply Middle Eastern processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group?
- How are the Principles of Design used in Middle Eastern art?

WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	x	
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Middle East/Islamic		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		2A	B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAN	ND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that topic; ideas that transfer o	5	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Use of ceramics in various Native American (N.A.) cultures Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various N.A. cultures Principles of Design and application in N.A. 		 Students will know assembly techniques such as coil-building and slab-building ceramics, or papier-mache Students will know the Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to give and analyse 	 Construct a form Use Middle Eastern imagery to convey meaning Be able to analyse Middle Eastern art Build ceramics vessels Construct mosaics
art		examples of Native American artwork	 Use tessellations to create motifs and patterns
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIO	NAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Provide examples and	explanation of art	Create a functional ceramic vessel	1, 2, 3, and 4

 from various Native American cultures Demonstrate skills and techniques INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	 Create a mask using paper-mache or paper engineering techniques PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS Elements of Art 		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
но	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, and 4
НОМ	/ WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the 		1,2,3, & 4

websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects or	
	reflections	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction	Students will demonstrate more	3,4
on more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

AND OF THE CORE	Content Area: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Native-American
EST. 1846 TS	Course: World Art	UNIT DURATION: 2-4 Weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Clay Clay tools Glaze Paper mache/Paper/glue Plaster 	 Students will understand the cultural and spiritual significance of artifacts within various Native American cultures and create work based on this understanding.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use of ceramics in various Native American (N.A.) cultures Symbolism/Storytelling of objects and images in various N.A. cultures Principles of Design and application in N.A. art 	 What is the cultural, historical, and spiritual significance of artifacts from different Native American cultures? How do I apply Native American processes and concept to my own art while respecting the context and culture of this group? How are the Principles of Design used in Native American art?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary				
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD		
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X			
III.AP1A, III.AP2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х			
IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х			
V.HC1A, V.HC1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х			

OBJECTIVE # 1	Native American Art		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP2A, IPP3A, IPP3B, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F III.AP1A, III.AP2A IV.1C1A, IV.1C2A 		
	• V.HC1A, V.HC1	1B	
	I	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAI Concepts; essential truths tha topic; ideas that transfer Use of ceramics in var (N.A.) cultures Symbolism/Storytellir images in various N.A Principles of Design ar art	it give meaning to the across situations. ious Native American ng of objects and . cultures	 KNOW? Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Students will know assembly techniques such as coil-building and slab-building ceramics, or papier-mache Students will know the Principles of Design and their application Students will be able to give and analyse examples of Native American artwork 	 BE ABLE TO DO? Skills; Products Construct a form Use Native American imagery to convey meaning Be able to analyse Native American art
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIO	ONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide examples and from various Native A	•	 Create a functional ceramic vessel Create a mask using paper-mache or 	1, 2, 3, and 4

Demonstrate skills and techniques	paper engineering technique	5	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECT	ONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
 Social Studies: understanding the cultures of different groups Geography: identify locations on a map Music: both art and music were parts of spiritual practices 	Elements of Art		•
но	W DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS H	AVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	N FC	RMATIVE	DOK TARGET
	SUI	OR /IMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments	Sum	mative	1, 2, 3, and 4
Written Reflections	Sum	mative	
Class discussions	301	mative	
	Forr	native	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAY	/E NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interventions		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples.	• Students will take advantage instruction	of extra	1,2,3, & 4
Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	Students will take advantage	of the	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do projects	or	

	reflections		
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?			
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGI			
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)	
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3,4	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: History/Movements	
	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able to identify and analyse artwork from various cultures, i.e. Asian, Hispanic, Latin American, Native American, etc. Will create objects based on their understanding of these cultures. 	•
	The student exhibits no major errors or omissions.2.5No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Students will be able to identify, compare, and contrast art from given cultures. 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes.	
1.0	Complex Ideas and processes.0.5With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

	Strand: Principles of Design	
	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able produce a work of art that accurately depicts the principles of design. Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	•
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: recognizes or recalls specific terminology such as: 	•
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

Strand: Message and Meaning in Art

	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able produce a work of art that depicts a specific message or conveys a meaning to their audience. Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	•
6	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: performs basic processes, such as: Produces a work of art with some assistance However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. 	•
	1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content	t in the second s
Score 1.0	 With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content 	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

PROFICIENCY SCALES FOR THIS STANDARD

	Strand: Two-Dimensional and Three-Dimens	ional
	Topic: Native American	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able produce a 2D and a 3D work of art that accurately depicts the distinct qualities of each. 	•
	 Produces a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency. The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 	
	2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content	
Score 2.0	 There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student: recognizes or recalls specific terminology such as: Three-dimensional and two-dimensional performs basic processes, such as: Identification of terms 	•
	 Produces a work of art with some assistance However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes. 1.5 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content 	
Score 1.0	With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. 0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content	
Score 0.0	Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	

Strand: Medium/Media

	Topic: Native American Art	
	Level: World Art	
Score 4.0	In addition to Score 3.0, in-depth inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. Without assistance.	Sample Tasks
	3.5 In addition to score 3.0 performance, in-depth inferences and applications with partial success.	
Score 3.0	 The student: Will understand and be able to define, identify, and use appropriate medium/media 	•
	 Produce a work of art with purposeful thought, creativity, and efficiency The student exhibits no major errors or omissions. 2.5 No major errors or omissions regarding 2.0 content and partial knowledge of the 3.0 content 	
Score 2.0	There are no major errors or omissions regarding the simpler details and processes as the student:	•
	 Students will be able to define medium/media, recognize different kinds Produce a work of art with some assistance 	
	However, the student exhibits major errors or omissions regarding the more complex ideas and processes.	
Score 1.0	 Partial knowledge of the 2.0 content but major errors or omissions regarding the 3.0 content With help, a partial understanding of some of the simpler details and processes and some of the more complex ideas and processes. With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content 	
Score 0.0	0.5 With help, a partial understanding of the 2.0 content but not the 3.0 content Even with help, no understanding or skill demonstrated.	



ATA OF ST.	Content Area: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition
	Course: World Art	UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:

BIG IDEA(S):

 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper Paint (acrylic, watercolor, etc.) ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art. Master the use of drawing or painting media to render form and give illusion of depth while displaying a strong use of line quality and mark making. 		 Students will be able organize and arrange using a variety of the principles of design a ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strowork of art? How do I effectively use the principles of design? 	nd composition	t or layout in a
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	itent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>			MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		x	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	P1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern). P2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,		x	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	IIIAP: 1A, 2A Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		X	

IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Create artwork with subject matter that shows an accurate and evocative use of the principles of design Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. 		 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
TEACHER INSTRUC		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		JIODENT LEANNING TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 	•	 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS			
Math	Elements of Design		•			
н	HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?					
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ON	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	2, 3, 4			
HO	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT Possible Interventi		NED?			
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advanting instruction Students will take advantion opportunity to re-do proportunity to re-do proportunity to re-do proportions WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Here Possible Extensions/Enropose 	tage of the jects or IAVE ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?			
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET			

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	 Students will demonstrate more 	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

AND DE LIE CITA	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Camera Functions
	COURSE: Photography	UNIT DURATION: entire semester

 Camera and accessories Computer 		 BIG IDEA(S): In order to take good photos, a photographer must know how to work the camera. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: 							
						ust know all of the functions and manual settings a that control exposure and file management.	 How do you adjust the exposure settings on a DSLR camera? How do you access the battery and memory card on a DSLR camera? How do you switch lenses on a DSLR camera? 		
						WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS U	NIT?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	tent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary							
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD					
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes. X								
OBJECTIVE # 1	Camera Functions								

e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Photographers must know all of the functions and manual settings on a DSLR camera that control exposure and file management. 	 Jpeg White balance SD card Lens release 	 Adjust a DSLR camera to create quality photographs in any environment.
	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEAC	
	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinkin
 TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY Provide definitions and examples of the different camera buttons and functions Demonstrate the locations of different 	STUDENT LEARNING TASK Demonstrate to classmates the different locations and functions of	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)

ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• A one-on-one hands-on test where students of certain functions of the camera and how to a replace the lens, adjust the shutter speed, etc	ccess them. (i.e. remove and c.)	SUMMATIVE	1, 2 & 3
HOV	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	FS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	i TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples	• Students will take adva instruction and/or AIP	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3 & 4
• Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books)	 Students will take adva opportunity to re-do proportunity 	•	
HOWA	reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS		
nowv	Possible Extensions/En		
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible	• Students prepare a pho possible inclusion into	• •	4

inclusion in the district art show.	
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show.

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CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts COURSE: Photography UNIT TITLE: Elements of Design UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks

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MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Camera and accessories		 BIG IDEA(S): The content in a photograph is comprised of different elements of design. 		
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
Photographers us	e different elements of design to effectively	• What are the elements of design?		
communicate thr	ough their photographs.	How do I effectively use the elements of de	esign in my pho	tographs?
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERS	TAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, C	ontent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stan	dards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1C	IPP1C Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and			Х
	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	EP1C, Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying			
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	EP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,			
IIEP1G				

OBJECTIVE # 1	Elements of Design

REFERENCES/STANDARDS • IPP1C		
e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS • IIEP1A, IIEP21B,	IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
Photographers use different elements of design to effectively communicate through their photographs FACILITATING A	 line shape form color value texture space CTIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	Create photographs that effectively use different elements of design HING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide definitions and examples of the different elements of design Discuss different methods of using/capturing each of the elements of design in photographs 	 Taking photos that demonstrate the different elements of design 	3&4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	•	•

Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Quiz where students define the elements of design and identify them in certain photos		FORMATIVE	1 & 2
 Students take photos that specifically demons design (line, shape, form, color, value, texture 		SUMMATIVE	3 & 4
ном	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	5 TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take adva instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do p reflections 	antage of the	1, 2, 3 & 4
HOW V	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/Er		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)

٠	Provide students with instructions on how	٠	Students prepare a photograph for	4
	to prepare a photograph for possible		possible inclusion into the district art	
	inclusion in the district art show.		show.	

WUT OF THE CITY	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Exposure
THE PART ING TO	COURSE: Photography	UNIT DURATION: entire semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:		BIG IDEA(S):		
Camera and accessories Computer ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		 Photographers must adjust shutter speed, aperture and ISO to achieve proper exposure in their photographs. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: 		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary	vi i :	
		iterit, Skills, Froducts, Vocabulary		_
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Exposure				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERSTAND?		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
 Shutter speed, aperture and ISO settings all affect how the camera captures and displays light. 		 Shutter speed aperture f-stop ISO Light meter 	• Create photographs with proper exposure.		
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
 shutter speed, ape Bring students to lo school that have di 	ocations within the fferent types of lighting ctice using the light	 Practice using the light meter to set proper exposure in different lighting situations around the school. Take photos using high and low settings for shutter speed, aperture and ISO and then analyze the results. 	3 & 4		

 Instruct students to take photos using high and low settings for shutter speed, aperture, and ISO. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION 	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIC	DN	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Students take and submit properly exposed pl school locations. Students take a written test over exposure set 	ttings.	FORMATIVE	1 & 2
 Every summative photo project turned in duri grade determined by the exposure in the phot 		SUMMATIVE	1, 2 & 3
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	S HAVE NOT LEAF	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr 		ntage of the	1, 2, 3 & 4

	reflections		
HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L			ARNED?
	Possible Extensio	ons/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEAI	RNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible inclusion in the district art show.		e a photograph for n into the district art	4
CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts COURSE: Photography		UNIT TITLE: Photo Edit	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONA	AL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):			
Camera and accessorComputer	ries	• Photo editing software can be used to enhance photos.			
ENDURING UNDERSTANDING	GS:	ESSEN	TIAL QUESTIONS:		
 Photographers use p exposure and imperf 	photo editing software programs to correct fections in photos.	 How do I use photo editing software? What tools in photo editing software do I use to correct exposure? What tools in editing software do I use to fix imperfections? 		•	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	ND, AN	D BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	tent, Sk	ills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	specific standards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPOR		SUPPORTING	

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	X	
IVIC2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Photojournalism		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IVIC2A		
	<u> </u>	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Photographers use programs to correc imperfections in ph 		 Photoshop Levels Spot Healing Brush Tool Dodge Burn Jpeg Resolution Selective color Cut outs 	 Use photo editing software to correct exposure in photos. Use photo editing software to correct imperfections in portraits. Use photo editing software to create works with selective color and cut outs.
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
explain photo editi	and presentations to ng tools. o editing tools on the	Complete practice photo editing activities.	3 & 4

projector.			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CO	DNNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	• DW DO WE KNOW WHAT STU	DENTS HAVE LEARN	• ED2
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
• Students use photo editing software to create	works including selective	SUMMATIVE	3&4
color and cut outs, corrected exposure and co	rrected imperfections.		
НОМ	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDE	NTS HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interve	entions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	Possible Interve STUDENT LEARNIN		DOK TARGET
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY			
		NG TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking
	STUDENT LEARNIN	NG TASK	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. 	• Students will take ad instruction and/or AI • Students will take ad	NG TASK vantage of extra P vantage of the	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples	• Students will take ad instruction and/or Al	NG TASK vantage of extra P vantage of the	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	• Students will take ad instruction and/or Al • Students will take ad opportunity to re-do	NG TASK vantage of extra P vantage of the projects or	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 STUDENT LEARNIN Students will take ad instruction and/or AI Students will take ad opportunity to re-do reflections 	NG TASK vantage of extra P vantage of the projects or 'S HAVE ALREADY LE	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4
 Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 STUDENT LEARNIN Students will take ad instruction and/or AI Students will take ad opportunity to re-do reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT 	NG TASK vantage of extra P vantage of the projects or S HAVE ALREADY LE	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4

		4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible inclusion in the district art show.	 Students prepare a photograph for possible inclusion into the district art show. 	4

STUT OF THE OTHER	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	L UNIT TITLE: Photojournalism
ENT EST. 1940 A ST	COURSE: Photography	L UNIT DURATION: 2-4 weeks

 MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Camera and accessories Computer 		BIG IDEA(S):		
		• Photojournalism is the art of telling stories with photographs.		
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
Photojournalistic photos capture action, reaction, emotions and relationships. WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA		 How do I prepare myself to shoot a live e How can visual composition affect the me What are different types of photojournali AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT 	eaning of a photo sm?)?
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.		MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		Х	
IVIC2A	IVIC2A Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.		X	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Photojournalism		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1C		
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IVIC2A		
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that trans		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Photojournalistic p reaction, emotions 	hotos capture action, and relationships.	 Street photography Photo essay Action Reaction Emotion relationships 	 Take accurate and well-composed photos at events.
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
photos.	, readings and sample ethods to prepare for	 Complete readings and bookwork about photojournalism. Discuss and analyze photojournalistic pictures with classmates. 	3&4
INTERDISCIPLINA	RY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•		•	•

Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS	HAVE LEARNE	D?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO		FORMATIVE OR UMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Students take photos at school events.		JMMATIVE	3&4
НОМ	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS H	AVE NOT LEAR	NED?
	Possible Interventions	5	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	SK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples	 Students will take advantage instruction and/or AIP 	ge of extra	1, 2, 3 & 4
 Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 Students will take advantage opportunity to re-do project 	-	
	reflections VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAV		
	Possible Extensions/Enrich		ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TAS	SK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible	• Students prepare a photographic possible inclusion into the composite the state of the state o	•	4

inclusion in the district art show.	show.
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 CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts
 UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design

 COURSE: Photography
 UNIT DURATION: 2-3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: BIG IDEA(S):			
 Camera and accessories Computer The content in a photograph is arranged a principles of design. 			nd organized usi	ng different
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	INGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:		
• Photographers us	e different principles of design to effectively	• What are the principles of design?		
communicate thr	ough their photographs.	• How do I effectively use the principles of d	esign in my pho	tographs?
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Con	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	ards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS				STANDARD
IPP1C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.			Х
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying			
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,			l
IIEP1G	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, a	nd pattern).		
OBJECTIVE # 1	Principles of Design			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	6 • IPP1C			

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERSTAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
oncepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
Photographers use different principles of design to effectively communicate through their photographs FACILITATING ACTI	 balance contrast emphasis pattern proportion/scale unity/variety rhythm/movement VITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	Create photographs that effectively use different principles of design	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide definitions and examples of the different principles of design Discuss different methods of using/capturing each of the principles of design in photographs 	 Taking photos that demonstrate the different principles of design 	3&4	
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS	
	•	•	

ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Quiz where students define the principles of certain photos Students take photos that specifically demon design (balance, contrast, emphasis, pattern, unity/variety, rhythm/movement) 	strate each of the principles of	FORMATIVE	1 & 2 3 & 4
HOV	WWILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
 TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY Teacher will provide more in-class practice and examples Teacher will provide more resources (i.e. websites or books) 	 STUDENT LEARNING Students will take adva instruction and/or AIP Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr reflections 	ntage of extra ntage of the	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3 & 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/En	richments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Provide students with instructions on how to prepare a photograph for possible	• Students prepare a pho possible inclusion into t	• •	4

inclusion in the district art show.	show.				
SUP OF THE CON					
Content Area: Visual Arts		UNIT TITLE: Expressive Communication			
Course: Drawing and Painting I ar	nd II	UNIT DURATION: 8 We	eeks		
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR T	HIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):			
Newsprint		 Students will be all 	ble to define, identify an	d apply cultural	and social
Charcoal		concepts as they a	pply to art.		
• Drawing Pencils		Students will defin	ne, identify, and apply ar	t in an expressiv	vely
Cante		communicative m	anner.		
• Paper					
Watercolors					
Acrylic Paints					
Oil Pastels					
Chalk Pastels					
• Linoleum, vinyl					
• India ink					
Printmaking Ink					
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:		ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
• Students will familiarize themselves with	cultural and cocial	How do artists use	e the elements and princ	inlos to commu	nicata idaac?
concepts as they apply to art.			materials to communica	-	
 Students will understand how art can exp 	pressively communicate		a tool of communicatio	-	
ideas.					
	UDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO A	T THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Co	ntent, Skills, Products, Vocab	ulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD STANDAR	DS: Content specific stand	ards that will be addressed i	n this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
				STANDARD	STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS					

IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	Х	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	X	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	X	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	х	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Expressive communication: cultural concepts			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS <i>i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS</i>	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Using cultural conc communicate in an 	•	 How different cultures use art to express communication 	 Create a work of art based on a social issue of the students choice Create an expressive portrait Use design concepts and art media to express larger concepts and ideas. 	
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	NG AND LEARNING	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
 Provide examples a expressive art Demonstrate skills 	-	 Produce art that expressively communicates ideas Produce work influenced by cultural and 	2, 3, 4	

	social concepts		
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	INECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
History	Elements of Design		
Language Arts	-		
HO	V DO WE KNOW WHAT STUD	ENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	J	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	2, 3, 4
Written Reflections			
Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HOW	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN	TS HAVE NOT LEAI	RNED?
	Possible Interven	tions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	G TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice	• Students will take adva	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3, 4
and examples.	instruction		
• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e.	• Students will take adva	ntage of the	
websites or books	opportunity to re-do p	ojects or	
	reflections		
HOW WI	LL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Er	richments	
	,		

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections.	

	Area: Visual Arts Drawing and Painting I and II	UNIT TITLE: Observational Drawing (Figure Dra UNIT DURATION: 3-4 Weeks	awing)		
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):			
 Newsprint Charcoal Drawing Pencils Cante Paper 		 Students will be able to draw the human figure using scales and proportion, while using a vision color to show depth and produce a work of 	wide range of v	-	
ENDURING UNDERSTAND	DINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:			
displays accurate	naterials and media to produce works of art that proportion. art that shows an expressive use of the figure	 How will I use proportion and scale to draw How can I use value to show a 3D form and How can I use color to create depth? How can interpret the figure expressively upper statements 	I show depth?		
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTA	ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?	?		
	Standards, Concepts, Con	tent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standa	rds that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	Х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	x	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Figure Drawing				
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C				
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE	EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, I	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F		
• IIIAP: 1A, 2A					
	• IVIC: 1A, C2A				
	• VHC: 1A, 1B				
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?		
Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations.		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products		
• Drawing the human form.		 How to use value to create depth Proper proportions and scale of the human figure How to use color to show depth How to create a realistic human form Show movement and expression through the human form 	 Draw a realistic human form with correct proportions and scale 		
	FACILITATING AC	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	NG AND LEARNING		
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET		
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Provide examples a realistic figure and	and explanation of a proportions of the	 Produce a realistic as well as expressive figure 	2, 3, 4		

Demonstrate skills and techniques			
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON	NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
• Math	Elements of Design		
н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTI	ION	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
Project Assessments		Summative	2, 3, 4
Written Reflections		Commentions	
Class discussions		Summative	
		Formative	
HO	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEA	RNED?
	Possible Intervent	ions	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples.	 Students will take advan instruction 	ntage of extra	1, 2, 3, 4
 Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advan opportunity to re-do pro 	-	
	reflections		

Possible Extensions/Enrichments				
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)		
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4		

	Content Area: Visual Arts Course: Drawing and Painting I and II	UNIT TITLE: Media Exploration UNIT DURATION: Semester
MATERIALS /	NSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Oil Pa Chalk Charce Cante Linole India i 	: Paints stels Pastels pal um, vinyl nk naking Ink	• Students will be able to define and identify a variety of media to produce a work of art.
ENDURING UN	IDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
• Use a	variety of materials and media to produce works of art.	 How do different media and materials perform in the visual arts? What are different types of media and materials I can use to produce art?

	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?						
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary						
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD				
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	x					
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X					
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	Х					
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	Х					
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	Х					

OBJECTIVE # 1	Media Exploration						
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C						
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	• IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE	• IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F					
	• IIIAP: 1A, 2A	• IIIAP: 1A, 2A					
	• IVIC: 1A, C2A						
	• VHC: 1A, 1B						
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS					
UNDERST	AND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?				
Concepts; essential truths th		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information,	Skills; Products				
topic; ideas that transfé	er across situations.	ACADEMIC VOCABULARY					
Use a variety of mat	terials and media to	Watercolor techniques	Produce a work of art using various media				
produce works of ar	t.	 Acrylic paint techniques 	techniques.				
		 Printmaking techniques 					
		 Mixed Media techniques 					
		Collage technique					
	FACILITATING ACT	TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING				
TEACHER INSTRUCT	IONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET				
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,				
			4=Extended Thinking)				
Provide examples as	nd explanation of art	Produce a work of art using various	2, 3, 4				
from various media		media techniques.					
Demonstrate skills a	and techniques						

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONN		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
ScienceHistory	Elements of Design		•
нс	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	ITS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	NC	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	2, 3, 4
HOW	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Interventio		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	FASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advant instruction Students will take advant opportunity to re-do proj reflections 	age of the	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW W	VILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS H Possible Extensions/Enri		ARNED?

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)	
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4	
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their		
	artwork and their reflections.		

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	ontent Area: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Observational Drawing
Contraction of the second seco	ourse: Drawing and Painting I and II	UNIT DURATION: 3-4 Weeks
MATERIALS / INS	TRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Newsprin Charcoal Drawing Cante Paper 		 Students will be able to draw subject matter (i.e. still life) with an attempt at realism using scales and proportion, while using a wide range of value and/or color to show depth and produce a work of quality.
Master t	iety of materials and media to produce works of art. ne use of drawing or painting media to render form an on of depth while displaying a strong use of line quali	
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UND	RSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?
	Standards, Concepts	, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary
REFERENCE/STA		andards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING STANDARD STANDARD

IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	x	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	X	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	x	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life					
REFERENCES/STANDARDS	• IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C					
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 					
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS				
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?			
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products			
 Drawing a subject matter with accurate proportion Use chiaroscuro to create a realistic depiction of observed subject matter 		 How to use value to create depth Accurate proportions and scale of subject matter How to use color to show depth How to create a realistic still life 				
	FACILITATING ACT	IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEAC	HING AND LEARNING			
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)			
 Provide examples and explanation of art of realistic still lifes and photorealism Demonstrate skills and techniques 		Produce realistic still life	2, 3, 4			
INTERDISCIPLINA	RY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS			
MathHistory		Elements of Design	•			

	HOV	V DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE	NTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
	ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION	J	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
-	ect Assessments		Summative	2, 3, 4
	ten Reflections s discussions		Summative	
• Class	5 015005510115		Formative	
	HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENT	S HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
		Possible Intervent	ions	
TEAC	CHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK		DOK TARGET
				(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
and e	her will provide further in-class practice examples. her will provide more resources, i.e. sites or books	 Students will take advar instruction Students will take advar opportunity to re-do pro 	tage of the	1, 2, 3, 4
		reflections	-	
	HOW WI	LL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE ALREADY LE	ARNED?
		Possible Extensions/En	richments	
INST	RUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET
				(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)

•	more complex methods or concepts. complex met		lemonstrate more ods or concepts in their neir reflections.	3, 4		
	Content Area: Visual Arts Course: Drawing and Painting I and II		UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition UNIT DURATION: Semester			
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: • Newsprint • Charcoal • Drawing Pencils • Cante • Paper • Paint (acrylic, watercolor, etc.)		 BIG IDEA(S): Students will be able organize and arrange the content of an artwork using a variety of the principles of design and compositional concepts. 				
 ENDURING UNDERSTAND Use a variety of m Master the use of give illusion of degive illusillusion of degive illusillusion of degive illusion	 Paint (acrylic, watercolor, etc.) ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS: Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art. Master the use of drawing or painting media to render form and give illusion of depth while displaying a strong use of line quality and mark making. 		work of art?	nal concepts create a s ely use the principles o		·
			ND, AND BE ABLE TO DO	AT THE END OF THIS UN	IIT?	
REFERENCE/STANDARD					MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C				, 0	x	

IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	x	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	x	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	x	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS		
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Create artwork with subject matter that shows an accurate and evocative use of the principles of design Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. 		 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping
		TIVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACHI	
TEACHER INSTRUC	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 		 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS		INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
Math	Elements of Design		•
Н	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	TS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTION		FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	:	Summative Summative Formative	2, 3, 4
HO	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Interventio		NED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING T	ASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books Students will take adva opportunity to re-do pr reflections HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS Possible Extensions/Er 		age of the ects or AVE ALREADY LE	1, 2, 3, 4 ARNED?
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING T	ASK	DOK TARGET

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Advertising	
COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: 3 weeks	

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
Adobe Creative Suite Relief Printmaking Plates Silk Screen ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	 Students will be able to understand how to analyze and create effective advertisements and advertising campaigns for products they develop or those that currently exist. ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use a variety of Software, materials and media to produce works of art. To communicate clear ideas or themes through the use of text. 	 What is a logo and what purpose does it serve? What is a slogan and what purpose does it serve? What is product recognition and how can it be achieved? What is typeface personality and how can typography be used to effectively communicate the appeal and sentiment of a product? What are the principles of design and how can they be used to attract a viewer to the product or concept being advertised? What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in an advertisement? What features or concepts should be considered when designing a product and its advertisement? What is a target audience (market segmentation) and how does it influence the design of an advertisement?

	 What are the formats an advertisement ca How can you make a advertisement intere 		. and lasting?	
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?				
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary			
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD	
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	x		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	x		
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	х		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	х		
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life			
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS			
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?	
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	• •	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products	
 Create an advertisement that shows an accurate and evocative use of the typography and principles of design Use the elements of art (line, color, value, and texture) to make a product being advertised appealing to its target audience Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. Design a logo and slogan that is appropriate for the product being advertised and attracts the target audience 		 Principles of Art Effective use of typeface/font Target Audience (Market Segmentation) Logo and Slogan Color Theory Formats/Platforms for advertising (posters, billboards, mail, magazine, web ads, and TV and radio) 	 Redesign a product and its logo and slogan using effective layout composition and principles of design making it evocative to a given audience. All students design an evocative poster for the same given product using the principles of design and effective compositional layout Create an original advertisement for your favorite product that uses and demonstrate an understanding of compositional concepts overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping 	
TEACHER INSTRUC	TIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET	
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,	

			4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanation of art that incorporates typography into an images and communicates clear ideas through the use of text Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. 	 Creating and evocative artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of the principles of design, compositional concepts, and typography 		1, 2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONN	ECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	Elements of Design		•
H	OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDEN	TS HAVE LEARNI	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTIO	ON	FORMATIVE	DOK TARGET
		OR SUMMATIVE?	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative	1, 2, 3, 4
		Formative	
нои	V WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS	HAVE NOT LEAF	RNED?
	Possible Interventio	ons	
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING T	ASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples.Students will take adv instruction		age of extra	1, 2, 3, 4

• Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books	 Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 					
HOW	HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?					
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments					
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET				
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)				
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4				



CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Illustration
COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: 3 weeks

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):
 Adobe Creative Suite Storyboarding Digital imaging Using Drawing Tablets 	• Students will be able to understand how to create effective Illustrations they develop or those that currently exist.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use a variety of Software, materials and media to produce works of art. To communicate clear ideas, stories, or themes through the use of 	 What is an illustration and what purpose does it serve? What are the principles of design and how can they be used to create an illustration?

 What compositional concepts create a stro illustration? How can an artist communicate a story cleatillustrations? Where do artists get their ideas or concept How does a person fully develop these con 			
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERSTAND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT	?	
	Standards, Concepts, Content, Skills, Products, Vocabulary		
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR	SUPPORTING
	STANDARDS. Content specific standards that will be dudressed in this diffe.	STANDARD	STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	х	
ІРРЗА, ІРРЗС	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	x	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F			
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	х	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	x	

	math, science, and socia	al studies.	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		
OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: S	till Life	
REFERENCES/STANDARDS		1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, I WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
		KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
UNDERSTAND? Concepts; essential truths that give meaning to the topic; ideas that transfer across situations. Create an advertisement that shows an accurate and evocative use of the imagery and principles of design Use the elements of art (line, color, value, and texture) to make a enhance the composition of an Illustration Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. Design an illustration that accompanies a story and is appropriate for the target audience		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY Principles of Art Composition/Layout Concept Development Storytelling through images	 Skills; Products Design an album cover using effective layour composition and principles of design making it interesting to a given audience. Design a book cover for a real or imaginary book that clearly depicts the books theme Create a functional board game complete with box cover, game pieces, and rules Create illustrations to accompany a short story, or graphic novel Create a storyboard for a Movie or TV series then create the concept art to pitch this concept to a "producer"

TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples and explanations of art that incorporates illustrations and communicates clear ideas or stories through the use of these images Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. 	 Creating and evocative artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of the principles of design, compositional concepts, and illustration 	1, 2, 3, 4
INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS
•	Elements of Design	•
н	IOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARN	ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPT	ION FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 ASSESSMENT DESCRIPT Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	OR	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking,
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	OR SUMMATIVE? Summative Summative Formative W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NOT LEAF	(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking) 1, 2, 3, 4

		4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of extra instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections 	1, 2, 3, 4
HOW V	WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY L	EARNED?
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments	
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4

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	CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT TITLE: Principles of Design and Composition UNIT DURATION: Semester	
MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT: Newsprint		 BIG IDEA(S): Students will be able organize and arrange the content of an artwork 	
 Charcoal Drawing P Cante 	encils	using a variety of the principles of design and compositional concepts.	
• Paper	/lic, watercolor, etc.)		

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:
 Use a variety of materials and media to produce works of art. Master the use of drawing or painting media to render form and give illusion of depth while displaying a strong use of line quality and mark making. 	 What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in a work of art? How do I effectively use the principles of design in an artwork to create a strong composition?
WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?

REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific standards that will be addressed in this unit.	MAJOR STANDARD	SUPPORTING STANDARD
i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS			
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D,	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and	Х	
ІРРЗА, ІРРЗС	applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.		
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C,	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying	х	
IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F,	art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance,		
IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B,	unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).		
IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E,			
IIEP2F			
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal	x	
	experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.		
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts,	х	
	math, science, and social studies.		
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an	x	
	historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.		

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life		
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	EP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, II	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F
		WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	
UNDERS	TAND?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?
Concepts; essential truths topic; ideas that transj	• •	Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products
 Create artwork with subject matter that shows an accurate and evocative use of the principles of design Use compositional layout concepts such as overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping. 		 Balance Contrast Emphasis Pattern Proportion/Scale Unity Variety Rhythm/Movement Repetition 	 Create artwork that effectively uses the principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts: overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping NG AND LEARNING
TEACHER INSTRUC		STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET
			(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Provide examples a realistic still lifes ar Demonstrate skills 		 Creating artwork that demonstrates and intentional and effective use of the principles of design and composition 	2, 3, 4

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION	PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CONNECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS								
• Math	Elements of Design	•								
HOW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED?										
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPT	ION FORMA OR SUMMA	(1-Pocall 2-Skill/Concent 2-Stratogic Thinking								
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 	Summativ Summativ Formative	e								
HO	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE NO Possible Interventions	T LEARNED?								
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)								
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advantage of ext instruction Students will take advantage of the opportunity to re-do projects or reflections WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREAD 									
	Possible Extensions/Enrichments									
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET								

		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
Teacher will provide extended instruction on	Students will demonstrate more	3, 4
more complex methods or concepts.	complex methods or concepts in their	
	artwork and their reflections.	

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UI CONTENT AREA: Visual Arts	UNIT TITLE: Typography
UI COURSE: Creative Graphic Design	UNIT DURATION: Semester

MATERIALS / INSTRUCTIO	ONAL RESOURCES FOR THIS UNIT:	BIG IDEA(S):							
Adobe Creative Su Silk Screen ENDURING UNDERSTAND		Students will be able to create and use typeface to organize and arrange the content of an artwork using a variety of the principles of design and compositional concepts.							
of art.	oftware, materials and media to produce works clear ideas or themes through the use of text.	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What is the difference between a serif and sans serif? How can typeface (font family) be used to communicate an idea? What is typeface personality? How can typeface display a personality? What are the principles of design? What compositional concepts create a strong arrangement or layout in a work of art? How do I effectively use the principles of design in an artwork to create a 							
	WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS KNOW, UNDERST	AND, AND BE ABLE TO DO AT THE END OF THIS UNIT?							
	Standards, Concepts, Co	tent, Skills, Products, Vocabulary							
REFERENCE/STANDARD	STANDARDS: Content specific stand	ndards that will be addressed in this unit. MAJOR SUPPORTING							

i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS		STANDARD	STANDARD
IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1D, IPP3A, IPP3C	Product and Performance: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.	х	
IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIEP1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, IIEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F	Elements and Principles: Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements (line, shape, form, color, value, texture and space) and principles (balance, unity, variety, emphasis, rhythm, movement, and pattern).	x	
IIIAP: 1A, 2A	Artistic Perceptions: Viewers respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the meaning of artwork through art criticism.	x	
IVIC: 1A, C2A	Interdisciplinary Connections: Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.	X	
VHC: 1A, 1B	Historical and Cultural Context: Visually literate citizens understand the role of art in an historical and cultural context, and how it reflects the human experience.	x	

OBJECTIVE # 1	Observational Drawing: Still Life									
REFERENCES/STANDARDS i.e. GLE/CLE/MLS/NGSS	 IPP1A, IPP1B, IPP1 IIEP1A, IIEP1B, IIE IIIAP: 1A, 2A IVIC: 1A, C2A VHC: 1A, 1B 	1D, IPP3A, IPP3C P1C, IIEP1D, IIEP1E, IIEP1F, IIEP1G, IIEP2A, IIEP2B, I WHAT SHOULD STUDENTS	IEP2C, IIEP2D, IIEP2E, IIEP2F							
UNDERS	rand?	KNOW?	BE ABLE TO DO?							
Concepts; essential truths t topic; ideas that transf		Facts, Names, Dates, Places, Information, ACADEMIC VOCABULARY	Skills; Products							
 shows an accurate a typography and pri Use the elements o and texture) to createsign Use compositional overlapping, size values 	f art (line, color, value, ate an original typeface layout concepts such as ariety, contrast between ckground (figure/ground	 Principles of Art Effect of typeface/font Leading Lines Tracking Kerning Alignment 	 Create an original typeface using the elements and principles of design Create artwork that uses and demonstrates an understanding of compositional concepts overlapping, size variety, contrast between foreground and background (figure/ground relationships), and cropping 							
		IVITIES – STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEACH	ING AND LEARNING							
TEACHER INSTRUCT	FIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)							
• Provide examples a that incorporates t	nd explanation of art ypography into an	 Creating artwork that demonstrates an intentional and effective use of text 	1, 2, 3, 4							

 images and communicates clear ideas through the use of text Demonstrates skills and techniques Demonstrates how to utilize Adobe programs to create artwork. INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION 	 within a piece of art. Creating artwork that concerning ideas using typefactines, Tracking, Kerning PRIOR KNOWLEDGE CON Elements of Design OW DO WE KNOW WHAT STUDE 	ce, Leading, Alignment. NECTIONS	INQUIRY CONNECTIONS • ED?
ASSESSMENT DESCRIPT	ION	FORMATIVE OR SUMMATIVE?	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Project Assessments Written Reflections Class discussions 		Summative Summative Formative	1, 2, 3, 4
HOV	W WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDEN		RNED?
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY	STUDENT LEARNING	TASK	DOK TARGET (1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)
 Teacher will provide further in-class practice and examples. Teacher will provide more resources, i.e. websites or books 	 Students will take advar instruction Students will take advar opportunity to re-do pro reflections 	ntage of the	1, 2, 3, 4

HOW WILL WE RESPOND IF STUDENTS HAVE ALREADY LEARNED?										
Possible Extensions/Enrichments										
INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITY/METHOD STUDENT LEARNING TASK DOK TARGET										
		(1=Recall, 2=Skill/Concept, 3=Strategic Thinking, 4=Extended Thinking)								
• Teacher will provide extended instruction on more complex methods or concepts.	 Students will demonstrate more complex methods or concepts in their artwork and their reflections. 	3, 4								

Visual Art Grade Level Expectations

The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 requires state assessment systems to test students in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science, but the law does not require statelevel testing in fine arts. Nonetheless, fine arts remain an integral component of the public-school curricula, and we believe these Expectations provide a valuable tool for local educators.

Art GLEs are grade level benchmarks for the Fine Arts Content Standards in the *Show-Me Standards for Missouri Schools*. It is expected that 80% of students will demonstrate proficiency at the GLE level. As school district's build curriculum documents, it is understood that concepts and skills should be introduced at earlier grade levels, assessed at the GLE level, and continue to be reviewed/reinforced at later grade levels. At each grade level, students should be able to demonstrate the GLEs from previous years as well as those specified for the current grade. Emphasis is placed on skill refinement and increasing control of each media. Students are expected to grow in their ability to select art materials which are best suited for creatively communicating their ideas.

K-5

GLEs are based upon teaching at least 30 minutes per week of half-day Kindergarten art and at least 50 minutes per week of art in grades one through five (or six if in an elementary building).

6-8

GLEs are based upon teaching at least 1500 minutes per year of art in each grade. Depending upon the school's schedule, this art could be alternating periods for a year, or a full semester in each of the three grade levels.

Note: If a district offers only one art course for middle school / junior high, the teacher will follow GLEs for 6th grade.

9-12

GLEs are based upon teaching a full unit of art credit for four consecutive years. Since middle school art is not a pre-requisite to enrollment in high school art, the sequence for content and skills is built upon elementary GLEs. The GLEs are written for four sequential years of general art (2-D & 3-D). Schools may choose to offer four levels/four full years of general art, four years (eight semesters) of different media-specific courses (Drawing, Ceramics...), or a combination of the two. If a district offers media-specific courses such as Drawing or Ceramics, then the teachers select and expand GLEs that are appropriate to their specific media.

Applying Visual Art Grade Level Expectations to District Curricula

When e.g. precedes a list, DESE expects that districts/teachers will select from the list or use similar content.

Safe Use and Responsible Care of Art Tools and Materials

Use tools and art materials in a safe and responsible manner. (Show-Me Standards: FA1; National Standards for K-12: 1d)

Essential Understandings for Strands

Strand	Essential Understanding
Product-Performance	Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying media techniques and processes, subject matter, and themes.
Elements and Principles	Artists communicate ideas through artworks by selecting and applying art elements and principles.
Artistic Perceptions	Viewers' respond aesthetically to artworks based upon their personal experience and cultural values. Viewers analyze, interpret, and evaluate the quality of artwork through art criticism.
Interdisciplinary Connections	Visual art is connected to performing arts, communication arts, math, science, and social studies.
Historical and Cultural Context	Visually literate citizens understand the role and functions of art in history and culture. Artists influence and are influenced by the cultures and time periods in which they live.

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
•	Grade												
А.	К												
	Produce a line	Fill an area with	Change	Layer two or	Create light,	Create texture	Use pencil or	Use a variety of	Create even,	Create smooth,	Create a range	Create a range	Select and apply
	using crayon,	solid color/value	pressure to	more colors	medium, and	or surface	marker to draw	media such as	continuous, and	continuous	of 7 smoothly	of 10 smoothly	drawing media

	pencil, or marker	using crayon, pencil, or marker	create two values using crayon or pencil	using crayon, colored pencil, or oil pastel	dark values using pencil	quality using any drawing media	a continuous line that describes an object from	pencil, pastels, color sticks, and/or markers to create	graduated tones using pencil or colored pencil	value through even pressure	graduated values through varied pressure	graduated values through varied pressure	and techniques that demonstrate
							observation	simulated/ implied texture		Create a range of 4 smoothly graduated values through varied pressure Define edge through variations in pressure or angle Use media in various ways to create simulated	Blend values/colors to create new values/colors Combine a change in value/color with texture Create a range of 4 graduated values using hatching,	Create a range of 7 graduated values using hatching, crosshatching, and stippling techniques Use hatching, crosshatching, and stippling to create texture Use an eraser as	 sensitivity and subtlety in use of media engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking informed decision- making
Drawing										and invented textures	crosshatching, and stippling techniques	a tool to create a range of values	
Dra										Use a ruler to create parallel, perpendicular, and converging lines	Use an eraser as a tool to change a value	Demonstrate proficiency using 4 drawing media (e.g., pencil, charcoal, conte, pastel, oil pastel, marker, pen and	
										Demonstrate proficiency using a single drawing media	Use blending tools such as stumps and tortillons to modify values	ink, colored pencils)	
2	7										Demonstrate proficiency using 3 drawing media (e.g., pencil, charcoal, conte, pastel, oil pastel, marker, pen and		

| National
Standards | VA 1 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Show-Me
Standards | FA 1 |

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
	Not assessed at	Apply paint with	Paint lines with	Apply paint in	Apply	Mix a variety of	Using opaque	Use a variety of	Create a variety	Mix	Mix	Select and use	Select and apply
		a dragging, not	control of the	even strokes to	watercolor paint	hues to create	paint, overlap	brush strokes to	of colors, tints,	tempera/acrylic	tempera/acrylic	paint	painting media

	this laws!	analaine an atta	h	avente c	1		la munda industria di sua di		and the star by	and also be seen to		and the later	and to shart and
	this level	pushing motion	brush	create a	to wet areas to	new colors	brush strokes to	create various	and shades by	paints to create	paints to match	expressively	and techniques
				watercolor/thin	blend color		create a smooth	textures	mixing pigments	different hues	observed hues	(hard edge, soft	that
				ned tempera	(wet-on-wet		and even area of					edge, painterly	demonstrate
			Clean naint	wash.	technique)	Apply lowers of	color					brush strokes)	
			Clean paint			Apply layers of					De la contrata de la		 sensitivity and
			brush before			watercolor paint				Mix	Demonstrate the		subtlety in use of media
			changing colors			from lightest to				tempera/acrylic	following		
				Paint lines and	Using tempera	darkest colors				paints to create	watercolor	Demonstrate the	 engagement with
				fill in shapes	paints, add color					a range of 4	techniques:	following	experimentati
				with even color	to white to					values and levels	continuous	watercolor	on and/or risk
			Mix two colors	using tempera	create a tint					of intensity	wash, graduated	techniques:	taking
			to create a third			Using tempera					wash	masking, wet on	 informed
			color			paints, produce						wet, dry brush,	decision-
						a sharp, clear						glaze,	making
					Using tempera	edge between				Apply paint to		transparent	
					paints, add black	areas of colors				create a solid	Apply	layering, scratch,	
					to a color create					area of color	watercolor to	resist, lifting	
					a shade					with no visible	create simulated	resise, meng	
										brushstrokes,	and invented		
										change in value	textures		
Painting										or intensity	textures	Mix watercolors	
Ę										or intensity		to match	
air													
ě.											Select and use	observed hues	
										Blend one	appropriate size		
										color/value	and brush type		
										smoothly into			
										•	(e.g., natural,		
										another	synthetic, flat,		
											round, bright,		
											small-large sizes)		
										Demonstrate			
										Demonstrate			
										proper use and			
										cleaning of			
										brushes and			
										palettes			
										Use brushes of			
										various			
										sizes/types			
National		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
Standards													
												I	

Show-Me	FA 1											
Standards												

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
C.	Grade K												
Digital/Computer	Not assessed at this level	Create different types of lines using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	Create different types of shapes using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	Create a composition of lines and shapes using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	Create or modify an image using general software *General software refers to a program like Microsoft Word, which has paint tools	Create or modify an image using art software *Art software refers to a program such as Adobe Photoshop	Create expressive/ symbolic art using art software *Art software refers to a program such as Adobe Photoshop	Select and apply digital/comput er media that demonstrate • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimenta tion and/or risk taking • informed decision- making *Art software refers to a					
													program such as Adobe Photoshop
National Standards							VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1

Show-Me		FA 1						
Standards								

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D.	Grade												
D.	K												
	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Create a	Demonstrate	Create a fiber	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Select and
	a simple	a monoprint	paper	an additive	weaving using	a subtractive	a printmaking	a type of relief	a printmaking	a relief block	one	one	apply

tec (e.į sta thu har	rintmaking echnique e.g., ramping, numb or and prints, bjects)	process	weaving using plain weave (over one, under one, alternating rows)	process (e.g., string, cardboard, glue, found objects)	a simple loom (e.g., cardboard, straws, paper plate)	printmaking process (e.g., Styrofoam, linoleum, wood, eraser) to produce multiple images	process (e.g., monoprint, collagraph, string print) Manipulate fibers (e.g., threading needles, typing simple knots, sewing, weaving, beading)	block printmaking Demonstrate the process used in one type of fiber arts (e.g., weaving, jewelry- making, knotting, paper-making, batik, quilt, appliqué, book arts)	process using a variety of ink colors Create a simple fiber artwork (e.g., weaving, jewelry- making, knotting, paper-making, batik. quilt, appliqué, book arts)	printmaking process Create an artwork using a fiber arts process (e.g., weaving, paper-making, book arts, quilting, appliqué, basketry, knotting, batik).	printmaking process (e.g., monoprint, collagraph, stamp, reduction relief block, lithograph, etching, serigraph Create an edition Create an artwork combining different fiber arts materials (e.g., paper, yarn, string, wire, metal, reed, raffia, fabric, beads, shells, found material)	printmaking process that require registering (e.g., reduction block, multiple block, serigraphy, etching) Create a titled, numbered, signed edition Create related fiber arts	printmaking media and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experiment ation and/or risk taking • informed decision- making Select and apply fiber media and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experiment ation and/or risk taking • informed decision- media
	A 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1

Show-Me FA 1	FA 1											
Standards												

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
•	Grade												
A.	К												
	Uses	Use glue	Manipulate	Manipulate	Build or	Combine	Create a	Create an	Create a	Create a	Create a	Create a mixed	Select and apply
	scissors	with	paper to	paper to	layer	simple forms	relief	in-the-	three-	sculpture by	sculpture	media sculpture	sculpture media

Sculpture, Ceramics, Other Media	with control Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create a sphere	control Fold paper and identify folded edge Modeling with clay or a similar material: Pinch, pull, and roll material	create low relief (e.g., curling, folding, tearing, and cutting) Modeling with clay or a similar material: Roll coils: flatten material into a slab	create forms (in- the- round) Cut a symmetrical shape from a folded piece of paper Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create applied and impressed textures	materials to create a relief Apply a variety of paper folding technique s Modeling with clay or a similar material; Make organic forms	to create a complex object/form (in-the-round) Use paper joining techniques such as tabs and slits Modeling with clay or a similar material: Build a form using a coil techniques	artwork by joining two or more surfaces (e.g., natural or manufactur ed clays, paper pulp, cardboard, found materials)	round artwork by joining two or more surfaces using a layering material (e.g., papier mache, paper, plastercraft , cardboard, fibers)	dimensional artwork using carving techniques. Possible media choices could include, but are not limited to: clay, wax, soap, plaster, wood, Styrofoam, commercially- produced carving blocks Modeling with clay or a similar material: Create a three- dimensional artwork demonstrating appropriate joining	layering and adhering material or objects (e.g., natural or manufacture d clays, paper, board, plastercraft, papier mache, assemblage) Create ceramics using a hand- building process (e.g., pinch, coil, slab); joining techniques, and a uniform thickness	using carving techniques. Possible media choices could include, but are not limited to: clay, wax, soap, plaster, Styrofoam, commercially -produced carving blocks) Create ceramics combining hand-building processes (e.g., pinch, coil, and/or slab), joining techniques and uniform thickness throughout product Demonstrate consistent glaze application	using a variety of processes and techniques Create a functional ceramic piece on the potter's wheel Demonstrate production of a symmetrical form (e.g., cylinder, bowl, or cup) Demonstrate use of an alternative decorative finish (e.g., sgraffito, slip painting, incising, or Mishima)	and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking • informed decision- making Select and apply ceramics media (e.g., clay body, decorative finish) and techniques that demonstrate: • sensitivity and subtlety in use of media • engagement with experimentati on and/or risk taking • informed decision- making
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Rev. 4/20/0

| National
Standards | VA 1 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Show-Me
Standards | FA 1 |

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
•	Grade												
А.	К												
	Portrait:	Portrait:	Still Life:	Figure:	Portrait:	Portrait:	Create original	Create original	Create original	Create original	Communicate	Combine	Select subject
							artwork using	artwork using	artwork using	artworks using	ideas through	subject matter	matter to

Subject Matter: Fine Art	Create an original picture of self or other person Landscape: Create a picture showing outside Non-Objective: Create a design using lines	Create an original artwork showing family members Still Life: Create a still life with one object (e.g., toy, food, game, sports equipment, backpack, lunchbox)	Create an original still life from observation Landscape: Create an original landscape	Create an original artwork of a figure in an action pose Landscape: Create an original cityscape Non-Objective: Create an original artwork using line, shape and color	Create facial features in correct proportion Exaggerate, distort, or simplify features to create an abstract portrait Still Life: Exaggerate, distort, or simplify observed objects to create an abstract still life Landscape: Create an original seascape	Create a portrait from observation Still Life: Create a still life from observation that shows the illusion of form Landscape: Create an original outdoor scene to show the illusion of space	the following subjects: • realistic portrait • abstract portrait	the following subjects: • human figure • still life from observation	the following subject: • realistic landscape • abstract landscape	the following as subject matter: • portrait • still life • landscape • non- objective • architecture	the creation of a: • portrait • still life • landscape • non- objective • architecture	in original artworks to communicate ideas (e.g., figure and/or architecture in a landscape)	communicate personal ideas through a series of original, related works
National Standards	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
Show-Me Standards	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
	Not assessed	Design wearable art	Design a building that	Create a container (e.g.,	Create an example of	Create an original	Illustrate text	Not assessed at this grade	Create an original	Create a functional	Create an original	Create an original	Create a series of original,

	at this level	(e.g., masks,	serves a	paper box, clay	graphic art	building based		level	functional	artwork based	functional	functional	related,
		jewelry, paper	function in the	pot, fiber	(e.g., poster,	upon elements			object	upon a cultural	artwork that	artwork that	functional
		hats,	community	basket)	illustration,	of				example	expresses a	communicates	artworks that
ť		decorating tee	and includes		advertisement,	architectural					culture	a personal idea	communicates
		shirts,	building parts		greeting card)	styles (e.g.,							a personal idea
		costumes, face	(e.g. <i>,</i> roof,			type of roof,							
tio		painting)	walls, door,			dome, column,							
ŭ			windows,			arch, windows,							
ц			surface			porches,							
			material)			tower, stairs,							
						ramp)							
tional		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1		VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
andards													
ow-Me		FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1		FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1
andards													
	tional ndards ow-Me	tional ndards w-Me	Image: state	Image: Proper stateJewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface 	Image: Proper statejewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber basket)tional ndardsVA 1VA 1vw-MeFA 1FA 1FA 1	Image: PropertiesJewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber besket)(e.g., poster, illustration, advertisement, greeting card)tional ndardsVA 1VA 1VA 1VA 1tw-MeFA 1FA 1FA 1FA 1FA 1	IVE DEFINITION jewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber basket)(e.g., poster, illustration, advertisement, greeting card)upon elements of architectural styles (e.g., type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp)tional ndardsVA 1VA 1VA 1VA 1tw-MeFA 1FA 1FA 1FA 1FA 1	VPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUTUPUT	Image: Proper	PUTUPU jewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber basket)(e.g., poster, illustration, advertisement, greeting card)upon elements of architectural styles (e.g., type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp)objectdional indardsVA1VA1VA1VA1VA1w-MeFA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1	PUTUREjewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, walls, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber basket)(e.g., poster, illustration, advertisement, greeting card)upon elements of architectural styles (e.g., type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp)Left and includes exampleupon a cultural exampleional indardsVA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1w-MeFA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1	PUT	FUNCIONjewelry, paper hats, decorating tee shirts, costumes, face painting)function in the community and includes building parts (e.g., roof, wilds, door, windows, surface material)pot, fiber pot, fiber basket)(e.g., poster, illustration, advertisement, greeting card)upon elements of architectural styles (e.g., type of roof, dome, column, arch, windows, porches, tower, stairs, ramp)objectupon a cultural exampleartwork that expresses a cultureartwork that communicates a personal ideaional ndardsVA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1VA1w-MeFA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1FA1

3. Communicate ideas about subject matter and themes in artworks created for various purposes

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
C.	Grade												
	K Create original artwork that communicates ideas about the following	Create original artwork that communicates ideas about the following	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas about the	Create original artwork that communicates ideas through themes (e.g.,	Create an original artwork that communicates ideas through	Create original artwork that communicates ideas through themes (e.g.,	Develop a theme through a series of original artworks that communicates
Theme	 themes: People (e.g., self, family, friends) Indoors (e.g., classroom, kitchen, bedroom) Outdoors (e.g., seasons, nature) 	 People (e.g., self, family, friends) Animals (e.g., pets, farm, zoo, wild) Things (e.g., toys, tools, food) 	following themes: • Nature • Places (e.g., school, home, stores, neighborhood, countryside)	following themes: • Community • Group identity (e.g., family, classroom, groups, scouts, sports teams)	following themes: • Missouri • The Environment • Time (e.g., past, present, future)	following themes: • United States • Patriotism • World • Time (e.g., past, present, future)	following themes: • Functions of Art in Culture (e.g., celebrate rites of passage, teach history and/or religion, decorate useful objects) • Personal Identity	following themes: • Group Identity • Nature	following themes: • Environment • Time (e.g., past, present, future)	identity, power, time, nature, illusion)	the following themes (e.g., cultural identity, social commentary, ceremony/ritual, myth/legend, reflection/ transparency)	national identity, spirituality, vision, progress, human condition, narrative)	 Personal ideas Addresses complex visual and/or conceptual ideas Shows imaginative, inventive approach, experimentati on, risk taking, sensitivity and/or subtlety
National Standards	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1	VA 1
Show-Me Standards	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1	FA 1

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Α.	Grade												
А.	К												
	Identify and use lines	Identify and use straight, curved, thick,	Identify and use zigzag, dotted, and	Identify and use horizontal, vertical, and	Identify and use outlines	Identify and use contour lines	Identify and use converging lines	Identify and use rhythmic lines	Identify and use varied line quality	Identify and use weighted contour,	Identify and use hatching, crosshatching,	Identify and use gesture lines and	Use line expressively to communicate
Line		and thin lines	wavy lines	diagonal lines			Identify and use contour lines to define a complex			parallel, and perpendicular lines	stippling, and calligraphic lines	implied lines	ideas
lational	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	object VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
how-Me standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Grade K												
Identify and use	Identify and use	Identify and use	Differentiate	Identify and use	Identify and use	Identify and use	Identify and use	Identify and use	Differentiate	Identify and use	Identify and use	Use shapes
shapes	triangle, circle,	geometric	between shapes	organic	symbolic shapes	complex shapes	rhythmic shapes	varied shapes	between and use	complex shapes	implied shapes	expressively to
-	square, rectangle	shapes	and forms	. ,		such as people,			geometric and			communicate
	and oval shapes			shapes		animals, vehicles			organic			ideas
Catagoriza chanas									. ,			
									shapes			
as large and small	Catagorian											
	-											
	-											
	large											
VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2
	Identify and use shapes Categorize shapes as large and small VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use shapesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesCategorize shapes as large and smallCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeVA 2VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesCategorize shapes as large and smallCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeVA 2VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsCategorize shapes as large and smallCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeCategorize shapesVA 2VA 2VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesCategorize shapes as large and smallCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesVA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapesCategorize shapes as large and smallCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapesVA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2VA 2	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use complex shapes and formsCategorize shapes as large and small largeCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify an	Grade KIdentify and use shapesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use geometric shapesDifferentiate between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use rhythmic shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use rhythmic shapesCategorize shapes as small, medium, and largeVA 2VA 2<	Grade KIdentify and use shapesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIden	Grade KImage: State of the state	Grade KIdentify and use shapesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use complex shapes and wal shapesIdentify and use between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use complex shapes animals, vehiclesIdentify and use complex shapes and wal shapesIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapesIdentify and use complex shapes animals, vehiclesIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use organic (fr	Grade KIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use triangle, circle, square, rectangle and oval shapesIdentify and use between shapes and formsIdentify and use organic (freeform) shapesIdentify and use symbolic shapes such as people, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use tota speople, animals, vehiclesIdentify and use tota speople

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

1. Select and use elements of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
~	Grade												
C.	К												
	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Not assessed	Differentiate	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use forms
	at this level	use form	use geometric	demonstrate	demonstrate	use the illusion	at this grade	between and	use a range of	use high and	use form in-	create	expressively
	-		forms: sphere,	sculpture-in-	relief	of form: cube,	level	demonstrate	values to	low relief	the-round	complex form	communicate
			cube, cylinder,	the-round	sculpture	sphere,		high and low	create the			in-the-round	ideas
			and cone			cylinder, and		relief	illusion of				
						cone			form	Identify and	Identify and		
					Identify and					use illusion of	demonstrate	Identify and	
5					use organic					form: sphere,	the illusion of	demonstrate	
Form					form					cube, cone,	complex form	the illusion of	
ш										and cylinder	in a two-	transparent	
											dimensional	and reflective	
											artwork	forms in two-	
												dimensional	
												artwork	
lational tandards		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
how-Me tandards		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D.	Grade K												
	Not assessed at this grade	Identify and use texture	Identify and use actual	Identify and use invented	Not assessed at this grade	Identify and use implied or	Identify and use real/actual	Identify and use implied or	Identify and use invented	Identify and use real,	Identify and create	Contrast textures	Use textures expressively to
a	level		texture	textures	level	simulated textures	texture	simulated texture	texture	invented and simulated textures	simulated textures from observation	within the same artwork	communicate ideas
Texture													
lational		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Standards		VAZ	VAZ	VAZ		VAZ	VAZ	VAZ	VA 2	VAZ	VAZ	VAZ	VAZ
Show-Me Standards		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
E.	Grade												
E .	К												
	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use color
	use color	use primary	use secondary	use warm and	use tints and	use	use	use analogous	use	use color	use color	use arbitrary	expressively to
		colors	colors	cool colors	shades	intermediate	monochromati	colors	complementar	theory	theory	color and	communicate
						and neutral	c colors		y colors	including color	including color	symbolic color	ideas
						colors				value, and	intensity and		
										color schemes	split-		
<u> </u>										(analogous,	complementar		
Color						Identify the				monochromati	y color scheme		
Ŭ						arrangement				c, and			
						of colors on a				complementar			
						color wheel				у)	Identify and		
											use local color		
National Standards	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	i .	1	i .	1	i .	1
		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
_	Grade												
F.	к												
	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use value
	at this grade	use value	use light and	at this grade	demonstrate a	at this grade	demonstrate	at this grade	use a range of	expressively to			
	level		dark values	level	value scale	level	color value	level	values	values to	values to	values to	communicate
							(tints and			create the	create the	create the	ideas
							shades)			illusion of	illusion of	illusion of	
										simple forms	complex forms	form through	
Value										(including		observation of	
۲a										highlights and		transparent	
							Identify and			cast shadows)		and reflective	
							demonstrate a					objects	
							value scale						
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2		VA 2		VA 2		VA 2				
Show-Me Standards		FA 2	FA 2		FA 2		FA 2		FA 2				

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
6	Grade												
G.	К												
Space	Not assessed at this grade level	Identify and demonstrate the use of space	Identify and use foreground and background to create illusion of space	Identify and use middle ground, overlapping, and change of size to create illusion of space	Identify and use placement and change in detail to create illusion of space Identify and use positive and negative space	Identify and use converging lines to create the illusion of space Identify and use a single horizon line	Identify and use positive and negative shapes in two- dimensional work	Identify and use positive and negative forms in three- dimensional work	Identify and use one-point linear perspective to create the illusion of space	Identify and use positive and negative space in two- dimensional work Identify and use perspective techniques to create the illusion of space (one- point linear perspective, overlapping, and change of size, detail, placement, value contrast)	Identify and use positive and negative space in three- dimensional work Identify and use perspective techniques to create the illusion of space (two- point linear perspective, overlapping, and change of size, detail, placement, value, contrast, color)	Design negative and positive space from all viewpoints in three- dimensional work From observation, identify and use appropriate perspective techniques to create the illusion of space	Use space expressively to communicate ideas
National Standards		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2

Show-Me	FA 2											
Standards												

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
А.	Grade K												
	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Differentiate	Use elements	Use balance to	Use balance					
	at this level	demonstrate	at this level	use	use radial	use	use	use radial	use	among and use	to create	support the	expressively
		the concept of		symmetrical	balance	asymmetrical	symmetrical	balance	asymmetrical	symmetrical	compositional	communicatio	
		middle or		(formal)		(informal)	(formal)		(informal)	(formal),	balance	n of an idea	
		center		balance		balance	balance		balance	asymmetrical			
e										(informal), and			
Balance										radial balance			
Ba													
ational		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
tandard													
how-Me		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2
tandard													

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
В.	Grade K												
	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify and	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Use emphasis	Use emphasis
	at this level	at this level	at this level	at this level	create center of interest (focal point)	at this level	at this level	use center of interest (focal point)	at this level	create emphasis (focal point) through	use emphasis (focal point) through isolation and	to support the communicatio n of an idea	expressively
Emphasis										contrast and convergence	location		
National Standards					VA 2			VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards					FA 2			FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

		-	-						-		-		
		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
6	Grade												
C.	К												
	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify and		Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use contrast	Use contrast				
	at this level	at this level	use color	use size	use value	use texture	use shape,		use color and	use variation	vary elements	to support the	expressively
	-		contrast	contrast	contrast	contrast	line, and size		value contrast	within a single	in the same	communicatio	
							contrast			element to	work to create	n of an idea	
										create	contrast (e.g.,		
t										contrast (e.g.,	different		
Contrast										different	values and		
ont										values),	different		
Ŭ										asymmetrical	textures)		
										(informal), and			
										radial balance			
National Standards			VA 2		VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2				
Show-Me Standards			FA 2		FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2				

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
D	Grade												
D.	К												
	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use rhythm to	Use rhythm
	use a pattern	create an	create a	at this level	at this level	at this level	at this level	use regular	use	use elements	use elements	support the	expressively
	by repeating a	alternating	complex					rhythm	progressive	to create	to create	communicatio	
n	single shape,	pattern (abab)	pattern						rhythm	regular	progressive	n of an idea	
Rhythm/Repetition	line, or color									rhythm	rhythm		
National Standards	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2					VA 2	VA 2				
Show-Me Standards	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2					FA 2	FA 2				

2. Select and use principles of art for their effect in communicating ideas through artwork

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
-	Grade												
Ε.	К												
	Not assessed at this level	Explain how elements and principles	Identify and create unity through	Use unity to support the communicatio	Use unity to support the personal								
Unity										create unity in artworks	elements and principles	n of an idea	expression of an idea
National Standards										VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards										FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND II: Elements and Principles (EP)

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Grade												

F.	K												
	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Not assessed	Identify	Identify and	Create facial	Not assessed	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Identify and	Use facial
	at this level	at this level	at this level	at this level	realistic facial	use relative	features in	at this level	use	use realistic	use realistic	use	and/or figure
					proportions	size (realistic	realistic		appropriate	facial	figure	foreshortened	proportions
						scale)	proportion		scale	proportions	proportions	figure	expressively
									relationship			proportions	
Proportion													
National Standards					VA 2	VA 2			VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2	VA 2
Show-Me Standards					FA 2	FA 2			FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2	FA 2

STRAND III: Artistic Perceptions (AP)

1. Investigate the nature of art and discuss responses to artworks

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
•	Grade												
A.	К												
	Not assessed	Discuss a	Explain	Compare	Discuss and	Discuss and	Discuss how	Discuss and	Discuss how	Discuss	Discuss how	Discuss how	Discuss the
		response	different	different	develop	develop	different	develop	people might	personal	perceptions in	people from	evolution of

	at this level	(feeling or	responses you	responses	answers to	answers to	cultures have	answers to	respond	beliefs about	art reflect	different	personal
		idea) to an	have to	students may	questions	questions	different	questions	differently to	the nature of	community	groups might	beliefs about
		artwork based	different	have to the	about art, such	about art, such	concepts of	about art:	specific	art	and/or culture	respond to	the nature of
		upon the	artworks	same artwork	as:	as: Who	beauty		American		beliefs and	artworks that	art
							,	• What is art?					
Aesthetics		student's life experience			 What is art? What is beauty? 	decides what makes an artwork special, valuable or good?	Explain how responses (feelings or ideas) to artworks from various cultures are based on both personal experience and group beliefs	 What is art? Should art look real? Should art be beautiful? Should art look real? Compare and contrast responses of class members to realistic, abstract, and non-objective artworks 	artworks based upon their sub group (e.g., race, gender, attitude toward the environment, business, immigrant group, age, religion, economic status, or level of education)	Define aesthetics as the branch of philosophy that deals with the nature and value of art Discuss and develop answers to questions about art, such as: • What is art? • Why do responses vary? • Who	values Compare how responses to works of art differ based on whether the viewer is a member of the culture in which the art was created	express themes (e.g., national identity, spirituality, vision, progress, and human condition)	Discuss how personal and cultural beliefs influence the interpretation of the meaning, message, or value of a work of art
										decides what makes an artwork special, valuable or good?			
National Standards		VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3	VA 3
Show-Me Standards		FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3	FA 3

STRAND III: Artistic Perceptions (AP)

2. Analyze and evaluate art using art vocabulary

А.	Grad e K	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
	Identify	Identify	Identify the	Identify the	Describe the	Describe the	Identify the	Describe the	Describe artwork	With one artwork:	Compare and	Compare and contrast	Use the following
	the	the	following in	following in	use of the	use of the	type of artwork	artwork and			contrast two	student artwork with	process with a body

		Collocation .		and and an	Collection to	Collocation to	to a set at a		1		and so also	and for all and the standard	
	subject of	following	artworks:	artworks:	following in	following in	(e.g., painting,	subject matter	in detail		artworks:	professional artworks	of work (portfolio)
	artworks	in	Coomotrio	Marm and	artworks:	artworks:	drawing, print,			docaribo artwark		or masterpieces:	
		artworks:	Geometric	Warm and	Outlines	Contourlings	sculpture)			describe artwork;			
		Lines	shapes,	Cool Colors,	Outlines,	Contour lines,		Describe	Analyze the use of		describe artwork		Describe artwork
		Lines,	Geometric	Symmetrical	Organic	Symbolic		elements (line,	elements and		describe artwork	describe artwork	Describe artwork
		Shapes,	forms,	Balance,	shapes,	shapes,	Identify and	form, shape,	principles used in	analyze the use of			
		Shapes,	ionns,	Balance,	shapes,	shapes,	explain	-	artworks	elements and			
		Colors,	Foreground	Invented	Organic	Illusion of	•	color, value,	ditworks	principles in the	analyze the use of		Analyze the use of
		color3,	and	textures,	forms,	form,	symbolism or	texture, space)		work;	elements and	Analyze the use of	elements and
		Patterns	background	textures,	101113,	ionn,	message	and principles		work,	principles in the	elements and	principles in the
		i atterno	background	Horizontal,	Tints and	Implied/	communicated	(balance,	Interpret the		work	principles in the work	work
			,	Tion Londa,	shades,	impliedy	in an artwork	emphasis,	meaning of work		Work	principles in the work	Work
			Real	Diagonal,	shaces,	simulated		contrast, rhythm)	incuming of work	Interpret the			
			textures,	and vertical	Values,	textures,		as they are used	Judge the work	meaning of the			
			textures,	lines,	,		Match the	in artworks	from each	work (subject,	Interpret the	Interpret the meaning	Interpret the
			Contrast/		Positive and	Intermediate	artwork with an		aesthetic theory:	theme,	meaning of the	of the work (subject,	meaning of the
			variety of	Contrast/	negative	and Neutral	aesthetic		,-	symbolism,	work (subject,	theme, symbolism,	work (subject,
			colors	variety of	space,	colors,	theory:	Interpret the	Showing a real or	message	theme, symbolism,	message	theme, symbolism,
			001010	sizes			theory.	subject and	idealized image of	communicated);	message	communicated)	message
					Radial	Asymmetrical	Showing a real	theme,	life	communicated)	communicated)	,	communicated)
					balance,		or idealized	supporting them	(Imitationalism;		,	Judge the work from	,
						Balance,	image of life	with the artist's	(initiationalishi)		Judge the work	various perspectives	
					Center of		(Imitationalism)	use of elements	Expressing	Judge the work	from various		
_					interest/focal	Contrast			feelings	from various	perspectives		Showing a real or
Sm						/variety of	,	and principles	(Emotionalism/	perspectives:			idealized image of
Art Criticism					Point,	textures,	Expressing		Expressionism);			Showing a real or	life (Imitationalism)
Li I							feelings			Showing a real or		idealized image of life	
t					Contrast/	Perspective:	(Emotionalism/	Select an	Emphasis on	idealized image of	Showing a real or	(Imitationalism)	Expressing feelings
Ar					variety of	change in size,	Expressionism);	aesthetic theory	elements and	life	idealized image of		(Emotionalism/
					values,			and explain why it	principles	(Imitationalism);	life (Imitationalism)	Expressing feelings	Expressionism)
						Point of view	Emphasis on	best fits the	(Formalism);			(Emotionalism/	
					Complex		elements and	artwork:	(//	Expressing	Expressing feelings	Expressionism)	Emphasis on
					patterns,		principles		Serving a purpose	feelings	(Emotionalism/		elements and
							(Formalism);	Showing a real or	in the society or	(Emotionalism/	Expressionism)	Emphasis on elements	principles
					Facial			idealized image of	culture	Expressionism);		and principles	(Formalism)
							Serving a	life	(Functionalism)		Emphasis on	(Formalism)	
					proportions		purpose in the	(Imitationalism);		Emphasis on	elements and	Consistent of succession	Serving a purpose
							society or	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		elements and	principles	Serving a purpose in	in the society or
							culture	Expressing		principles	(Formalism)	the society or culture	culture
							(Functionalism)	feelings		(Formalism);	Contine o mundoo	(Functionalism)	(Functionalism)
								(Emotionalism/			Serving a purpose		
								Expressionism);		Serving a purpose	in the society or		
										in the society or	culture		
								Emphasis on		culture	(Functionalism)		
								elements and		(Functionalism)			
								principles					
								(Formalism);					
								Serving a purpose					
								in the society or					

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Rev. 4

| National
Standard | - | VA 3 |
|----------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Show-M
Standard | | FA 3 |

STRAND IV: Interdisciplinary Connections (IC)

1. Explain connections between visual art and performing arts

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
A.	Grade K												
	Use physical	Relate	Compare	Compare the	Explain how a	Compare a	Compare and	Explain how	Compare and	Connect	Connect the	Use theatre	Select and
	movement in	costumes in	patterns in	art and music	play or skit	work of art to	contrast music	art is used in	contrast	meanings of	characteristics	techniques to	present musi
S	dance to	theatre to	music to	of a particular	could be	a work of	and art from	designing sets	examples of	elements in art	of art and	present	that expresse
Arts	interpret line	clothing design	patterns in	culture	inspired by a	music	the same	in film,	American art	with terms in	music created	information in	personal
20	in artwork		artworks		work of art		culture	television, or	and music	music, theatre,	in the same	art (e.g., voice,	artwork
, L					(e.g., painting			live theater		or dance	culture or time	stage	
LO LO					or statue)						period (e.g.,	presence,	
eu											Harlem	props, video,	
2 2											Renaissance	script-writing,	
an											and jazz,	set)	
la											Native-		
/ist											American art		
20											and music,		
ti											Asian art and		
Jec											music, Latino		
Connecting Visual and Performing											art and music)		
ational	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6
andards													
ow-Me	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4
andards													

STRAND IV: Interdisciplinary Connections (IC)

2. Explain the connections between Visual Art and Communication Arts, Math, Science or Social Studies

		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3	HS Level 4
Α.	Grade K												
	Explain how	Explain how	Explain the	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain the	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how	Explain how
	stories can be	patterns in art	connection	the math	George Caleb	American	artworks	relationship	events and	historical	historical	historical	contemporary
ť	told in pictures	are similar to	between	principle of	Bingham and	artists	reflect the	between	ideas in United	events and	events and	events and	events and
-A	and/or words	patterns in	American	symmetry is	Thomas Hart	expressed the	cultures in	illustration and	States history	social ideas are	social ideas are	social ideas are	social ideas are
Non		math.	Indian culture	used in art	Benton	idea of	which they	written text.	are	reflected in	reflected in	reflected in	reflected in
-			and art		reflected life in	patriotism	were created		communicated	artworks from	artworks from	artworks from	student
ıg Art and Subjects					Missouri				through	selected	selected	selected	artworks
Art Ibje									artworks	cultures or	cultures or	cultures or	
ng / Su										historical time	historical time	historical time	
Connectir										periods.	periods.	periods.	
National	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6	VA 6
standards													
Show-Me Standards	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4	FA 4

pare and contrast artworks from different historical time periods and/or cultures

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3
ira e K											
ot sesse at this ade vel	Identify works of art from: • United States • Europe (Cave) • Asia	Identify works of art from: • United States • (Native American) • Egypt	Identify works of art from: • United States • Europe (Realistic) • Africa	Identify works of art from: • United States (Realistic: Missouri, Westward Expansion) • Europe (Abstract)	Identify works of art from: • United States (Painting, Architecture) • Europe (Painting, Architecture)	Identify works of art from: • Ancient Greece/Rome /Egypt Pre- Columbian Americas (e.g., Aztec, Inca, Maya) • Africa • Asia	Identify works of art from: • Europe (Real, Abstract, Non- Objective) • United States (Real, Abstract, Non- Objective)	 Identify works of art from United States (Native American, Painting, Sculpture, Architecture) 	Identify artworks from the following: • Ancient Greece/Rome • Renaissance • Impressionism • Post- Impressionism • Pop Art • Op Art	Identify artworks from the following: • Cubism • American Regionalism • Abstract Expressionism • Native- American • Latino • Asia	Identify artworks from the following: • German Expressionism • Surrealism • Photorealism • Post-Modern
A 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4
5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5	FA 5

STRAND V: Historical and Cultural Contexts (HC)

pare and contrast artworks from different historical time periods and/or cultures

	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	HS Level 1	HS Level 2	HS Level 3
ira											
e K											
ot	Compare	Compare and	Compare and C								
sesse	and	contrast two e									

ade vel	two artworks	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:	artworks on:
	on:	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time
	Subject matter	Media	Media	Media	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place	Place
	Use of line, color, and shape	Use of line, color, shape,	Use of line, color, shape,	Use value and space	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Artist	Artist	Artist
	enape	and texture	and texture	Theme	Media	Theme	Theme	Theme	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter
		Theme Purpose of art in culture	Theme	Purpose of art in culture	Use of elements	Characteristics	Characteristics	Characteristics	Theme	Theme	Theme
			Purpose of art in culture	Place	Theme	Cultural context	Cultural context	Material/ Technology	Characteristics	Characteristics	Characteristics
			Place		Purpose of art in culture			Ideas and beliefs of culture	Material/ Technology	Material/ Technology	Material/ Technology
					Use of materials and technology			Function of art	ldeas and beliefs of culture	Ideas and beliefs of culture	Ideas and beliefs of culture
								culture/society	Function of art in culture/society	Function of art in culture/society	Function of art in culture/society
	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4	VA 4

| FA 5 F |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |